ENGLISH WORKSHEET

SHOPPING & MONEY • EXPRESSING OBLIGATION

Name: _____ Class: _____ Date: _____

Learning goals

I can use shopping and money vocabulary and express obligation with must, have to, don't have to and mustn't.

1. VOCABULARY — Match the words with their definitions. (8 points)

Words	Definitions
1. receipt	a. money returned when you pay more than the price
2. change	b. a person who buys something
3. customer	c. a piece of paper showing what you bought and paid
4. discount	d. the amount by which a price is reduced
5. cashier	e. a person who takes your payment in a shop
6. price tag	f. a label that shows how much something costs
7. queue	g. a line of people waiting
8. afford	h. to have enough money to pay for something

Write the correct letter: 1. ____ 2. ____ 3. ____ 4. ____ 5. ____ 6. ____ 7. ____ 8. ____

2. SHOPPING LANGUAGE — Complete the sentences. (6 points)

a) Can I _____ by card, please? (pay / spend)

b) These trainers are too expensive. I can't _____ them. (afford / cost)

c) The jacket costs £50, but it is now £35. It is on _____. (sale / receipt)

d) Could I have the _____, please? I need proof of purchase. (receipt / change)

e) I gave the cashier £20 for a £13 item, so I got £_____ back. (7 / 13)

f) I'm looking for a T-shirt. Where can I find the _____ room? (changing / paying)

3. EXPRESSING OBLIGATION — Choose must, have to, don't have to or mustn't. (8 points)

Remember: must / have to = obligation; don't have to = no obligation; mustn't = prohibition.

a) You _____ pay before you leave the shop.

b) You _____ steal things. It is illegal.

c) We _____ buy any bags; we brought reusable ones, so it isn't necessary.

d) I _____ wear a uniform at work because it is a rule.

e) You _____ keep the receipt if you want to return the item; this shop requires it.

f) Customers _____ eat inside this shop. It is forbidden.

g) You _____ save some money if you want to buy a new phone. (strong obligation)

h) Do we _____ pay for delivery, or is it free?

LIVEWORKSHEETS

ENGLISH WORKSHEET — PAGE 2

SHOPPING & MONEY • EXPRESSING OBLIGATION

4. EVERYDAY SHOPPING — Complete the dialogue with the words in the box. (8 points)

cash • fitting • receipt • discount • size • try • change • costs

Assistant: Hello! Can I help you?

Customer: Yes, please. How much _____ this hoodie?

Assistant: It _____ £28, but today there is a 10% _____.

Customer: Great! Can I _____ it on?

Assistant: Of course. The _____ rooms are over there.

Customer: Do you have it in a larger _____?

Assistant: Yes. You can pay by card or in _____.

Customer: I'll pay in cash. Here's £30.

Assistant: Thank you. Here's your _____ and your _____.

5. TRANSLATE INTO ENGLISH. (6 points)

a) Trebuie să păstrez bonul. _____

b) Nu trebuie să cumperi o geantă. (Nu este necesar.) _____

c) Nu ai voie să deschizi ambalajul. _____

d) Cât costă acești pantofi? _____

e) Pot să plătesc cu cardul? _____

f) Acest tricou este la reducere. _____

6. WRITING — At the shop (10 points)

Write a dialogue of 6–8 lines between a customer and a shop assistant. Include at least 4 shopping words and 2 examples of obligation (must, have to, don't have to or mustn't).

_____

_____

_____

_____

_____

Total: 46 points | Check spelling, punctuation and verb forms.

LIVEWORKSHEETS

TEACHER'S ANSWER KEY

Shopping & Money • Expressing Obligation

1. Vocabulary

1–c, 2–a, 3–b, 4–d, 5–e, 6–f, 7–g, 8–h.

2. Shopping language

a) pay; b) afford; c) sale; d) receipt; e) 7; f) changing.

3. Expressing obligation

a) must / have to; b) mustn't; c) don't have to; d) have to / must; e) must / have to; f) mustn't; g) must; h) have to.

4. Everyday shopping

Intended answers: costs; costs; discount; try; fitting; size; cash; change; receipt. In the dialogue, "costs" is used twice, so it is repeated. Award 1 point for the main target items; accept grammatically correct alternatives where appropriate.

5. Translation — sample answers

a) I have to keep the receipt. / I must keep the receipt.
b) You don't have to buy a bag.
c) You mustn't open the packaging.
d) How much are these shoes?
e) Can I pay by card?
f) This T-shirt is on sale.

6. Writing — assessment (10 points)

Suggested rubric: shopping vocabulary (4); correct use of obligation forms (3); dialogue structure and relevance (2); spelling and punctuation (1). Accept other grammatically correct answers.

LIVEWORKSHEETS