

ДОМАШНЯЯ РАБОТА

слова по описанию · relative pronouns · грамматика ВПР · аудирование

1. Look and read. Choose the correct words and write them on the lines.

Прочитай описание и впиши подходящее слово из рамки. Все слова — из Словарей № 9–11. Образец уже выполнен.

abroad	the canteen	a cave	celebrate
the countryside	disappear	an exam	a ghost
a laptop	lightning	a message	a nickname
pocket money	surprised	whisper	yawn

e.g.	This is a small computer that you can carry with you and use on your knees.	<i>a laptop</i>
1	This is the room at school where pupils have lunch.	
2	You do this when you speak very quietly, so that other people can't hear you.	
3	Parents give this to their children every week, so they can buy small things like sweets.	
4	This is a big hole in the side of a hill or a mountain. Bats often live in it.	
5	You feel like this when something happens that you didn't expect.	
6	This is the land outside towns and cities, with fields, farms and small villages.	
7	This is a bright flash of light in the sky during a storm.	
8	People do this on birthdays and holidays: they have a party, eat cake and have fun.	
9	In scary stories, this is a dead person who comes back at night. You can see through it!	
10	This is an important test at school. You need to study a lot before it.	
11	When something does this, it goes away and you can't see it any more.	
12	This is a short or funny name that your friends call you instead of your real name.	
13	You open your mouth wide and do this when you are tired or bored.	
14	This is a short piece of writing that you send to somebody on your phone.	
15	When you travel to another country, you go ...	

2. Relative pronouns — слова-«склейки».

Сначала прочитай правило. Потом выполни части А и В: вставь слово и склей два предложения в одно.

ПРАВИЛО: одна формула склейки

Слово-склейка соединяет два предложения в одно и стоит СРАЗУ после того существительного, о котором рассказывает. По-русски это чаще всего «который», а ещё «где», «когда», «чей».

СУЩЕСТВИТЕЛЬНОЕ + who / which / that / whose / where / when / why + что о нём известно

I have a friend. **She** speaks three languages. → I have a friend **who** speaks three languages.

Слово	О ком / о чём	Пример
who	человек	Stephen Hawking was a scientist who never gave up. <i>учёный, который никогда не сдавался</i>
which	вещь или животное	A hedgehog is an animal which sleeps all winter. <i>животное, которое спит всю зиму</i>
that	и человек, и вещь (без запятых)	Sherlock Holmes is the detective that everybody knows. <i>сыщик, которого знают все</i>
whose	«чей» + существительное	Akiane is a girl whose paintings cost thousands of dollars. <i>девочка, чьи картины стоят тысячи долларов</i>
where	место («где»)	The Hermitage is the museum where you can see Rembrandt's paintings. <i>музей, где можно увидеть картины Рембрандта</i>
when	время («когда»)	New Year's Eve is the night when everybody makes a wish. <i>ночь, когда все загадывают желание</i>
why	причина (после the reason)	That's the reason why Tom never went back to the forest. <i>вот почему Том больше не ходил в лес</i>

Три шага: 1) найди существительное ПЕРЕД пропуском → 2) спроси себя: это человек, вещь, место, время, причина или «чей»? → 3) возьми слово из таблицы.

★ **Слово-заменитель.** who = he / she / they, which = it / they, whose = his / her / their, where = there, when = then. При склейке старое слово исчезает: I have a friend. **Her** parents work abroad → a friend **whose** parents work abroad.

★ **Не повторяй подлежащее.** who уже значит «он»: **The boy who he found the treasure** X → **The boy who found the treasure** ✓

★ **Ловушка «место».** where — только если после пропуска стоит полное «кто + что делает там»: the park where we walk. Если само место — это то, что посетили, увидели, на что залезли, нужен which: the museum which we visited. Проверка: подставь «там». «Музей, мы посетили там» — не звучит → which.

★ **whose ≠ who's.** Подставь who is: получилось — пиши who's (Who's your best friend?); не получилось — whose (Whose bag is this?).

★ **what — это НЕ «который»:** **the book what I read** X → **the book which / that I read**. А после запятой that не ставят: My cousin, who lives in Kazan, ...

А. Вставь who, which, that, whose, where, when или why.

1. The Hermitage is a museum ____ you can see paintings by Rembrandt.
2. A camel is an animal ____ can live without water for a long time.
3. Summer is the season ____ we go to the seaside.
4. Is this the girl ____ dog found a hedgehog in the park?

5. Elbrus is the mountain ____ many climbers dream of climbing.
6. My best friend is a girl ____ is always ready to help.
- B. Склейте два предложения в одно. Выделенное слово заменяется словом-склейкой.**
7. I have a friend. **Her** parents work abroad.
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8. This is the park. We saw a hedgehog **there**.
-
9. Stephen Hawking was a scientist. **He** wrote «A Brief History of Time».
-
10. I remember the day. We arrived in Saint Petersburg **then**.
-
11. Pizza is the food. My brother likes **it** most of all.
-
12. Nobody knows the reason. The ghost appears at midnight **for this reason**.
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3. Прочитай текст. Вставь вместо каждого пропуска А–Е нужную грамматическую форму.

Задание 3 ВПР, вариант 1. Сначала прочитай весь текст до конца, потом выбирай.

Mount Elbrus

Have you heard about Mount Elbrus? It is the **A**_____ mountain in Russia and Europe. It is located in the Caucasus Mountains. Climbers who want to reach the top must be well prepared because the climb **B**_____ difficult. I saw some climbers who were getting ready for their trip. You **C**_____ have warm clothes because it may be very cold on the mountain. There are **D**_____ special places where people can rest. Everybody who **E**_____ adventure should try to climb Mount Elbrus at least once.

A	1) high	2) highest	3) higher
B	1) be	2) are	3) is
C	1) are able	2) should	3) mustn't
D	1) a few	2) little	3) lot
E	1) loving	2) love	3) loves

Запиши выбранные цифры в таблицу под соответствующими буквами.

Ответ:	A	B	C	D	E

4. Прочитай текст. Вставь вместо каждого пропуска А–Е нужную грамматическую форму.

Задание 3 ВПР, вариант 2. Тот же формат.

My favourite place in my town is a park. I go to the park with my friends **A**_____ like the park too. Yesterday when we **B**_____ in the park we saw a hedgehog. Last Saturday I **C**_____ my bike in the park. It is a small park but there are **D**_____ rides there. I like to go on the rides. When it is spring the park is a beautiful place because **E**_____ is green and there are a lot of flowers.

A	1) who	2) which	3) what
B	1) are walking	2) walking	3) were walking
C	1) ride	2) rides	3) rode
D	1) a few	2) a little	3) a lot
E	1) everybody	2) everything	3) every

Запиши выбранные цифры в таблицу под соответствующими буквами.

Ответ:	A	B	C	D	E

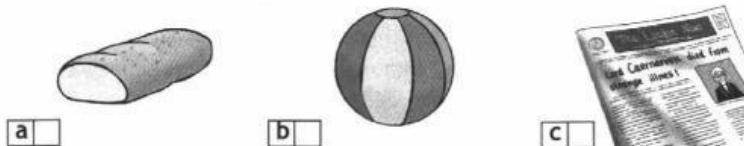
5. Listening. Listen and for questions 1–5 tick the correct box.

Послушай и отметь галочкой (✓) правильную картинку: а, б или с. Образец уже выполнен.

e.g. When is Kate's birthday?



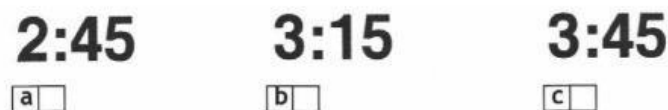
1. What does Molly buy at the shops?



2. What day is Ted's birthday party?



3. What is the time?



4. Where is the cat?



5. What shop is next to Billy's house?



6. Listening. Послушай и отметь галочкой (✓) нужную клетку, как в примере.

New Round-up 3, «Мой шаг вперёд 6», упражнение 7 (аудиозапись 47). Образец уже выполнен.

e.g. Whose birthday was it on Saturday?



A ☐



B ☒



C ☐

1. How old is Claire now?



A ☐

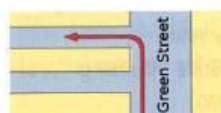


B ☐



C ☐

2. How do you get to Jack's house?



A ☐



B ☐



C ☐

3. What did Chloe give Mary?



A ☐



B ☐



C ☐

4. Who gave Beth a present?



A ☐



B ☐



C ☐

5. Who dances well?



A ☐



B ☐



C ☐

7. Some или any? — выбери правильный вариант

SOME — в утверждении (+). **ANY** — в отрицании (–) и в вопросе (?).

★ Предлагаем или просим (Would you like...? Can I have...?) → **SOME** даже в вопросе! В предложении с двумя пропусками смотри на КАЖДУЮ часть отдельно.

Образец: I bought ____ cheese, but I didn't buy ____ bread. → **some** • **any**

1. In the middle of the room there was a table and ____ chairs.

a) some b) any c) a

2. There aren't ____ shops in this part of town.

a) some b) any c) a

3. Gary and Alice don't have ____ children.

a) any b) some c) a

4. Do you have ____ brothers or sisters?

a) some b) a c) any

5. There are ____ beautiful flowers in the garden.
a) any b) some c) an
6. Do you know ____ good hotels in London?
a) any b) some c) a
7. 'Would you like ____ tea?' 'Yes, please.'
a) any b) a c) some
8. When we were on holiday, we visited ____ interesting places.
a) some b) any c) an
9. Don't buy ____ rice. We don't need ____ .
a) some · some b) any · any c) some · any
10. I went out to buy ____ bananas, but they didn't have ____ in the shop.
a) any · some b) some · some c) some · any
11. I'm thirsty. Can I have ____ water, please?
a) any b) some c) a
12. The police want to talk to you. They want to ask you ____ questions.
a) some b) any c) a