G4- Term3- Chap	ter 8- Lesson 1	: Changing Motion	Done By Arwa Al Mussabi			
Q1: Put the term in	n correct blank: -	ع المفهوم في مكانه الفارغ المناسد	<u> </u>			
Distance Velo	The state of the s	Gravity Newtons (N)	Speed Acceleration			
1. An object is in if its location is constantly changing.						
2. Is the location	on of an object					
3. How far apar	rt two points or p	laces are				
4. The distance	an object move	s in an amount of time it				
5. Describes th	e object's speed	and direction of motion				
6. Ais a push or a pull.						
7. A force that	occurs when one	object rubs against and	other			
8. A pulling force between two objects its						
9. It's the unit of Force and gravity						
10. Is any	change in the sp	eed or direction of an ol	oject			
Q2: Choose corre	ect answer to ea	ach statement:				
1-The rough sur	faces have:					
A- less friction.		B- a lot of friction				
2- The smooth s	surfaces have:					
A- a lot of friction		B- less friction.				
3-The mean diffe	erent between Spe	eed and Velocity is that Ve	elocity have:			
A-Time	B- Distance	C- Direction	D- Move			
4-The car move	100 km\ h West th	is is the:				
A-Speed	B- Velocity	C-Motion	D- Newton			
5- If you apple r	nore force the Acc	eleration well be:				
A- Mo	ore	B- Less				
6- If you apple s	ame force on obje	ct more weight the accele	rates well be:			
A- More		B- Slowly.				



1. A change in position or location of an object is: a-Acceleration b-Motion c-Direction 2. Acceleration is a change in speed or: a-Time b- Lift c- Direction 3. How far apart two points or places are: a- Distance b- Speed c- Velocity 5- The speed of a car in race track is: a- 120 km\ h b- 120 N c- 120 km. 6- The distance between Abu Dhabi and Dubai is about : a-150 km b-150 m\s c-150 N 7- If you know the distance and time of car moving you can find Speed by: a- Distance ÷ Time b- Distance + Time c- Distance × Time



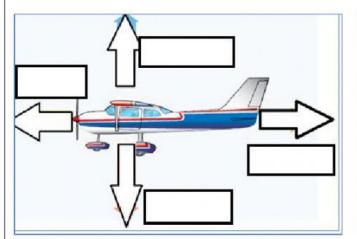
G4- Term3- Chapter 8- Lo	esson 2: Forces a	nd Transportat	<u>ion</u>
Done By Arwa Al Mussal	oi		
Q1: Put the term in cor	rect blank: غ المناسب	المفهوم في مكانه الفار	<u>فغ</u>
	DRAG BUOYA	NCY LIFT	Thrust
1. A force that mov	es an object forwar	rd	
2. A force that work	against motion of	an object- slows	s it down
3. The force that ho	lds objects in air		
4. The upward force	43 50 1537-46 20		
4. The appraira force	, on an object		
Q2: Choose the cor	rect answer to each	n statement:	
1-Force that moves a	n object forward:		
a-Thrust	b-Lift	c-Drag	
2- Force holds an obje	ct in the air keeps it	from falling:	
a-Thrust	b-Lift	c-Gravity	
3 fo	orce that pushing bo	ats and ships up	in water:
a- Buoyancy	b- Drag	c-Lift	
4- An essential force for	or stopping and start	ing:	
a-Thrust	b-Frictio	n c-l	Lift
5- When the boat sink,	the force of gravity	is:	
a-More than but	oyancy b-Less	than buoyancy	c-Equal to buoyancy
6- Rockets fly powerf	ully into space:		
a-Buoyance	b-Thrus	st (:-Lift
7- Force works again	st the motion of an o	bject moving thro	ough a liquid or a gas:
a- Drag	b- Gra	vity	c-Thrust
8- An essential force	for stopping and sta	rting:	
b- Thrust	b- Fri	ction c- l	Lift

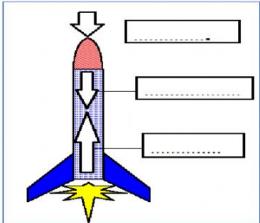
Q3: Choose T or F to each statement:

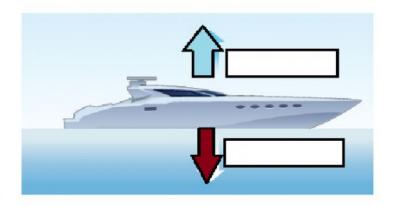
- 1- Two forces against rocket's thrust are Gravity & Lift. (T or F)
- 2-Airplane need 2 kinds of forces to fly they are: thrust and lift (T or F)
- 3- Two forces against Airplane moving are Gravity and Drag (T or F)

Q4: Write all types of Forces that effect on airplane, rocket and boat:

The Forces are (Gravity - Thrust - Drag - Buoyancy - Lift)







G4- Term3- Chapter 9- Lesson 1: Air and Weather Done By Arwa Al Mussabi

ضع المفهوم في مكانه الفارغ المناسب: Q1: Put the term in correct blank

Stratosphere- Wind - Weather - Precipitation - Air pressure - Temperature -Climate - Troposphere - Atmosphere - Humidity.

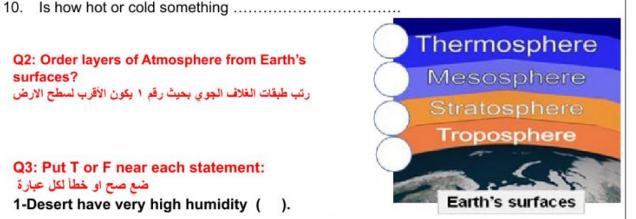
Is the blanket of gases that surrounds Earth				
2. Layer closest to Earth's surface it have Earth's life and elements of				
weather				
3. The layer above the troposphere				
4. Describes short term air condition like wind and temperature				
5. Is a pattern of seasonal weather in an area				
6. Is a measure of how much moisture is in the air				
7. Any form of water that falls from clouds				
8. Is air that moves from place to place				
9. Is the force of air pushing on an area.				

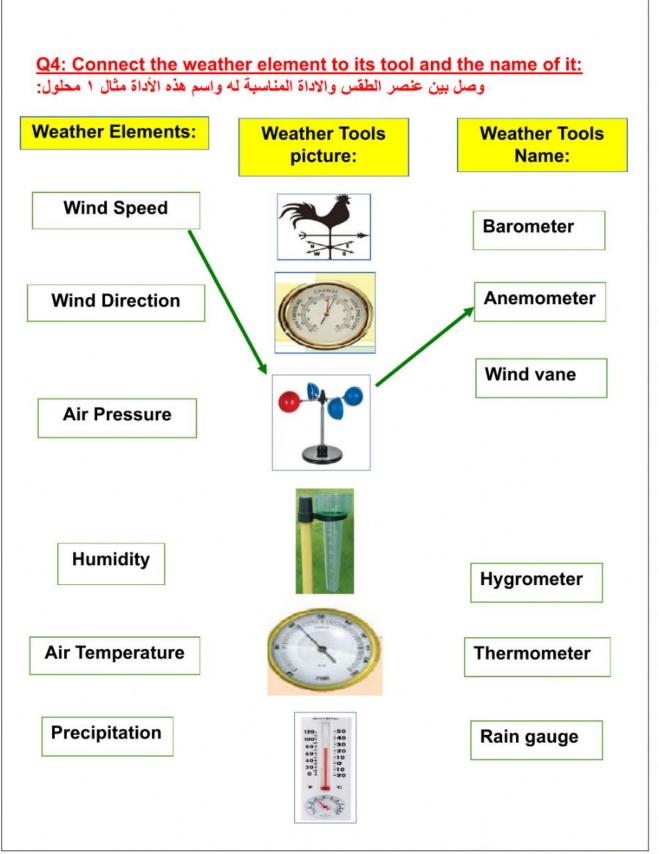
Q2: Order layers of Atmosphere from Earth's surfaces?

رتب طبقات الغلاف الجوى بحيث رقم ١ يكون الأقرب لسطح الارض

Q3: Put T or F near each statement: ضع صح او خطأ لكل عبارة

- 1-Desert have very high humidity ().
- 2-Rain forest have lower humidity ().





BLIVEWORKSHEETS

G4- Term3- Chapter 9- Lesson 2: Water Done By Arwa Al Mussabi

ضع المفهوم في مكانه الفارغ المناسب: Q1: Put the term in correct blank

Soil water - Reservoir - Ice caps - Seawater - Groundwater - Freshwater - Watershed - Runoff -- Wells - Water treatment plant - Irrigation

- 1. Water soaks into soil, Plants used soil water
- 2. Water that fills the cracks and spaces of rocks under the ground
- 3. Are deep holes drilled or dug below the ground
- 4. Water flows downhill into a stream, lake or river
- 5. A storage area for keeping fresh water
- 6. Water flows over the land without evaporating or soaking into the ground......
- 7. Water have a lot deal of salt
- 8. Its way to bring water into soil or crops through pipes or ditches
- 9. Water without much salt
- 10. Are thick layers of ice on land
- 11. Is a place where water become clean and pure

Q2: Test Prep: Choose correct answer for each statement:

1-Most of Earth's freshwater is:

- A- Lakes, rivers and streams
- C- in the atmosphere

B- below the ground

- D- in glaciers and ice caps.
- 2- People can have freshwater from:
- A- Seawater

- B- Wells, reservoir, runoff
- 3- Salt water forms around:
- A- 3/4 of the Earth's surface
- B- 1/2 of the Earth's surface. C- 1/4 of the Earth's surface.

Q3:



G4- Term3- Chapter 9- Lesson 2: Water Done By Arwa Al Mussabi ضع المفهوم في مكانه الفارغ المناسب: Q1: Put the term in correct blank Thunder - Air Masses -- Weather Map - Forecast -- Hurricane --Front -- Tornado 2. The boundary between two air masses that have different temperature الجبهة 3. Is to predict weather conditions تاتنبؤات غرائط الطقسخرائط الطقس and place...... 5. Booming sound made with lighting...... اعصار قمعي اعصار قمعي e6. Vary tall, gray funnel shape 7- Form over warm water in ocean. Q2: Connect between the Front type and its meaning: When warm air mass push into cold Stationary Front air mass. Bring light rain. Warm Front When cold air mass push under warm air mass. Bring stormy weather. Cold Front Boundary between air masses that are not moving. Bring a lot of rain many days. Q3: Connect between the picture of Front and its name: Direction of Front Cold ir mass Warm air mass Cold air mass

Stationary Front

Warm Front



Cold Front

Summary Chapter 9

Lesson 1 Earth and Sun- Q1: Complete with correct answer all questions:

Revolution - Rotation - Shadow - 24 - year - Orbit

- 1-The act of spinning...... Earth takes hours to rotate around it self's.
 - 2- its forms when light is blocked.
 - 3- When one objects travels around another. Earth takes one
 - to make one revolution around Sun.
 - 4-The path a revolving object takes

Q2: connect the statement to its correct answer:

- a- Causes day and night and its tack 24 hours.
- b- Causes 4 seasons and its takes one year.
- c- In summer, the Sun rises much.
- d- Shortest shadow happened at.
- e- In winter, the Sun rises much.

Higher

Lower

Revolution

Rotation

Near Noon

Q3:Complete the table from picture أكمل الجدول من الصورة

	Rotation دوران محوري	Revolution دوران حول الشمس
Meaning التعريف		
المدة Duration		
الزمن Time		
Causes يُسبب		

