L. e. s. s. o. n. 03.	Beautiful Differences	Grammar
과거시제/부가의문문	1학년 반 번 이름	

1. Be동사의 과거형: ...있었다, ...이었다'

① **am, is**: was

I _____ at home yesterday.

② **are**: were

The children _____ hungry.

2. 일반동사의 과거형

◆ 일반동사의 과거형			
규칙형	동사원형 + -ed	help–helped	play–played
	-e로 끝나는 동사 + -d	like–liked	move–moved
	'자음+y'로 끝나면 y를 i로 바꾸고 -ed	try–tried	study–studied
	'단모음+단자음'으로 끝나면 단자음 반복 후 -ed	drop–dropped	plan–planned
불규칙형	come–came go-went see–saw say–said make–made have–had		

◆ 부정문: 주어 + did not[didn't] + 동사원형 ....

I *did not have* breakfast yesterday.

He *didn't* come here.

◆ 의문문: Did + 주어 + 동사원형 ... ?

- Yes, 주어 + did. / No, 주어 + didn't.

Did you see him there? – Yes, I *did*/ No, I *didn't*.

3. 과거 시제의 부정문

(1) Be동사의 부정문

[I, She, He, It] was not / wasn't

I _____ _____ hungry.

[You, We, They] were not / weren't

Sumi and Mike _____ _____ tired.

(2) 일반동사의 부정문

did not / didn't + 동사원형

I _____ _____ have breakfast yesterday.

4. 과거 시제의 의문문

(1) yes-no 의문문 (be동사)

Was / Were + 주어 ~ ?

_____ your mom angry at you?

_____ you at home yesterday?

(2) yes-no 의문문 (일반동사)

Did+ 주어 + 동사원형~ ?

Q. _____ you see him there?

A. Yes, I _____ / No, I _____

(3) Wh- 의문문

Wh 의문사+ **was [were]**+ 주어~ ?

Why _____ everyone so happy?

Wh 의문사 + **did**+ 주어+ 동사원형~ ?

Whom _____ you meet at the park?

5. 다음 문장을 과거시제로 바꾸어 써 봅시다.

1) **Nick studies Chinese every Friday.**

→ _____ last Friday.

2) **Nick helps his Mom every Sunday.**

→ _____ last Sunday.

3) **My mom bakes cookies on Wednesdays.**

→ _____ last Wednesday.

4) **My sister hugs her cat every morning.**

→ _____ yesterday morning.

2. 부가의문문: 문장 끝에 덧붙인 의문문

쓰임: 상대방에게 사실을 확인할 때 사용(뜻: '그렇지?'/ ' 그렇지 않니?')

e.g. Nick is smart, isn't he?

◆ **부가의문문의 쓰임**: 평서문의 끝에 덧붙인 의문문으로 상대방에게 사실을 확인할 때 사용한다.

◆ 앞 문장에 be동사나 조동사가 있으면 be동사나 조동사를, 일반동사가 있으면 'do/does/did'를 쓴다.

She *is* kind, _____ she?

You *can* swim, _____ you?

She *knows* the answer, _____ she?

She *liked* it, _____ she?

◆ 문장의 주어를 대명사로 바꿔 쓴다.

Bella is kind to others, isn't _____?

Tom walks to school, doesn't ____?

Your parents love you, don't _____ ?

◆ 긍정문의 부가의문문은 부정으로 쓴다.

Steve *is* smart, _____ he?

You *play* soccer every day, _____ you?

◆ 부정문의 부가의문문은 긍정으로 쓴다.

It *is not* yours, _____ it?

He *doesn't* like apples, _____ he?

◆ 명령문의 부가의문문은 'will you?'로 쓴다.

Go to the store for me, *will you*?

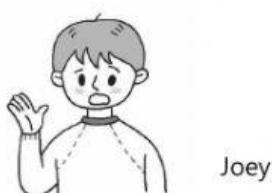*Open* the door, _____ _____?

Don't do that, _____ _____ ?

A 다음 문장에 맞는 부가의문문을 써 봅시다.

1. Jenny is very beautiful, _____ _____?

2. He was angry, _____ _____?

3. She went to Canada, _____ _____?

4. You don't eat fish, _____ _____?

5. She isn't very old, _____ _____?

B 주어진 단어를 알맞게 고쳐 써서 Joey와 Lucy에게 있었던 일을 완성한 다음, 물음에 답해 봅시다.

I _____(wake) up very late yesterday. So I _____(not, have) breakfast. And I _____ (run) to the bus stop. But something _____(be) wrong. You know what? It _____ (be) Saturday! There _____(be) no school!

Last Saturday, I _____(go) to the mall with my mom. We _____ (watch) a sad movie together. My mom _____(cry) a lot. She _____ (love) the movie so much.

Joey

Lucy

1. Did Joey wake up early yesterday? - _____

2. Did Joey walk to the bus stop yesterday? - _____

3. Where did Lucy go last Saturday? - _____

4. What did Lucy do at the mall? - _____

5. Who cried a lot during the movie? - _____

6. Did Lucy's mom love the movie? - _____