

ANALYSE III

Zapoznaj się z poniższymi przykładami A – C. Zastanów się, dlaczego niektóre z podanych odpowiedzi są niepoprawne. Następnie odpowiedz na pytania w chmurkach.

Przykład A

The maths teacher **told us to stay** after class.

- Ⓐ A. The maths teacher asked us to stay after class.
- Ⓑ B. The maths teacher **made us stay** after class.
- Ⓒ C. The maths teacher let us stay after class.

Jak należy poprawnie użyć konstrukcji *make sb do* w stronie biernej?

Przykład B

I couldn't **go on running** after I fell and sprained my ankle.

- Ⓐ A. I couldn't go on to run after I fell and sprained my ankle.
- Ⓑ B. I couldn't **keep on running** after I fell and sprained my ankle.
- Ⓒ C. I couldn't afford to run after I fell and sprained my ankle.

Czy użycie czasownika *go on* z bezokolicznikiem jest również poprawne?

Przykład C

You can't close this door – **it needs fixing**.

- Ⓐ A. You can't close this door – it expects to be fixed.
- Ⓑ B. You can't close this door – **it needs to be fixed**.
- Ⓒ C. You can't close this door – it needs to fix.

Czy czasownika *need* można użyć w zdaniu w stronie czynnej z bezokolicznikiem (*need to do*)?

Zadanie 3.

W zdaniach 3.1. – 3.6. spośród podanych opcji (A–C) wybierz tę, która może najlepiej zastąpić zaznaczony fragment. Zakreśl literę A, B lub C.

3.1. The employees **were forced to stay** after hours.

- A. were offered to stay
- B. insisted on staying
- C. were made to stay

3.4. She **started attending** Pilates classes last week and she loves it.

- A. started to attend
- B. ceased attending
- C. put off attending

3.2. I have a fever and a headache – I think I **need to see** a doctor.

- A. am certain to see
- B. have to see
- C. need seeing by

3.5. I **heard the president give a speech** on the radio.

- A. I managed to hear a fragment of the president's speech
- B. I listened to the whole of the president's speech
- C. I was able to hear some parts of the president's speech

3.3. After going through a serious injury, the tennis player finally **managed to win** a big tournament.

- A. continued winning
- B. went on to win
- C. went on winning

3.6. It **will mean** working fewer hours, but also earning less.

- A. It will result in
- B. It will engage
- C. It will result from