Date:……11/2026 Name:

UNIT 3: COMMUNITY SERVICE

I. PRONUNCIATION

1: Choose the word (A, B, C, or D) whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the others.

1. A. devoted	B. suggested	C. provided	D. wished
2. A. played	B. learned	C. shared	D. decided
3. A. invited	B. loved	C. used	D. cleaned
4. A. worked	B. requested	C. interested	D. demanded
5. A. started	B. leaded	C. launched	D. corrected
6. A. rested	B. hiked	C. dressed	D. advanced
7. A. filled	B. smelled	C. caused	D. missed
8. A. looked	B. kissed	C. called	D. stopped
9.A. reserved	B. borrowed	C. attracted	D. happened
10. A. offered	B. enjoyed	C. followed	D. helped
11.A. thanked	B. parked	C. listened	D. booked
12. A. lived	B. talked	C. watered	D. opened

2: Choose the word (A, B, C, or D) whose main stress is different from the others in the group.

1. A. collect	B. donate	C. provide	D. tutor
2. A. organization	B. volunteer	C. opportunity	D. activity
3. A. project	B. enjoy	C. similar	D. include
4. A. elderly	B. primary	C. volunteer	D. charity
5. A. money	B. collect	C. tutor	D. homeless
6. A. environment	B. community	C. recycle	D. rubbish

II/ MULTIPLE CHOICE

1. Our school organized a program to _____ warm clothes to children in mountainous areas.
A. donate B. exchange C. recycle D. plant

2. Planting trees in the schoolyard helps to _____ the environment and create more shade.
A. protect B. clean C. water D. grow

3. Last weekend, we _____ books and warm clothes to street children.
A. give B. gave C. are giving D. have given

4. They provided free _____ to sick people in rural areas last summer.
A. food B. education C. care D. medical care

5. Tom _____ homeless people in his town three years ago.
A. helps B. helping C. helped D. has helped

6. Volunteers often go to nursing homes to help _____.
A. the elderly B. homeless kids C. tutored pupils D. young drivers

7. We usually _____ unused notebooks and textbooks to children in rural schools.
A. collect B. send C. exchange D. buy

8. Doing community service helps students develop useful life _____.
A. tasks B. skills C. lessons D. works

9. Yesterday, my friends and I _____ trash along the riverbank.
A. picked up B. clean up C. set up D. gave up

10 .The school club _____ a fun run to raise money for poor students last month.
A. organizing B. organizes C. organized D. organize

11. Lan enjoys tutoring primary pupils because she loves working with _____.
A. old people B. adults C. children D. patients

12. They _____ clean water and blankets to the victims of the flood last week.
A. took B. provided C. brought D. sent

13. We decided to paint colorful pictures on the school walls to _____ the space.
A. clean up B. brighten up C. clear up D. pick up

14. Teenagers can join local volunteer groups to _____ their community.
A. change B. build C. improve D. protect

15. Last summer holiday, my sister _____ English to children in a remote village.
A. taught B. teaches C. is teaching D. teach

LIVEWORKSHEETS

16. What can we do to help _____ children who have no home?
A. homeless B. poor C. disabled D. sick
17. The students _____ hundreds of trees in the local park two days ago.
A. planted B. grew C. watered D. cut
18. Giving blood to help save lives is a very meaningful _____ activity.
A. school B. volunteer C. personal D. sport
19. Yesterday morning, we _____ old books to the public library.
A. sell B. donated C. borrow D. buy
20. Sending handwritten cards to elderly people in nursing homes brings them lots of _____.
A. sadness B. trouble C. difficulty D. joy
21. **Mai:** "What did your club do to help street children last week?" - **Lan:** "_____"
A. We like helping them very much. B. We gave them warm clothes and food.
C. We will join the volunteer club next month. D. Street children need a lot of help
22. **Jack:** "How can we help old people in the nursing home?" - **Phong:** "_____"
A. We can read books and talk to them. B. Yes, old people are very kind.
C. They live in a big nursing home. D. Old people like watching TV.
23. **Mi:** "Do you want to join our volunteer group to clean up the local park this Sunday?"
- **Kien:** "_____"
A. Yes, I do it yesterday. B. I'm sorry, I clean the park.
C. Sounds great! I'd love to. D. No, I didn't see the park.



1. What does the notice say?
A. It's not dangerous to swim here.
B. Swimming is prohibited here.
C. Beach closed for swimming.
D. You can swim here but it may be dangerous



2. What does the sign say?
A. No parking for trains.
B. Railway crossing road ahead.
C. Parking for trains only.
D. No traffic for trains.



3. What does the sign say?
A. You must put the trash in the bin.
B. You pick the trash.
C. You can throw the trash away.
D. You bring the trash to your home.



4. What does the sign say?
A. You can't get fuel here.
B. You can get some water here.
C. You can get gasoline here.
D. You can buy food here.



5. What does the sign say?
A. No water.
B. No fire.
C. No parking.
D. No eating or drinking.

READING ❶I am very fond of being a volunteer because of many reasons. I feel satisfied that I will not waste my time and can help those who are in need. Voluntary work offers young people a lot of precious opportunities to increase independence and build the ability to deal (1)_____ challenges in different situations. Moreover, it is an ideal way to have better career development. We can (2)_____ a lot of useful life skills through volunteering such as teamwork, problem-solving and time-management. Volunteering gives people free chances to try out new fields in order for us (3)_____ the most appropriate future jobs. In addition, it helps to broaden our relationship by making new friends (4)_____ we join various activities of clubs or organisations .

1. A. for	B. about	C. with	D. on
2. A. give	B. gain	C. grow	D. guide
3. A. find	B. finding	C. to finding	D. to find
4. A. when	B. because	C. although	D. a

LIVEWORKSHEETS

I'm fine. Last summer, I participated (1)_____ the school volunteer club and we did (2)_____ activities for the local community. We cleaned parks and (3)____ elderly people with their shopping. I did these things with my friends from the club. It was a lot of hard work, but I felt very happy and useful. It was a great (4)_____!

Talk soon, Thanh.

1. A. of	B. in	C. to	D. with
2. A. little	B. much	C. some	D. any
3. A. helping	B. helped	C. help	D. will help
4. A. festival	B. parade	C. experience	D. skill

READING 1.

Community service is when you work for free to help benefit the public or your community. Usually, students who choose to do community service do so as volunteers, meaning that they choose to help out because they want to do so. Community service can have a lot of positive effects on students, such as helping them to develop skills, making contacts, and allowing them to improve the quality of life of others.

You probably know some students In your school who choose to volunteer their free time through community service. There are many ways that you can do this, such as joining a non-profit organization, working with a church group, or you can choose a cause and create your own service project.

Volunteer work can range from the relatively simple, like helping coach the football team at your old junior high, to the much more complex, like starting a non-profit that helps homeless people in your area.

1. Students often do community service as volunteers.
2. Community service allows them to improve the quality of life of others.
3. No students choose to volunteer their free time through community service.
4. Joining a non-profit organization is the only way to do community service.
5. There are many types of volunteer work, both simple and complex ones.
6. **What is the main topic of the passage?**

A. The reasons why students should be paid for community service.
B. How to start a complex non-profit organization for homeless people.
C. An overview of community service: its benefits and how students can participate.
D. The history of volunteer work in local schools and churches.

READING 2. Each country has many good people who take care of others. For example, some of students in the United States often spend many hours as volunteers in hospitals, orphanages or homes for the elderly. They read books to the people in these places, or they just visit them and play games with them or listen to their problems.

Other young volunteers go and work in the homes of people who are sick or old. They paint, clean up, or repair their houses, do the shopping. For boys who don't have fathers, there is an organization called Big Brothers. College students and other men take these boys to basketball games or on fishing trips and help them to get to know things those boys usually learn from their fathers. Each city has a number of clubs where boys and girls can go and play games. Some of these clubs show movies or hold short trip to the mountains, the beaches, museums, or other places of interest. Most of these clubs use a lot of students as volunteers because they are young enough to understand the problems of younger boys and girls.

1. American volunteers only work with young children in orphanages.
2. Volunteers help sick or elderly people by doing housework like cleaning, painting, or shopping.
3. Big Brothers is an organization created specifically to assist fatherless boys.
4. **What is the main idea of the passage?**

A. The history and activities of the "Big Brothers" organization in the United States.
B. How college students spend their free time playing games and visiting museums.
C. The various ways American volunteers and students help different people in the community.
D. The importance of building clubs for boys and girls in big cities.

LIVEWORKSHEETS

VII/ WORD FORM

1. protect (v) bảo vệ protection (n) sự bảo vệ, vật bảo vệ **2. donate** **v** quyên góp donation **n** khoản quyên góp **3. environment** **n** môi trường environmentalist **n** nhà môi trường học environmental **adj** liên quan về môi trường	**4. collect** (v) sưu tầm, thu thập collection (n) bộ sưu tập, sự thu thập collector (n) người sưu tầm **5. volunteer** (v): tình nguyện volunteer (n): tình nguyện viên voluntary (adj): tự nguyện, tình nguyện

1. We should wear warm clothes for _____ against the cold weather. (protect)
2. My brother has a huge _____ of rare stamps and coins. (collect)
3. The local charity received a generous _____ of $1,000 from a local business. (donate)
4. Many teenagers in our school enjoy doing _____ work to help homeless children. (volunteer)
5. We need to _____ wildlife and their natural habitats. (protection)
6. We want to make our life more _____ friendly. (environment)
7. My family made a generous _____ to charity. (donate)
8. She has been an _____ for a local charity organization for over three years. (voluntary)
9. Many _____ are working hard to save endangered animals from extinction. (environment)
10. They decided to _____ to clean up the beach on Sunday morning . (voluntary)
11. He _____ a lot of books, warm clothes, or food to help poor children last week. (donation)
12. Plastic bags do great harm to the _____. (environmental)
13. My sister often _____ plastic bottles to recycle for her school project. (collect)

VIII/ REWRITE THE FOLLOWING SENTENCES, USING THE PROMPTS

1. look after = take care of

My mother **looks after** my little brother every day.

→ My mother **takes care of** my little brother every day.

2. be proud of + N/V-ing = take pride in + N/V-ing : Cảm thấy tự hào về.

He **is proud of** his fluent English.

→ He **takes pride in** his fluent English

3. join (in) / take part in

Lan **took part in** cleaning up the neighborhood last Sunday.

→ Lan **joined in** cleaning up the neighborhood last Sunday.

1. Mrs. Lan takes care of her elderly mother.

Mrs. Lan looks _____.

2. Her parents are very proud of her excellent exam results.

Her parents take _____.

3. We joined in the beach clean-up campaign last weekend.

We took _____.

4. My sister looks after my baby when I go to work.

My sister _____.

LIVEWORKSHEETS

5. Mr. David takes great pride in his traditional bamboo garden.
Mr. David is _____.
6. Nam took part in planting trees in the school yard yesterday.
Nam _____.
7. Who took care of the children at the weekend?
Who _____?
8. The young athlete is proud of winning the gold medal.
The young athlete _____.
9. Do you want to take part in the green club's activities?
Do you want to join _____?

IV. SENTENCE TRANSFORMATION

Rewrite each sentence below without changing the meaning.

1. It took her 3 hours to get to the city center.
→ She spent _____
2. She used to like K pop idols. (*using "keen, interested"*)
→ She was _____
→ She was _____
3. He can't move because his leg was broken. (*using "due to"*)
→ He _____
4. Anna often cried when she meets with difficulties! (used)
→ Anna _____
5. Why don't we join a programme to help the elderly?
→ Let's _____
6. The wall has too many advertisements and graffiti.
→ There are _____
7. Shall we donate all our old books to the library?
→ How about _____
8. They took care of the elderly in a village last summer.
→ They looked _____
9. Why do you want to take part in these activities?
→ Why do you want _____?
10. My brother spends two hours a week volunteering in our local orphanage.
→ It takes _____

* PRACTICE: Give the correct form of the word given to complete the sentence.

1. I'd like to work as a volunteer for a charity _____ . **(organise)**
2. They made a £5000 _____ to charity. **(donate)**
3. We help the_____ with housework and gardening. **(old)**
4. The organization is funded by _____ donations. **(charity)**
5. The campaign _____ people to recycle glass, cans and paper. **(courage)**
6. _____ can be solved thanks to the support of all the community. **(Home)**
7. By recycling, we can save _____ resources. **(nature)**
8. The homeless shelters are entirely staffed by _____ workers. **(volunteer)**
9. We called for help from our community to donate food and drink to people in a serious _____ town. **(flood)**
10. _____ people find it difficult to have a job. **(Able)**

LIVEWORKSHEETS