

**C. Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the sentence which is closest in meaning to the given one**

1. We couldn't go out because the weather was so bad.
  - A. It was so bad a weather that we couldn't go out.
  - B. It was such a bad weather that we couldn't go out.
  - C. It was so bad weather that we couldn't go out.
  - D. It was such bad weather that we couldn't go out.
2. She was so busy that she couldn't answer the phone.
  - A. She was very busy that she couldn't answer the phone.
  - B. She was too busy to answer the phone.
  - C. She was too busy not to answer the phone.
  - D. She was very busy so that she couldn't answer the phone
3. The coffee was too hot for me to drink.
  - A. The coffee is so hot that I can't drink it
  - B. The coffee is so hot that I can't drink.
  - C. The coffee was so hot that I couldn't drink it.
  - D. The coffee was so hot that I could drink it.
4. If I were taller, I could reach the top shelf.
  - A. I am not tall enough to reach the top shelf.
  - B. I am too tall to reach the top shelf.
  - C. I cannot reach the top shelf because I am very tall.
  - D. In spite of being tall, I cannot reach the top shelf.
5. It was such a boring speech that we began to yawn.
  - A. The speech was very boring that we began to yawn.
  - B. It was so a boring speech that we began to yawn.
  - C. The speech was too boring that we began to yawn.
  - D. The speech was so boring that we began to yawn.
6. It was so late that nothing could be done.
  - A. It was too late for nothing to be done.
  - B. It was too late for anything to be done.
  - C. It was such late that nothing could be done.
  - D. It was so late that nothing to be done.
7. This is the first time I have lived in such a friendly neighborhood.
  - A. I have lived in such a friendly neighborhood before.
  - B. I haven't lived in such a friendly neighborhood before.
  - C. I had lived in such a friendly neighborhood before.
  - D. I hadn't lived in such a friendly neighborhood before.
8. The test was so difficult that we couldn't finish it in two hours.
  - A. It was such a difficult test that we couldn't finish it in two hours.
  - B. The test was too difficult for us to finish it in two hours.
  - C. The test was not difficult enough for us to finish in two hours.
  - D. The test was too difficult for us to finish it in two hour.
9. The book was so good that I couldn't put it down.
  - A. It was so a good book that I couldn't put it down.
  - B. It was such a good book that I couldn't put it down.
  - C. The book was so good for me to put it down.
  - D. The book was so good that I couldn't put down.
10. Sue is too slow to understand what you might say.
  - A. Sue is not enough quick to understand what you might say.
  - B. What you might say, Sue can understand slowly.
  - C. Sue is so slow to understand what you might say.
  - D. So slow is Sue that she can't understand what you might say.

26. Though he drove carefully, he had an accident yesterday.
- A. Despite his carelessness, he had an accident yesterday.
  - B. Despite he drove carefully, he had an accident yesterday.
  - C. In spite of driving carefully, he had an accident yesterday.
  - D. In spite of a careful drive, he had an accident yesterday.
27. He was very tired but he kept on working.
- A. Despite very tired, he kept on working.
  - B. Though his tiredness, he kept on working.
  - C. Although he was very tired, but he kept on working.
  - D. He kept on working although he was very tired.
28. Although it rained heavily, they went on working.
- A. In spite of the rain heavily, they went on working.
  - B. In spite of the raining heavily, they went on working.
  - C. Despite the heavy rain, they went on working.
  - D. Though the fact that it rained heavily, they went on working.
29. Cars cause pollution but people still want them.
- A. Because cars cause pollution, people want them.
  - B. Despite the fact that cars cause pollution, people want them.
  - C. Cars cause pollution although people want them.
  - D. Cars cause pollution because people still want them.
30. She was seriously ill but she enjoyed life very much.
- A. In spite of her serious illness, she enjoyed life very much.
  - B. Although she enjoyed life very much, she was seriously ill.
  - C. She was seriously ill because she enjoyed life very much.
  - D. Despite seriously ill, she enjoyed life very much.

**C. Choose the sentence which has the closest meaning to the original one.**

65. We stayed in that hotel despite the noise.
- A. Despite the hotel is noisy, we stayed there.
  - B. We stayed in the noisy hotel and we liked it.
  - C. Although the hotel was noisy, we stayed there.
  - D. Because of the noise, we stayed in the hotel.
66. Young as he is, he has a big fortune.
- A. Although he is young, he has a big fortune.
  - B. He has a big fortune because he is young.
  - C. He is not only young but also has a big fortune.
  - D. When he is young, he has a big fortune.
67. Despite the bad weather, people travel by air.
- A. Even though the weather is bad, people travel by air.
  - B. Because the weather is bad, people travel by air.
  - C. In spite of people travel by air, the weather is bad.
  - D. Although the bad weather, people travel by air.
68. Although his leg was hurt, he managed to drive a car.
- A. His leg was hurt. However, he managed to drive a car.
  - B. his leg was hurt. But he managed to drive a car.
  - C. Despite his hurt leg, he managed to drive a car.
  - D. In spite of the fact that his hurt leg, he managed to drive a car.
69. He was very tired but he kept on working.
- A. Despite he was very tired, he kept on working.
  - B. In spite of he was very tired, he kept on working.
  - C. Though his tiredness, he kept on working.
  - D. Although he was very tired, he kept on working.
70. Although she was very old, she looked very grateful.
- A. Despite she was very old, she looked very grateful.
  - B. Despite her old age, she looked very grateful.
  - C. In spite of very old, she looked very grateful.
  - D. In spite her being old, she looked very grateful.