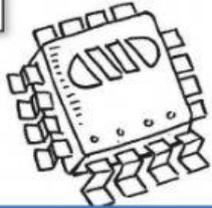
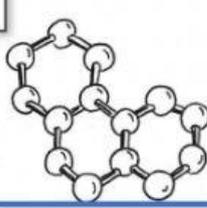
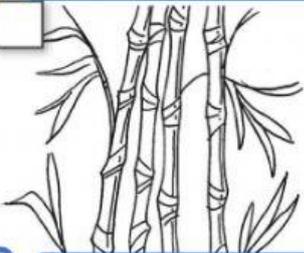
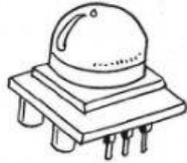


1. Label the pictures

Bamboo/ nanotechnology/ hemp/ soy/ cotton/ microchip/ digital camera/ sensor

<input type="checkbox"/>		<input type="checkbox"/>		<input type="checkbox"/>		<input type="checkbox"/>	
	<input type="text"/>		<input type="text"/>		<input type="text"/>		<input type="text"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>		<input type="checkbox"/>		<input type="checkbox"/>		<input type="checkbox"/>	
	<input type="text"/>		<input type="text"/>		<input type="text"/>		<input type="text"/>

◆ **Read and complete the information.**

- materials from plants: soy , hemp , cotton , _____
- a device that can detect temperature: _____
- a technology that can keep clothes clean: _____
- a technology that can transmit information: _____
- a device that can take good-quality photos: _____

2. Read and fill in the blanks.

According to the scientist, what could happen in the future?

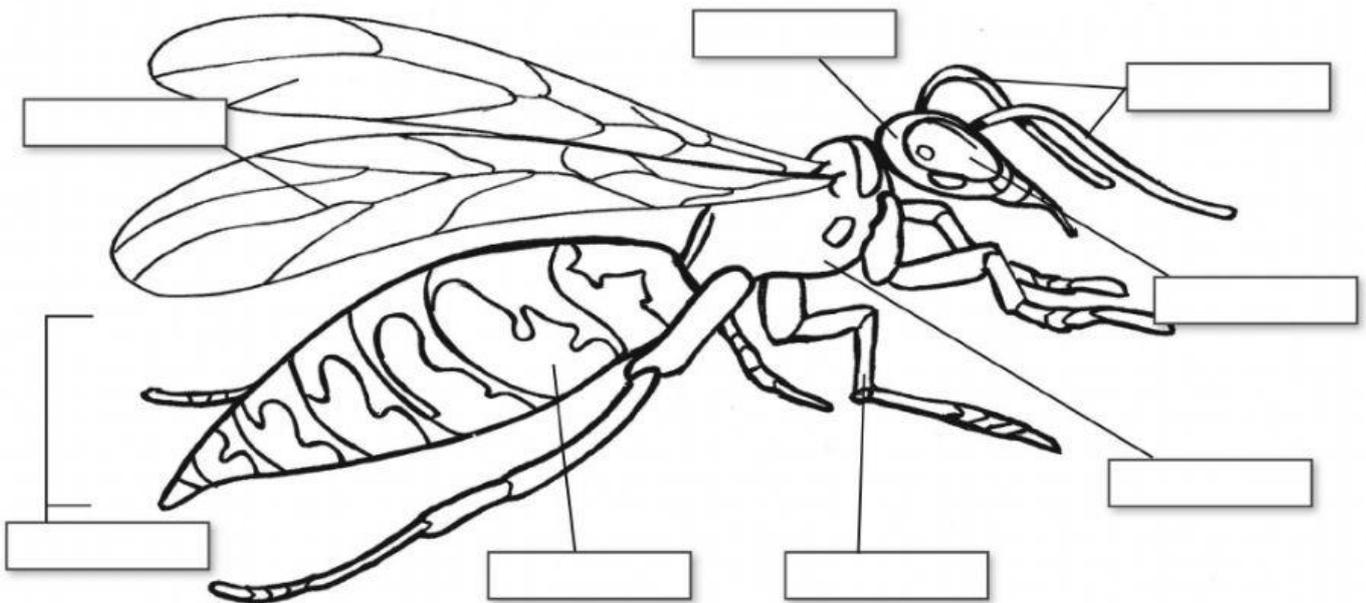
- Nanotechnology _____ our everyday life.
- Our clothes _____ themselves.
- We _____ organic materials to make our clothes.
- These materials _____ protect animals and their habitats



In the future, it's very probable that nanotechnology will change your everyday life! Imagine playing sports and getting dirty without worrying about your parents getting angry. Why? Because your clothes will probably clean themselves! To help save the environment, it is almost certain that we will use organic materials such as hemp, bamboo and soy to make our clothes. These organic materials are very comfortable and stylish, but more importantly, they are likely to help protect animals and their habitats.

3. Look and label the body parts.

Head/ antennas/ compound eye/ leg/ exoskeleton/wings/ thorax/ abdomen





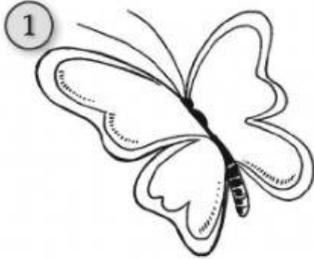
Educación en la vida
y para la vida

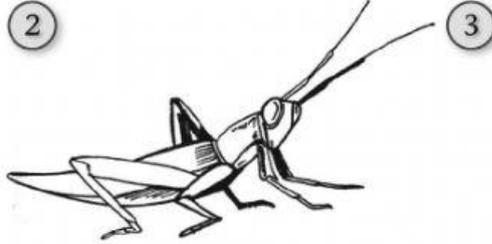
"GIRASOLES"
MIXTO - BILINGÜE
INICIAL- PREPARATORIA- BÁSICA ELEMENTAL Y MEDIA

4. Look and label the insects.

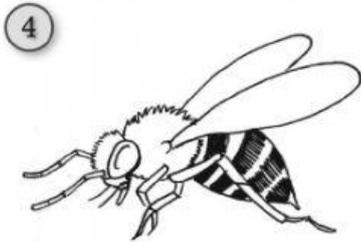
_____ / 3

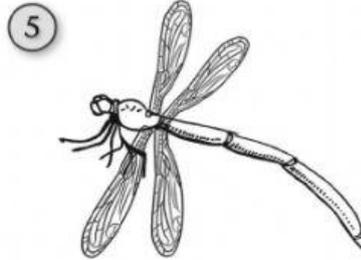
ant butterfly dragonfly grasshopper honeybee praying mantis

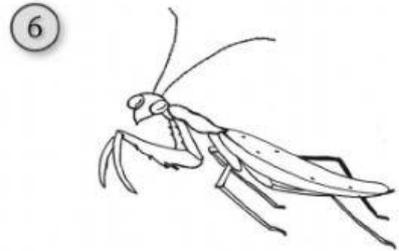










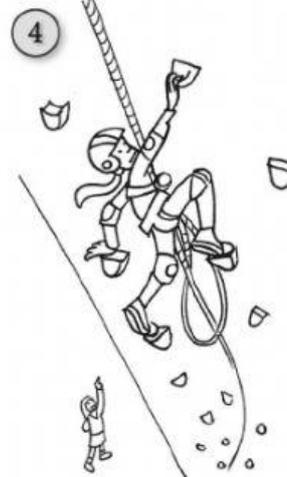
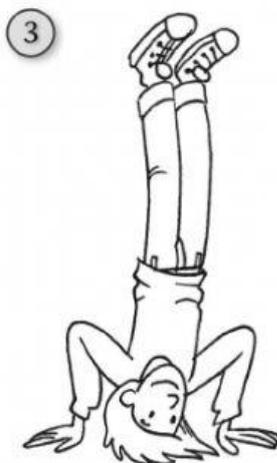


1. A honeybee visits flowers..... **quickly** / **repeatedly**. He visits up to**100** / **300** flowers on one collecting trip.
2. Honeybees beat their wings very**quickly** / **slowly**. But mosquitoes beat their wings more than**three times** / **twice** as fast.
3. Honeybees buzz**loudly** / **softly**. This is the sound they make when they beat their wings.
4. Honeybees can fly**diagonally** / **fast**. They can fly up to..... **24** / **40** kilometers per hour.
5. Honeybees make honey very**patiently** / **vertically**. In its lifetime, a honeybee makes only**one-twelfth** / **one-sixth**



6. Look and write sentences.

loud vertical high fast



1. He shout loud (shout)
2. She _____ (run)
3. He _____ (stand)
4. Graciela _____ (climb)