



Bigfoot Bigfoot



Pre-Reading Questions

Think about the following questions.

1. Do you know any stories about mysterious creatures?
Where were they seen?
2. Do you think that strange creatures like the Loch Ness monster exist? Why or why not?
3. What have you heard about "Bigfoot"?

Vocabulary Preview

Match each word or phrase with the correct definition.

1. aggressive	a. a dead body or bones
2. remains	b. a smell; a scent
3. creature	c. to travel; to move from one country or area to another
4. description	d. a statement that tells what something looks like
5. migrate	e. an animal or monster
6. odor	f. quick to attack; not afraid

Bigfoot

Track 3

Native American and Canadian Indian tribes have **passed down** stories going back thousands of years about giant ape-men living in the forests of the western United States and Canada. They called these creatures Sasquatch, Yerin, or Mountain Devils. **Regardless of** the name, the descriptions of these animals are usually the same. The Bigfoot is usually described as being very tall, well over two meters. It is covered in thick, dark hair and usually gives off a bad odor. The Bigfoot's body is usually very muscular and ape-like, yet it walks upright and has a face more similar to that of humans than of apes. For the most part, these creatures appear not to be violent or aggressive. Bigfoot sightings are usually of lone, or single, creatures, but there have been reports of people seeing groups, or families, of Bigfoot.

People in other countries also tell stories of similar ape-men. In the Himalayas, a mountain range in Nepal, people call these creatures Yeti, or **Abominable** Snowmen. The Africans call them Ngoloko, and the Chinese tell stories of the Gin-Sung, or bearman.

Though **sightings** have been reported for centuries, is there any scientific evidence for the existence of these creatures? Some say yes, and others say no. Dr. Grover Krantz, a physical **anthropologist** at the University of Oregon, believes that Bigfoot may be a type of creature known as a Gigantopithecus. A Gigantopithecus is an animal that lived in Asia over 300,000 years ago and looked like a **mix** between an ape and a very large man. Dr. Krantz believes that these animals, which lived long before humans, may have migrated from Asia and decided to settle in the heavily **wooded** area of the Pacific Northwest,



² pass down --- to tell from one generation to the next

⁶ regardless of --- in spite of; not considering

¹⁷ abominable --- terrible

¹⁹ sightings --- fact of seeing; something seen

²¹ anthropologist --- a person who studies the development of humans

²⁴ mix --- a combination

²⁶ wooded --- having many trees

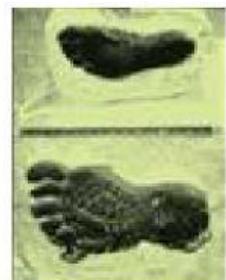
45 trickster --- a person who cheats others
49 deeper --- farther inside
50 elusive --- not easy to find; good at hiding

where food was plentiful.

Is it possible that creatures like these could have survived for so many years unknown to humans? ³⁰ Cryptozoologists compare the case of Bigfoot to that of the coelacanth. The coelacanth is a type of fish that was believed to have gone extinct over 70,000,000 years ago, but this fish has been discovered to be still living off the coast of South Africa. Cryptozoologists believe that the animals that we now call Bigfoot have been able to survive by living in an area that people, until recently, have seldom gone.

³⁵ There are, however, some questions that science has been unable to answer. For example, why have no dead Bigfoot bodies ever been discovered? And where is the physical proof of their existence? Bigfoot researchers point out that it is unusual to find the dead remains of any animal in the forest. ⁴⁰ Most of the time, they say, other animals eat the remains soon after death; this may be the case for Bigfoot, too. Many skeptics, people who do not believe in Bigfoot, say that the video and photographs of Bigfoot are really pictures of people wearing an ape costume. They also believe that the Bigfoot footprints are really the footprints of a bear, or ⁴⁵ footprints made by **tricksters** trying to fool scientists.

It is possible that we may never know the truth about these animals. If they have avoided being seen for the last several thousand years, then maybe they will stay hidden for another several thousand. Or it may be that as we humans go **deeper** and deeper into the forests of Northwest America and Canada, we may finally come face to face with the **elusive** Bigfoot.



572 words

Reading Comprehension

A Mark each statement as either true (T) or false (F) according to the reading.

1. Stories of Bigfoot are only very recent.
2. Bigfoot could be related to an animal that lived thousands of years ago.
3. Many people think that Bigfoot evidence is not real.
4. The coelacanth is an extinct Bigfoot.

B Choose the best answer.

1. Why do cryptozoologists think that the coelacanth is good evidence for the existence of Bigfoot?
 - a. The coelacanth is an old kind of fish that can live out of water.
 - b. The coelacanth also looks strange.
 - c. The coelacanth is originally from Asia.
 - d. The coelacanth shows that living ancient animals exist without being easily found.
2. Why don't skeptics think Bigfoot exists?
 - a. Only pictures of Bigfoot have been taken.
 - b. They believe that the footprints were made by bears or tricksters.
 - c. Skeptics made a Bigfoot costume.
 - d. They are very big.
3. According to the reading, what do cryptozoologists probably study?
 - a. Fish
 - b. All animals
 - c. Unknown or mysterious creatures
 - d. Humans

C For the next two questions, look for the answers in the passage and write them on the lines provided.

1. What is Dr. Krantz's theory about Bigfoot?

2. If Bigfoot does exist, why is the Northwest a good habitat for it to live in?

Summary

Fill in the blanks with the phrases from the list. Use each phrase only once.

believers say
a bad odor

found or sighted
came from Asia

are not aggressive
usually eat them

Descriptions of Bigfoot indicate they are larger than men, have lots of hair, and usually have 1. _____ One theory says that Bigfoot 2. _____ originally, but it migrated to North America to find food. Some people wonder why more people have not 3. _____ a Bigfoot. Bigfoot researchers say it is because these creatures 4. _____ and hide when humans come near them. Skeptics also point out that no one has ever found a dead body of a Bigfoot; however, 5. _____ that fact is not so strange. It is actually rare to find the remains of any dead animal because other animals 6. _____.

Vocabulary Extension

Here are six words that are related to the topic but are not in the reading. Fill in each blank with the best word from the list. Use each word only once.

lair

monsters

legends

hoax

uncanny

supernatural

1. Where does the fox live? Its _____ is over there.
2. Is the Loch Ness monster real? I think it is just a(n) _____.
3. Long ago, people thought that rain was _____. They didn't realize that it was a natural process.
4. "Do you think _____ exist?" "Well, I've never seen one."
5. Bob had a(n) _____ experience. He still feels strange about it.
6. There are many _____ about ghosts.