

READING AND USE OF ENGLISH (1 hour 15 minutes)

Part 1

For questions 1–8, read the text below and decide which answer (A, B, C or D) best fits each gap. There is an example at the beginning (0).

Mark your answers on the separate answer sheet.

Example:

0 A basically B naturally C regularly D necessarily

0	A	B	C	D
	☒	☐	☐	☐

Why do we dream?

Dreams are (0) stories and pictures that our brains create when we're asleep. It is (1) knowledge that the majority of dreams take place while we're in deep sleep, and our eyes begin to move quickly under our eyelids. This is called Rapid Eye Movement, or REM. Although dreams can (2) at any point during the night, REM dreams are typically the most memorable and realistic.

Some experts believe that dreams are a way to (3) all the events of the day helping us to make (4) of what has happened. Others suggest that dreams are the result of our brains trying to solve (5) problems. Dreams may also be our brain's attempt to interpret what is going on around us while we sleep. For example, the sound of the radio may be included in the content of our dreams. (6) , dreaming could be a sort of clean-up operation, refreshing our minds in preparation for the next day. However, there are also experts who (7) that dreams have no real (8) at all.

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|-------------------|--------------|-----------------|----------------|
| 1 A typical | B routine | C ordinary | D common |
| 2 A exist | B result | C occur | D reveal |
| 3 A deal | B process | C cope | D arrange |
| 4 A reason | B logic | C point | D sense |
| 5 A definite | B specific | C absolute | D determined |
| 6 A Particularity | B Especially | C Alternatively | D Consequently |
| 7 A claim | B realise | C wonder | D expect |
| 8 A aim | B purpose | C intention | D design |