

LISTENING

1 Posłuchaj nagrania i zdecyduj, czy podane zdania są prawdziwe (P), czy fałszywe (F).

- 1 Charlie's leg hurts. _____
- 2 He was taking part in a competition when he fell. _____
- 3 Charlie can't move his leg. _____
- 4 He should stay at home for a few days. _____
- 5 He shouldn't take part in the competition at the weekend. _____

VOCABULARY

2 Uzupełnij wyrazy. WPISZ CAŁE WYRAZY!

Have you got the flu?

- Have you got a high ⁰ temperature and a ¹ h _____?
- Have you got a ² s _____ throat?
- Have you got a ³ r _____ nose or a ⁴ b _____ nose?
- Do you ⁵ s _____ and ⁶ c _____ a lot?

What to do: Rest and visit your doctor.

3 Popatrz na obrazki i uzupełnij wyrażenia słowami z ramki.

broken	bruise	burn	cut	bites
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0



1



2



3



4



0 a broken leg

1 a _____

2 mosquito _____

3 a _____

4 a _____

4 Wybierz poprawne odpowiedzi.

- 0 When you exercise, your *muscles become* / *blood becomes* bigger and stronger.
- 1 The *heart* / *bone* is a big muscle and it beats about 100,000 times a day.
- 2 *The brain* / *Blood* is red and it goes to all parts of the body.
- 3 *The hearts* / *bones* in your legs and arms are the longest in your body.
- 4 Do intelligent animals have a big *brain* / *blood*?

GRAMMAR

5 Uzupełnij zdania, używając podanych wyrazów oraz *have to* w odpowiedniej formie.

0 I / go / ✓

1 I have to go to bed early.

2 we / water / ✗(PRZECZENIE)

_____ the plants.

3 Dora / do / ?

_____ a lot of chores?

4 Mum / work / ✓

_____ on Saturdays.

5 they / study / ?

_____ for a test?

6 Uzupełnij zdania, używając wyrazów podanych w nawiasach oraz *should* lub *shouldn't*.

0 In tropical countries, you should sleep (sleep) under a mosquito net.

1 You _____ (drink) a lot of water when it's hot.

2 You _____ (go) swimming in this river. The water is very dirty.

3 ' _____ (I / leave) the rubbish here?'

'No, you _____.'

4 You _____ (put) up your tent in a safe place.

SPEAKING

7 Dopasuj reakcje a–e do wypowiedzi 0–5.

0 A: I feel ill and I've got a temperature.

B: _____

1 A: You should go to bed.

B: _____

2 A: I've got a stomachache.

B: _____

3 A: What's the matter?

B: _____

4 A: I've got a burn on my hand.

B: _____

5 A: I've got a headache.

B: _____

a) I have a terrible headache.

b) Put some cream on it.

c) That's a good idea.

d) You should drink some mint tea.

e) Why don't you lie down?

f) I think you should see a doctor.

8 Dopasuj definicje 1–5 do wyrazów a–e.

- 0 You eat with these. _____
- 1 You can't stand without these. They're strong and white. _____
- 2 This is a very important part of your body. It beats all the time. _____
- 3 This is red and it goes all over in your body. _____
- 4 When you exercise, they become bigger and stronger. _____
- 5 This part of your body is in your head. You think with it. _____

- a) blood
- b) bones
- c) brain
- d) heart
- e) muscles
- f) teeth

9 Wybierz poprawne odpowiedzi.

Lily: Hey, Joe. You don't look very well.

Joe: I feel ill.

Lily: You ⁰ *should* / *shouldn't* be at school.

Joe: But we have a test today.

Lily: I think you ¹ *should* / *shouldn't* tell the teacher.

Joe: I think I've got a temperature too. What ² *I should* / *should I* do?

Lily: You ³ *should* / *shouldn't* call your parents.

Joe: Ok. ⁴ *Should I* / *I should* wait for them outside?

Lily: No, you ⁵ *should* / *shouldn't*. Let's wait for them in the school office.

Joe: Good idea.

10 Uzupełnij pytania czasownikiem *have to* w poprawnej formie i wyrazami z nawiasów.

0 I'm very ill. I have to see (see) the doctor. (✓)

1 Relax! You _____ (work) so hard. (✗)

2 Jim has a music exam next week. He _____ (practise) the piano.
(✓)

3 Meg has got a runny nose, but she _____ (stay) in bed. (✗)

4 I _____ (help) my parents with the housework. (✓)

5 The children _____ (go) to bed early on Saturdays. (✗)