

**Use the words in brackets to build new forms with suffixes and prefixes.**

Leadership captures the essentials of being able and prepared to inspire others. Effective leadership is based upon ideas—both original and borrowed—that are \_\_\_\_\_ (EFFECT) communicated to others in a way that engages them enough to act as the leader wants them to act.

A leader inspires others to act while simultaneously directing the way that they act. They must be personable enough for others to follow their orders, and they must have the critical \_\_\_\_\_ (THINK) skills to know the best way to use the resources at an organization's disposal.

In business, leadership is linked to \_\_\_\_\_ (PERFORM) , and any leadership definition has to take that into account. Therefore, while leadership isn't intrinsically linked to profit, those who are viewed as effective leaders in corporate contexts are the ones who increase their company's bottom line.

However, the leader's \_\_\_\_\_ (DEVOTE) to innovation can sometimes come at a cost. Chaos and high-pressure work environments can create interpersonal issues. When such issues arise, a manager is more likely to see it as their duty to smooth over problems between \_\_\_\_\_ (EMPLOY). Leaders can sometimes be so singularly focused on achieving lofty goals that they let interpersonal issues and employee welfare fall to the wayside.