

Name:

Class:

R.no:

II. Phrasal Verbs***Look at the following phrasal verbs and their meanings.***

- | | |
|------------------|---|
| 1. take out | - to remove something from inside |
| 2. set up | - to arrange for something; to happen / to start |
| 3. take off | - to remove |
| 4. lie down | - to take rest |
| 5. take time off | - to take some time for something |
| 6. look into | - to observe oneself keenly |
| 7. look at | - to have a look at something |
| 8. get up | - to wake up |
| 9. change into | - to turn into |
| 10. leave behind | - to leave something as a token of memory or gift |

As you can see, a phrasal verb is a unit of a verb and one or more particles / a preposition. It cannot be understood on the basis of the meanings of the individual parts in isolation, but rather it must be taken as a whole.

Use the above phrasal verbs in the blanks. Make necessary changes in the verb forms.

Venkata Rao was a rich man. He wanted to _____ some business in the town. So he _____ a lot of money from the bank. On an auspicious day he started his medical business, which increased by leaps and bounds. He became so busy that he could not _____ for any rest. He used to _____ very early in the morning and go to his office. In the afternoon he would _____ his shirt and _____ on his couch in the office. After a nap he would put on his shirt. Then he would _____ the mirror and _____ himself admiringly. Anyhow he _____ some fame in the town even when he went abroad. Everybody believed that he _____ a new man.