

Study Guide #1

TOPIC: DEMOCRACY AS A FORM OF POLITICAL AND SOCIAL ORGANIZATION

CHOOSE THE CORRECT ANSWER.

1. The right that minorities have, to be heard even if they differ from the majority. This helps to create agreements.

- a) majority rule
- b) protection of the rights of minorities
- c) political representation

2. It avoids that all the power is given to one person or group of people.

- a) Sovereignty
- b) Rule of Law
- c) Division of Power

3. People choose a representative that makes most of the decisions considering the well-being of the citizens

- a) majority rule
- b) protection of the rights of minorities
- c) political representation

4. The power of the country to control its own government. This means that there is no greater power than the power of the citizens in the whole country.

- a) Sovereignty
- b) Rule of Law
- c) Division of Power

5. Which are the values of democracy?

- a) sovereignty, rule of law and division of powers
- b) liberty, equality and fraternity
- c) majority rule, protection of the rights of minorities and political representatives

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6. This principle states that most of the votes in a decision will be taken as the definite answer or solution.

- a) majority rule
- b) protection of the rights of minorities
- c) political representation

7. It is the principle that all people and institutions are subject to and accountable to law that is fairly applied and enforced.

- a) Sovereignty
- b) Rule of Law
- c) Division of Power

8. How can people have power in a democratic country?

- a) sovereignty, rule of law and division of powers
- b) liberty, equality and fraternity
- c) majority rule, protection of the rights of minorities and political representatives

TOPIC: DEMOCRACY AS A BASE FOR REFLECTION

CHOOSE THE CORRECT ANSWER.

9. The steps that we must take in a democratic system to make a decision.

- a) decision-making process
- b) decision-making values
- c) objectives of democracy

10. Some examples are: To improve the economic, social and cultural aspects, to contribute to the human coexistence and to collaborate with the firm belief of common good.

- a) decision-making process
- b) decision-making values
- c) objectives of democracy

11. Any person that is 18 years old or older that has an honest lifestyle.

- a) citizenship
- b) citizen
- c) democracy

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12. Some examples are: equality, liberty, responsibility and tolerance.

- a) decision-making process
- b) decision-making values
- c) objectives of democracy

13. The set of rights and responsibilities which citizens have.

- a) citizenship
- b) citizen
- c) democracy

INDICATE WHICH IS THE STEP OF THE DECISION-MAKING PROCESS THAT IS BEING DESCRIBED.

14. control _____

15. evaluate _____

16. choose _____

17. identify possible alternatives _____

18. predict results _____

19. define the problem _____

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DEMOCRACY AS A BASE FOR REFLECTION

INDICATE IF THE STATEMENTS ARE TRUE OR FALSE.

20. The power in Mexico is divided in executive, legislative and judicial. _____

21. Minorities don't have any options whatsoever. _____

22. Political representation is when citizens make most of the decisions. _____

23. Absolutely all people that live in a country are citizens. _____

24. The citizenship is the relationship that the citizen has with the state. _____

25. To decide in the democratic process we need to think or follow some values. _____

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