MODULE 1 **Extra Practice: Section A**

Name: .....

## Vocabulary

### 1 Complete the sentences with the words below.

*brand ▪ clothing ▪ frames ▪ price tag ▪ sleeve ▪ zip*

1. I can't open my bag because the ..... is broken.
2. My new glasses have got bright red ..... .
3. This shop sells great vintage ..... .
4. You've got ketchup on the ..... of your shirt.
5. How much is this T-shirt? I can't find the ..... .
6. I think Levi's is the most famous ..... of jeans in the world.

### 2 Complete the dialogues with the words above each one.

*compliment ▪ glamorous ▪ suit*

**Woman:** Does this dress [1] ..... me? It's for a wedding.

**Shop assistant:** Yes, it looks great on you. You look very [2] ..... !

**Mother:** Thanks for the [3] ..... .

*hoodie ▪ plain ▪ sleeveless*

**Police officer:** What did the man look like?

**Man:** I didn't see his face – he was wearing a [4] ..... . But it was [5] ..... , so I saw a tattoo on his arm. It said "London".

**Police officer:** That's useful. What about his other clothes?

**Man:** He was wearing [6] ..... black trousers and trainers.

### 3 Tick (✓) the sentences T (true) or F (false). Pay attention to the words in bold. Then correct the false sentences. Do not change the words in bold.

| | T | F |
|---|---|---|
| 1. On a hot day, you wear lots of **layers**. ..... | ..... | ..... |
| 2. If you **swap** seats with someone, you sit in each other's chair. ..... | ..... | ..... |
| 3. If your clothes are **stylish**, they look terrible. ..... | ..... | ..... |
| 4. **Ripped** clothes have got holes in them. ..... | ..... | ..... |
| 5. If you buy something on the Internet, they **deliver** it to your home. ..... | ..... | ..... |
| 6. If a shop has got a **range** of trainers, it has only got one or two styles. ..... | ..... | ..... |



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## Grammar

**4** **Choose the correct answer.**

1. **I've had** / **I had** this phone since I was 14.
2. How long **have you known** / **did you know** your best friend?
3. Jackie **has put** / **put** an amazing photo on Instagram last night.
4. Our team **hasn't won** / **didn't win** a single game last year.
5. These boots **have been** / **were** on sale yesterday.
6. We **haven't watched** / **didn't watch** the film yet.

**5** **Complete the sentences with the verbs below. Use the Present Perfect Simple or Past Simple.**

*not buy* ▪ *not deliver* ▪ *drive* ▪ *have* ▪ *give away* ▪ *wash*

1. The website ..... my tracksuit yet. I'm going to complain.
2. I ..... my white socks with my jeans yesterday, and now they're blue.
3. I need new trainers. I ..... this pair for two years.
4. Nancy ..... lots of old clothes to charity last weekend.
5. Carly ..... the dress yesterday because of the high price tag.
6. My grandfather ..... the same car for 20 years. It's old, but he loves it.

**6** **Complete the text with the verbs in brackets. Use the Present Perfect Simple or Past Simple.**

Many people wear baseball caps, but most of them [1] ..... (never / play) baseball in their lives. So, why do we call them baseball caps, and what [2] ..... (make) them so popular over the years?

In the 19th century, baseball players [3] ..... (use) caps to protect their eyes from the sun. The first team logo [4] ..... (appear) on the front of baseball caps in 1901. Thanks to the letters and the cap colour, fans easily [5] ..... (recognise) their team during the game.

By 1945, all the teams [6] ..... (have) caps with their logos in the style we all know, with a little button on top. Then, in the 1960s and the 1970s, baseball caps [7] ..... (become) popular with lorry drivers and farm workers. Ever since TV characters and pop stars started wearing them in the 1980s, these sports items [8] ..... (be) a must-have fashion accessory. Now everybody wears them – basketball players, rappers, style bloggers and mums – but the name [9] ..... (not change): it is still called a baseball cap.



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