

Name _____

Date _____

End of Unit 2 test

Topic vocabulary

Choose the correct word (A, B, C or D) to complete the sentences.

Example:

0 Some orangutans have arms that are over 2m in length when fully

- A average **B stretched** C wild D surrogate
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1 Orangutans use sticks and branches to build a to sleep in.

- A nest B predator C wild D mammal [1]

2 As with all, female orangutans produce milk to feed their babies.

- A predators B territories C mammals D nests [1]

3 Many people think it's cruel to keep orangutans in in places such as zoos.

- A wild B territories C nests D captivity [1]

4 The average of an orangutan is between 30 and 40 years.

- A territory B lifespan C captivity D predator [1]

5 Orangutans use their long arms to in the trees, high above the forest floor.

- A trespass B swing C nest D stretch [1]

6 Adult orangutans make loud noises to prevent other orangutans entering their

- A captivity B predator C lifespan D territory [1]

- 7 Orangutans live in treetops to make it harder for like leopards to reach them.
A nests B lifespans C predators D territories [1]
- 8 Fights may occur if one orangutan in another orangutan's tree.
A trespasses B stretches C reverses D raises [1]
- 9 It is estimated that there are just over 100,000 orangutans left in the
A lifespan B wild C mammal D territory [1]

[Total: 9 marks]

Use of English 1: Dependent prepositions

Fill in the gaps in the sentences with a suitable dependent preposition.

Example:

0 Hannah loves learning *about* different kinds of animals, especially ones that live in the sea.

- 10 Many species of birds are good finding their way when travelling long distances. [1]
- 11 Pierre took advantage the good weather by going out for a long walk in the forest. [1]
- 12 Helena was asked to act a researcher on the expedition because of her knowledge of biology. [1]
- 13 Deng was anxious the trip to the rainforest because he's a bit scared of spiders. [1]
- 14 Vivienne studied environmental science because she wanted to have a positive impact the planet. [1]
- 15 Young chimpanzees spend lots of time socialising other chimps in their group. [1]
- 16 Enrique cancelled several meetings to make room the conference about local wildlife. [1]
- 17 Pandas are listed vulnerable on the International Union for Conservation of Nature Red List. [1]
- 18 Angelika has recently got involved planting trees in her local area with an environmental charity. [1]
- 19 Many young animals learn new skills copying their parents or other adults around them. [1]

[Total: 10 marks]

Academic language

Match each term about animals and their behaviour to a definition.

The first one is done for you.

	Term		Definition	
0	groom one another	A	an alligator	[1]
20	reptile	B	a cat using eye contact to send a warning to another cat	[1]
21	pheromone	C	a cat entering the home of a rabbit	[1]
22	body language	D	an orangutan removing tiny insects from its baby's fur	
23	marine animal	E	the scent left by a female snake on the branch of a tree	[1]
24	intruder	F	a frog	[1]
25	amphibian	G	a blue whale	[1]

[Total: 6 marks]

Use of English 2: Comparing and contrasting ideas

Complete the sentences using the given words or phrases for comparing and contrasting ideas. You may need to create a second sentence to use the given word or phrase.

Example:

0 Gorillas use facial movements *...to communicate feelings, just like humans...* (just like)

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- 26 Having a complex vocabulary of sounds
 (as well as) [2]
- 27 Dogs make loud noises (barks) to
 (while) [2]
- 28 Bees use a form of dance to communicate,
 (unlike) [2]
- 29 Rabbits hit their back legs against the ground to
 (However) [2]
- 30 Snakes use pheromones to
 (just like) [2]
- [Total: 10 marks]**