

Họ và tên thí sinh:.....
Số báo danh :.....

Mã đề thi 005

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

- Question 1: A. achieves B. stops C. draws D. plans
Question 2: A. wanted B. needed C. started D. obliged

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.

- Question 3: A. application B. interaction C. internation D. prevention
Question 4: A. couple B. secure C. across D. attack

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.

- Question 5: Hardly had he entered the room than all the lights went out.
A. went B. than C. had he enter D. the light
Question 6: John congratulated us to our excellent results although we didn't know each other very well.
A. to B. each other C. excellent D. although
Question 7: I often look into new words in the dictionary whenever I don't know their meanings.
A. in B. look into C. their D. whenever

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

- Question 8: My student practices _____ English with her friends every day.
A. speaking B. to speak C. spoke D. speak
Question 9: Gold _____ in California in the 19th century.
A. has been discovered B. was discover C. they discovered D. was discovered
Question 10: Do you know the person _____ next to you in the evening class?
A. who sit B. whom sits C. sitting D. whose sitting
Question 11: _____, we tried our best to complete it.
A. Thanks to the difficult homework B. Despite the homework was difficult
C. Difficult as the homework was D. As though the homework was difficult
Question 12: The girls and flowers _____ he painted were vivid.
A. whose B. that C. which D. who
Question 13: It was very difficult to _____ what he was saying about the noise of the traffic.
A. pick up B. make up C. turn out D. make out
Question 14: It's generally believed that – men build the _____ and women make it home
A. Family B. house C. school D. hospital
Question 15: According to the boss, John is the most _____ for the position of secretary
A. Suitable B. reasonable C. comfortable D. supportive
Question 16: Peter tried his best and passed the driving test at the first _____.

- A. try B. attempt C. doing D. aim
 Question17: Whenever problems come up, we discuss them frankly and find solutions quickly.
 A. happen B. encounter C. arrive D. clean
 Question18:—Each of us must take _____ for our own actions.
 A. probability B. ability C. possibility D. responsibility
 Question19: What are the _____ of that country? - I think it is some kinds of cheese and sauces.
 A. drinks B. beverages C. grains D. special dishes

Mark the letter A ,B ,C ,or D on your answer sheet to indicate the most suitable response to complete each of the following exchanges.

- Question20: "Make yourself at home!" - John: " _____"
 A. Thanks! Same to you B. That's very kind. Thank you
 C. Not at all. Don't mention it D. Yes, Can I help you?
 Question21: - "Are you coming for a drink?"
 - " _____ . I must get this finished tonight."
 A. Thanks, but I mustn't C. As a matter of fact, I do
 B. Can I take a rain check D. Well, that's very surprising

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

- Question22: Punctuality is imperative in your new job.
 A. Being efficient B. Being courteous C. Being on time D. Being cheerful
 Question23: It is imperative that they finish the task on time.
 A. unnecessary B. necessary C. suggested D. hoped

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

- Question24: The Red Cross is an international humanitarian agency dedicated to reducing the sufferings of wounded soldiers, civilians and prisoners of war.
 A. happiness B. worry and sadness C. pain and sorrow D. loss
 Question25: She was unhappy that she lost contact with a lot of her old friends when she went abroad to study.
 A. made room for B. put in charge of C. lost control of D. got in touch with

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.

- Question26: Their dog was so fierce that nobody would visit them.
 A. Their dog was too fierce to visit.
 B. They had so fierce a dog that nobody would visit them.
 C. They had a such fierce dog that nobody would visit them.
 D. They had a so fierce dog that nobody would visit them.
 Question27: My mother had the house decorated.
 A. The house was decorated by my mother. B. My mother had someone decorate the house.
 C. My mother had to decorate the house. D. My mother has just decorated the house.
 Question28: Nobody at all came to the meeting.
 A. Not many people came to the meeting. B. Not a single person came to the meeting.
 C. There was almost nobody at the meeting. D. Only a few people came to the meeting.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions.

- Question29: The holiday was so expensive. We could only afford five days.
 A. It was such an expensive holiday that we could only afford five days.
 B. The holiday was dirt cheap, so we could afford more than five days.

C. So expensive was a five-day holiday that we could hardly afford it.

D. A five-day holiday wasn't cheap, so we couldn't afford it.

Question 30: The basketball team knew they lost the match. They soon started to blame each other.

A. As soon as they blamed each other, the basketball team knew they lost the match.

B. No sooner had the basketball team started to blame each other than they knew they lost the match.

C. Not only did the basketball team lose the match but they blamed each other as well.

D. Hardly had the basketball team known they lost the match when they started to blame each other.

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 6 to 10.

Many people today would like the traditional two-parent family back, that is to say, they want a man and a woman to (31) _____ for life; they also think the man should support the family and the woman should stay home with the children. However, few families now (32) _____ into this category. In fact, if more women decide to have children on their own, the single-parent household may become more typical than the traditional family in many countries. Also, unmarried couples may decide to have more children – or they might take in foster children or (33) _____. And because people are staying single and living longer (often as widows), there may be more one-person households. (34) _____ the other hand, some people believe similar events happen again and again in history: if this is true, people may go back to the traditional (35) _____ or nuclear family of the past. Others think the only certainty in history is change: in other words, the structure of the future family could begin to change faster and faster and in more and more ways.

Question 31: A. marry

B. wed

C. engage

D. gather

Question 32: A. belong

B. crowd

C. group

D. fall

Question 33: A. bring up

B. feel

C. adapt

D. adopt

Question 34: A. In

B. At

C. On

D. For

Question 35: A. extended

B. extensive

C. enlarged

D. big

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 36 to 42.

The Nobel prizes, awarded annually for distinguished work in chemistry, physics, physiology or medicine, literature, and international peace, were made available by a fund bequeathed for that purpose by Swedish philanthropist, Alfred Bernard Nobel. The prizes, awarded since 1901, are administered by the Nobel Foundation in Stockholm. In 1969, a prize for economics endowed by the Central Bank of Sweden was added. Candidates for the prizes must be nominated in writing by a qualified authority in the field of competition. Candidates are judged by Swedish and Norwegian academies and institutes on the basis of their contribution to mankind. The awards are usually presented in Stockholm on December 10, with the King of Sweden officiating, an appropriate tribute to Alfred Nobel on the anniversary of his death. Each prize includes a gold medal, a diploma, and a cash award of about one million dollars.

Question 36: Why are the awards presented on December 10?

A. Because that date was established in Nobel's will.

B. Because Alfred Nobel died on that day.

C. Because it is a tribute to the King of Sweden.

D. Because the Central Bank of Sweden administers the trust.

Question 37: Why were the prizes named for Alfred Nobel?

A. He left money in his will to establish a fund for the prizes.

B. He is now living in Sweden.

- C. He serves as chairman of committee to choose the recipients of the prizes.
- D. He won the first Nobel prize for his work in philanthropy.

Question 38. What does this passage mainly discussed?

- A. Alfred Bernard Nobel.
- B. Great contributions to mankind.
- C. Swedish philanthropy.
- D. The Nobel prizes.

Question 39. How often are the Nobel prizes awarded?

- A. Once a year
- B. Twice a year
- C. Five times a year
- D. Once every two year

Question 40. A Nobel prize would NOT be given to _____.

- A. a doctor who discovered a vaccine
- B. a composer who wrote a symphony
- C. an author who wrote a novel
- D. a diplomat who negotiated a peace settlement

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 43 to 50.

The goal of Internet-based encyclopedia Wikipedia (www.wikipedia.org) is to give everyone on the planet access to information. Like other encyclopedias, Wikipedia contains lots of information: more than 2.5 million articles in 200 different languages covering just about every subject. Unlike other encyclopedias, however, Wikipedia is not written by experts, but by ordinary people. **These writers** are not paid and their names are not published. They contribute to Wikipedia simply because they want to share their knowledge.

Encyclopedias began in ancient times as collections of writings about all aspects of human knowledge. **The word** itself comes from ancient Greek, and means "a complete general education". Real popularity for encyclopedias came in the nineteenth century in Europe and the United States, with the publication of encyclopedias written for ordinary readers. With the invention of the CD-ROM, the same amount of information could be put on a few computer discs. Then with the Internet, it became possible to create an online encyclopedia that could be constantly updated, like Microsoft's Encarta. However, even Internet-based encyclopedias like Encarta were written by paid experts. At first, Wikipedia, the **brainchild** of Jimmy Wales, a businessman in Chicago, was not so different from these. In 2001, he had the idea for an Internet-based encyclopedia that would provide information quickly and easily to everyone. Furthermore, that information would be available free, unlike other Internet encyclopedias at that time.

But Wales, like everyone else, believed that people with special knowledge were needed to write the articles, and so he began by hiring experts. He soon changed his **approach**, however, as it took them a long time to finish their work. He decided to open up the encyclopedia in a radical new way, so that everyone would have access not only to the information, but also to the process of putting this information online. To do this, he used what is known as "Wiki" software (from the Hawaiian word for "fast"), which allows users to create or alter content on web page. The system is very simple: When you open the web site, you can simply search for information or you can log on to become a writer or editor of articles. If you find an article that interests you – about your hometown, for example – you can correct it or expand it. This process goes on until no one is interested in making any more changes.

Question 41: Wikipedia is written by _____.

- A. paid written
- B. millionaires
- C. normal people
- D. world experts

Question 42: The phrase "**these writers**" in the first paragraph refers to _____.

- A. ordinary readers
- B. ordinary people
- C. encyclopedia experts
- D. every subject

Question 43: The phrase "**the word**" in the second paragraph refers to _____.

- A. knowledge
- B. encyclopedia
- C. writing
- D. collection

Question 44: Microsoft's Encarta is cited in the passage as an example of _____.

- A. CD-ROM dictionary
- B. printed encyclopedia
- C. online encyclopedia
- D. updateable online encyclopedia

Question 45: The word "**brainchild**" in the second paragraph of the passage can be best replaced by _____.

- A. born
- B. child
- C. product
- D. father

Question 46: The word "**approach**" in the third paragraph of the passage means _____.

A. idea

B. time

C. method

D. writing

Question 47: The user of Wikipedia can do all of the following EXCEPT _____.

A. have access to information

B. determinate the website

C. modify information

D. edit information

Question 48: We can say that Jimmy Wales _____.

A. became very famous after the formation of Wikipedia

B. is the father of Wikipedia

C. made a great profit from Wikipedia

D. decides who can use Wikipedia

Question 49: Wiki software enables _____.

A. exchanging articles

B. a purchase of information

C. limited access

D. editing

Question 50: Wikipedia is a(n) _____.

A. book

B. journal

C. article

D. dictionary

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