

"DECLARATIVE, IMPERATIVE INTERROGATIVE & EXCLAMATORY SENTENCES"

Learning Log pages 54, 55 & 56

A declarative sentence tells an idea or makes a statement. It ends with a period.

- Yesterday I went to the movies.
- He did not wear the shirt that I gave him.
- She is my friend.

An imperative sentence gives a command or makes a request. Most imperative sentences end with a period, but stronger commands end with an exclamation point.

- Do your homework.
- Clean up your room.
- Do not step on the grass again!

An interrogative sentence asks a question. It ends with a question mark.

- Where are you from?
- What is your favorite song?
- Who do you think is going to win the game?

An exclamatory sentence shows excitement or expresses strong feelings. It ends with an exclamation point.

- I love you so much!
- That movie was scary!
- I can't believe you lost your book!

- 1 Choose the correct words from the box to fill in the blanks.

declarative feelings imperative idea request
question mark exclamatory interrogative

1. A(n) _____ sentence asks a question.
2. A(n) _____ sentence gives a command.
3. A(n) _____ sentence shows excitement.
4. A(n) _____ sentence makes a statement.
5. An imperative sentence makes a(n) _____.
6. An interrogative sentence ends with a(n) _____.
7. A declarative sentence tells a(n) _____.
8. An exclamatory sentence expresses strong _____.

Interrogative interrogative exclamatory
declarative declarative
imperative

- 2 Identify whether the sentence is declarative, imperative, interrogative, or exclamatory.

1. What do you want to eat? _____
2. That game was incredible! _____
3. I want to go to bed early. _____
4. Pass me the salt, please. _____
5. These shoes are too small. _____
6. Will she like these flowers? _____

K

KEY WORDS

discouraged lay down
good at redecorate
immediately retrace



1. Luisa hired an interior designer to _____ the house.
2. Chefs are _____ cooking.
3. Detectives are trying to _____ her movements on the night she disappeared.
4. The rain _____ us from going out.
5. Firefighters took action _____ to stop the fire from spreading.
6. He _____ and was asleep immediately.

Exclamatory

interrogative

imperative

declarative

4

The following text needs to be completed with four sentences: a declarative sentence, an imperative sentence, an interrogative sentence, and an exclamatory sentence. Read and fill in the gaps with the appropriate sentence for the context. When you finish, swap books with a classmate and compare your sentences. Did you write the same type of sentence in the same space?

Travis was starting to feel tired of his room. He wanted something new. He wanted _____.

_____ He set out to buy the things he needed to redecorate his room. But before he could walk out the door, he heard his mom's voice from the kitchen.

"Travis, _____!"

He had to retrace his steps and go do what his mother wanted. After a while, his mom stopped by his room and saw him looking very discouraged. She asked "_____?"

"I wanted to redecorate my bedroom, so I wanted to go buy some things to do it. But now I don't think I will have time to go buy anything today," he replied.

"Oh honey! Why didn't you tell me that earlier? Here, let's go buy everything you need right now."

Travis's mom took him to the store immediately and they bought the things he needed to redecorate his bedroom. When they got home, she helped him with the work and by the end of the day, his room was ready.

"_____!" exclaimed Travis.

"Yes, indeed, Travis. Congratulations!"

And both lay down, exhausted on his new rug.

K

KEY WORDS

ceiling

look out

certainly

tonight

exactly

weekdays

Drag the words to complete the sentences correctly

1. We are going to a party _____.
2. A light bulb dangled from a wire in the _____.
3. We go to school on _____.
4. _____, he's got a gun!
5. He _____ is a wonderful actor.
6. It's _____ six o'clock.



- 1 Read each sentence. Identify it as declarative (de), exclamatory (ex), interrogative (in), or imperative (im). Then, change it into a different type of sentence and identify the new type. Follow the example.

1. in Is it going to rain tonight?

de It's going to rain tonight.

2. He liked the book you gave him for his birthday.

3. Do you go to soccer practice on weekdays?

4. I can't wait until the party next weekend!

5. What do we have to do, exactly?

6. Look out for that pothole!

