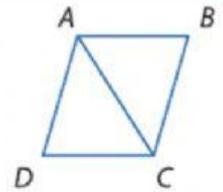


# Check Your Understanding

Name: .....

Class: .....

**Example 1** ALGEBRA Quadrilateral  $ABCD$  is a rhombus. Find each value or measure.



- If  $m\angle BCD = 64$ , find  $m\angle BAC$ .
- If  $AB = 2x + 3$  and  $BC = x + 7$ , find  $CD$ .

1. Since  $ABCD$  is a rhombus,   $AC$  bisects  $\angle BCD$  and  $\angle BAD$ . Therefore,

$$m\angle DCA = \text{input} \cdot m\angle BCD$$

$$m\angle DCA = \text{input} (64^\circ) = \text{input}^\circ$$

Since a rhombus is a parallelogram, both pairs of  sides are parallel. Alternate interior angles of parallel lines are , so,

$$\angle BAC \cong \angle DCA$$

$$\angle BAC = \angle \text{input}$$

$$\angle BAC = \text{input}^\circ$$

2. Since  $ABCD$  is a rhombus, all four sides

$$\text{input}.$$

$$AB \cong BC$$

$$AB = \text{input}$$

$$2x + 3 = x + \text{input}$$

$$x + 3 = 7$$

$$x = \text{input}$$

$$AB = 2x + \text{input}$$

$$= 2(4) + \text{input}$$

$$= 8 + \text{input}$$

$$= \text{input}$$

$$CD \cong AB$$

$$CD = \text{input}$$

$$CD = \text{input}$$

