

**Reading: Read the text and choose the correct answer.**

- A. Nowadays, in England, tea is quite the most popular, and also the cheapest, of all drinks. People drink their tea in different ways. Some like it with sugar, some without. Some drink it with milk, some with lemon; yet, one way or another just about everyone drinks tea. This, however, has not always been the case. During the last century, when tea was very expensive, it was kept locked up, and the lady of the house had the key. Tea drinking then was quite a ceremony, reserved for the evenings. At breakfast everyone drank beer!

1. Compared with the past, in England today \_\_\_\_\_.

- A) more and more people prefer tea to beer.  
B) tea is regarded as a luxury.  
C) tea is very cheap and commonly available.  
D) sugar is becoming less and less popular.

2. It is obvious from the passage that \_\_\_\_\_.

- A) English people have always regarded tea as better than beer.  
B) over the years the popularity of tea in England has increased tremendously.  
C) drinking tea with lemon is only a recent habit in England.  
D) like tea, beer also is an extremely popular drink.

3. In the passage it is explained that \_\_\_\_\_.

- A) in England today people have different habits of tea drinking.  
B) in the past in England only the wealthy were able to drink beer.  
C) at breakfast English people also like to drink beer.  
D) English people mostly prefer to have their tea in the evening.

- B. One of the most magnificent touristic sights in the Black Sea region of Turkey is the Sumela Monastery. The white walls of the monastery stand out sharply from the one thousand-foot cliff which was carved out of. It is a seven-storey complex which was carved into the walls of the cliff. Monks had lived in the caves of this cliff for hundreds of years before it reached its final form. It was abandoned in 1923 and left to waste for decades.

4. The Sumela Monastery is unique because \_\_\_\_\_.

- A) it is 7 storey. B) it was not built on the cliff but in it.  
C) it is located in the Black Sea. D) it is one thousand feet tall.

5. It has collapsed(ჩამონგრევია) because \_\_\_\_\_.

- A) no one has lived there for many years.  
B) the monk's don't live there.  
C) the caves are not as good as they were.  
D) it is situated in an unusual place.

6. The monks \_\_\_\_\_.

- A) used to hide in its 7 floors.  
B) lived in its caves.  
C) used it as a place of worship.  
D) did not want to climb the cliffs.

### Use of English: FOOTBALL

I play football for my local \_\_1\_\_ against other sides in the area. Of course the \_\_2\_\_ aren't paid, we're just \_\_3\_\_. But anyway we \_\_4\_\_ very hard in the evenings and we're lucky because we can use the \_\_5\_\_ of a local school. On the day of the \_\_6\_\_ we arrive early, change, and put on \_\_7\_\_ suits to keep warm. Then the \_\_8\_\_, dressed in black, calls the two \_\_9\_\_ to the center to \_\_10\_\_ a coin to decide who will play in which direction. Not many people come to watch the game. We usually have a(an) \_\_11\_\_ of only one or two hundred. But we enjoy it, whether we win, lose or \_\_12\_\_.

1. A) group B) team C) side D) squad
2. A) referees B) friends C) players D) spectators
3. A) specialists B) professionals C) referees D) amateurs
4. A) train B) try C) coach D) test
5. A) theater B) gymnasium C) pool D) court
6. A) contest B) team C) play D) match
7. A) track B) match C) play D) game
8. A) trainer B) player C) referee D) coach
9. A) trainers B) captains C) referees D) coaches
10. A) fling B) give C) toss D) throw
11. A) audience B) spectator C) group D) crowd
12. A) draw B) tie C) defeat D) beat

### Vocabulary: Jobs

- Someone who plays piano is a/an \_\_\_\_\_.
- A) pianist B) architect C) singer D) painter
2. Someone whose job is to make bread, cakes is a/an \_\_\_\_\_.
- A) baker B) butcher C) barber D) dentist
3. Someone whose job is to cut men's hair is a/an \_\_\_\_\_.
- A) singer B) doctor C) pharmacist D) barber
4. Someone whose job is to treat people's teeth is a/an \_\_\_\_\_.
- A) grocer B) doctor C) dentist D) singer
5. Someone whose job is to stop fires is a/an \_\_\_\_\_.
- A) repairman B) electrician C) fireman D) architect
6. Someone whose job is to deliver letters and packages to people's houses is a/an \_\_\_\_\_.
- A) butcher B) pharmacist C) house painter D) postman
7. Someone whose job is to fix things is a/an \_\_\_\_\_.
- A) repairman B) fireman C) house painter D) pianist
8. Someone whose job is to prepare drugs and medicines is a/an \_\_\_\_\_.
- A) pharmacist B) doctor C) dentist D) scientist
9. Someone whose job is to design buildings is \_\_\_\_\_.
- A) teacher B) architect C) singer D) mailman
10. Historical paintings of famous \_\_\_\_\_ will be sold for million dollars.
- A) artists B) singers C) architects D) people

### Feelings and personality adjectives

1. Children can't get to sleep on Christmas Eve. They're too \_\_\_\_\_.
- A) bored B) excited C) frightened D) worrying
2. The art exhibition was very \_\_\_\_\_. I loved it.
- A) surprised B) boring C) interesting D) excited
3. My feet are killing me! I find going round art galleries and museums very \_\_\_\_\_.
- A) tiring B) worrying C) boring D) frightening
4. Some people don't go out at night because they're \_\_\_\_\_ that someone will rob them.
- A) worried B) annoying C) surprised D) frightened
5. He is a \_\_\_\_\_ man. I do not want to speak to him.
- A) clever B) gently C) stupid D) handsome
6. She loves meeting people and going to parties. She is a very \_\_\_\_\_ person.
- A) shy B) ignorant C) learned D) sociable
7. He likes new things and new places, even if they are difficult or dangerous. She is \_\_\_\_\_.
- A) adventurous B) selfish C) clever D) mean

## Grammar: Modals

- Your hair's too long. I think you \_\_\_\_ get it cut.  
A) have to B) should C) \* D) will
- I'm going to bed. I \_\_\_\_ be up early tomorrow.  
A) should B) shouldn't C) don't have to D) must
- I'd like to meet your boyfriend. You \_\_\_\_ invite him round.  
A) must B) have to C) would D) don't have to
- You \_\_\_\_ come with me if you don't want to. I'll go on my own.  
A) don't have to B) must C) should D) shouldn't
- My grandfather \_\_\_\_ speak four languages when he was alive.  
A) can B) could C) was able D) couldn't

## Tenses: Present simple, past simple, present continuous, past continuous, present perfect

- I'm taking my sister out as she \_\_\_\_ any sun for a long time.  
A) hasn't had B) haven't had C) hadn't been D) will have
- He \_\_\_\_ ill for three months already.  
A) was B) has been C) is D) have been
- What \_\_\_\_ the president \_\_\_\_? -He \_\_\_\_ a contract.  
A) does/do/has signed B) is/doing/is signing C) will/do/was signing D) is/ going to do/would sign
- The milk is hot I \_\_\_\_ on it to make it cold.  
A) am blowing B) blow C) is blowing D) blew
- Look! There \_\_\_\_ a man sitting at the first table near the door. He \_\_\_\_ at us.  
A) is/was looking B) had been/looked C) were/had looked D) is/is looking
- These engineers always \_\_\_\_ in the office and \_\_\_\_  
A) stayed/learn B) stay/learn C) stays/learns D) have stayed/learned E) stay/learned
- She \_\_\_\_ you a letter three weeks ago.  
A) had sent B) has sent C) sent D) send E) was sending
- They \_\_\_\_ breakfast when I \_\_\_\_ home at eight.  
A) have/left B) had/left C) had/leave D) were having/left
- Long ago people \_\_\_\_ little about those minerals.  
A) had known B) have known C) will know D) knew
- The dentist \_\_\_\_ two of his teeth. One of them \_\_\_\_ quite good.  
A) pulls out/are B) pull out/was C) pulled out/were D) pulled out/was

## Degrees of comparison of adjectives

- It was \_\_\_\_ music I have ever heard.  
A) more beautiful B) less beautiful C) the most beautiful D) beautiful
- It's \_\_\_\_ powder I have ever used.  
A) good B) - C) the best D) best
- John is \_\_\_\_ of all to act.  
A) quickest B) quick C) quicker D) the quickest
- He is \_\_\_\_ strong \_\_\_\_ his brother.  
A) as / like B) similar / as C) as / as D) strong / than
- English grammar is \_\_\_\_ than Russian one.  
A) easy B) easier C) the easiest D) as easy as
- The longer the way the \_\_\_\_ tired we are.  
A) most B) more C) the most D) much
- Two heads are \_\_\_\_ than one.  
A) good B) better C) worse D) worst
- Mark Twain, one of \_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_ American writers, lived in a small town in his childhood.  
A) greater / most popular B) great / more popular C) the greatest / most popular D) more great / the most popular
- To spend summer at the seaside is \_\_\_\_ pleasant than in the town.  
A) - B) less C) the most D) more E) the least

10. It is \_\_\_ and \_\_\_ to live here than there.

A) more warm / more pleasant B) warmer / pleasanter C) warmest / pleasantest D) warmer / more pleasant

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Total \_\_\_\_\_ /60