

IELTS ENTRANCE TEST

FULLNAME: _____ CLASS: _____ PHONE NO. _____

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from that of the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

- Question 1: A. washed B. formed C. turned D. boiled
Question 2: A. house B. mouth C. could D. found

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of stress in each of the following questions.

- Question 3: A. inform B. explore C. prevent D. cancel
Question 4: A. attitude B. manager C. invention D. company

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the best answer to each of the following questions.

- Question 5: Paul noticed a job advertisement while he _____ along the street.
A. was walking B. would walk C. walked D. had walked
Question 6: Solar energy is not widely used _____ it is friendly to the environment.
A. since B. although C. in spite of D. because of
Question 7: You should turn off the lights before going out to save _____.
A. electricity B. electronic C. electric D. electrically
Question 8: Drinking too much alcohol is said to _____ harm to our health.
A. make B. do C. lead D. take
Question 9: They are raising funds for homeless children, _____?
A. are they B. do they C. aren't they D. don't they
Question 10: My sister wants _____ a second foreign language while she is studying at school.
A. learned B. to learning C. learn D. to learn
Question 11: She ran out of money. It would take her a long time to _____ her financial difficulty.
A. get up B. go out C. go off D. get over
Question 12: The monitor of our class is talking about having a new _____ published in the next issue of the school bulletin.
A. movie B. article C. editor D. podcast

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that is CLOSEST in meaning

Question 13. She was brought up in a well-off family. She can't understand the problems we are facing.

- A. poor B. broke C. wealthy D. kind

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that is OPPOSITE in meaning

Question 14. The minister came under fire for his rash decision to close the factory.

- A. was dismissed B. was acclaimed C. was criticized D. was penalized

VIII. Give the correct form of the verbs in the blank space.

1. She usually _____ (work) late, but this week she _____ (leave) early because she _____ (feel) tired.
2. While I _____ (drive) to work yesterday, I suddenly _____ (realize) that I _____ (forget) my laptop at home.
3. By the time we _____ (arrive) at the station, the train _____ (already/leave), so we _____ (have) to wait for the next one.
4. I _____ (not/finish) my assignment yet because I _____ (deal) with some personal problems recently.
5. If you _____ (not/follow) the instructions carefully, you _____ (make) a lot of mistakes.
6. If I _____ (be) you, I _____ (not/accept) that job offer.
7. If they _____ (leave) earlier, they _____ (not/miss) the flight.
8. The new bridge _____ (build) at the moment and it _____ (expect) to be completed next year.
9. He said that he _____ (never/see) such a beautiful place before he _____ (visit) Ha Long Bay.
10. She suggested _____ (take) a break because everyone _____ (work) for hours.
11. At 9 p.m. last night, I _____ (work) on my project while my friends _____ (enjoy) a party.
12. I think more people _____ (use) renewable energy in the future as fossil fuels _____ (become) scarce.
13. He _____ (must/finish) the report before the deadline, or he _____ (lose) his job.
14. This problem _____ (discuss) by experts for years, but no effective solution _____ (find) yet.
15. When I got home, I realized that I _____ (leave) my keys at the office.
16. She admitted _____ (break) the window but denied _____ (do) it on purpose.
17. If the weather _____ (be) better yesterday, we _____ (go) on a picnic.
18. The manager told us that the meeting _____ (postpone) until the following week.
19. I would rather _____ (stay) at home tonight than _____ (go) out in the rain.
20. He _____ (work) in this company for over ten years, so he _____ (know) how to handle this situation.

I. WORD FORMS.

1. Some cartoons are really _____ (Entertain)
2. A holiday in Thailand can be _____ cheap. (Surprise)
3. Good _____ were the key to the success of the last SEA Games. (Prepare)
4. I wonder why you are so _____ with those easy expressions. (Family)
5. The British government _____ the railway in 1948. (Nation)
6. Don't run too fast if you feel _____. (Comfort)
7. To get the job, you have to meet all of these _____. (Require)
8. This knife is very blunt. It needs _____. (Sharp)
9. Without your _____, I can't pass the entrance test. (Courage)
10. She had always _____ herself on her appearance. (Proud)

II. SENTENCE TRANSFORMATION

1. Peter is a lot older than Martin. **AS**
Martin is
2. "Let's go for a walk in the park!" said Jenny.
=> Jenny suggested
3. Nobody helped her clean the house last week. **HERSELF**
She.....last week.
4. Sally moved here ten years ago. **LIVING**
Sally..... for ten years.
5. I'm quite happy to take part in the charity organizations.
=> I don't mind
6. Success depends on hard work.
=> The harder
7. Lucy doesn't swim nearly as well as Kate. **SWIMMER**
=> Kate is Lucy.
8. The room was so dark that I could not see anything.
=> It was
9. Although he was very tired, he kept on working.
=> In spite of
10. He didn't hurry so he missed the train.
=> If

READING COMPREHENSION PART 1

Questions 1-10

Complete the notes below.

Write **ONE WORD AND/OR A NUMBER** for each answer.

Job details from employment agency

Role 1.....

Location Fordham 2..... Centre

3..... Road, Fordham

Work involves

- dealing with enquiries
- making 4..... and reorganising them
- maintaining the internal 5.....
- general administration

Requirements

- 6..... (essential)
- a calm and 7..... manner
- good IT skills

Other information

- a 8..... job – further opportunities may be available
- hours: 7.45 a.m. to 9..... p.m. Monday to Friday
- 10..... is available onsite

PART 2

Questions 11-14

Choose the correct letter, **A**, **B** or **C**.

- 11 The museum building was originally
A a factory. B. a private home. C. a hall of residence.
- 12 The university uses part of the museum building as
A teaching rooms B. a research library. C. administration offices.
- 13 What does the guide say about the entrance fee?
A Visitors decide whether or not they wish to pay.
B Only children and students receive a discount.
C The museum charges extra for special exhibitions.
- 14 What are visitors advised to leave in the cloakroom?
A Cameras B. coats C. bags

Questions 15-20

What information does the speaker give about each of the following areas of the museum? Choose **SIX** answers from the box and write the correct letter, **A-H**, next to Questions 15-20. **Information**

- A Parents must supervise their children.
- B There are new things to see.
- C It is closed today.
- D This is only for school groups.
- E There is a quiz for visitors.
- F It features something created by students.
- G An expert is here today.
- H There is a one-way system.

Areas of museum

- 15 Four Seasons
- 16 Farmhouse Kitchen
- 17 A Year on the Farm
- 18 Wagon Walk
- 19 Bees are Magic
- 20 The Pond

READING PASSAGE 1

You should spend about 20 minutes on **Questions 1-13** which are based on Reading Passage 1 below.

Alexander Henderson (1831-1913)

Born in Scotland, Henderson emigrated to Canada in 1855 and became a well-known landscape photographer Alexander Henderson was born in Scotland in 1831 and was the son of a successful merchant. His grandfather, also called Alexander, had founded the family business, and later became the first chairman of the National Bank of Scotland. The family had extensive landholding in Scotland. Besides its residence in Edinburgh, it owned Press Estate, 650 acres of farmland about 35 miles southeast of the city. The family often stayed at Press Castle, the large mansion on the northern edge of the property, and Alexander spent much of his childhood in the area, playing on the beach near Eyemouth or fishing in the streams nearby.

Even after he went to school at Murcheston Academy on the outskirts of Edinburgh, Henderson returned to Press at weekends. In 1849 he began a three-year apprenticeship to become an accountant. Although he never liked the prospect of a business career, he stayed with it to please his family. In October 1855, however, he emigrated to Canada with his wife Agnes Elder Robertson and they settled in Montreal. Henderson learned photography in Montreal around the year 1857 and quickly took it up as a serious amateur. He became a personal friend and colleague of the Scottish – Canadian photographer William Notman. The two men made a photographic excursion to Niagara Falls in 1860 and they cooperated on experiments with magnesium flares as a source of artificial light in 1865. They belonged to the same societies and were among the founding members of the Art Association of Montreal. Henderson acted as chairman of the association's first meeting, which was held in Notman's studio on 11 January 1860.

In spite of their friendship, their styles of photography were quite different. While Notman's landscapes were noted for their bold realism, Henderson for the first 20 years of his career produced romantic images, showing the strong influence of the British landscape tradition. His artistic and technical progress was rapid and in 1865 he published his first major collection of landscape photographs. The publication had limited circulation (only seven copies have ever been found), and was called *Canadian Views and Studies*. The contents of each copy vary significantly and have proved a useful source for evaluating Henderson's early work.

In 1866, he gave up his business to open a photographic studio, advertising himself as a portrait and landscape photographer. From about 1870 he dropped portraiture to specialize in landscape photography and other views. His numerous photographs of city life revealed in street scenes, houses, and markets are alive with human activity, and although his favourite subject was landscape he usually composed his scenes around such human pursuits as farming the land, cutting ice on a river, or sailing down a woodland stream. There was sufficient demand for these types of scenes and others he took depicting the lumber trade, steamboats and waterfalls to enable him to make a living. There was little competing hobby or amateur photography before the late 1880s because of the time-consuming techniques involved and the weight of equipment. People wanted to buy photographs as souvenirs of a trip or as gifts, and catering to this market, Henderson had stock photographs on display at his studio for mounting, framing, or inclusion in albums.

Henderson frequently exhibited his photographs in Montreal and abroad, in London, Edinburgh, Dublin, Paris, New York, and Philadelphia. He met with greater success in 1877 and 1878 in New York when he won first prizes in the exhibition held by E and H T Anthony and Company for landscapes using the Lambertype process. In 1878 his work won second prize at the world exhibition in Paris.

In the 1890s and 1880s Henderson travelled widely throughout Quebec and Ontario, in Canada, documenting the major cities of the two provinces and many of the villages in Quebec. He was especially fond of the wilderness and often travelled by canoe on the Blanche, du Lièvre, and other noted eastern rivers. He went on several occasions to the Maritimes and in 1872 he sailed by yacht along the lower north shore of the St Lawrence River. That same year, while in the lower St Lawrence River region, he took some photographs of the construction of the Intercolonial Railway. This undertaking led in 1875 to a commission from the railway to record the principal structures along the almost-completed line connecting Montreal to Halifax. Commissions from other railways followed. In 1876 he photographed bridges on the Quebec, Montreal, Ottawa and Occidental Railway between Montreal and Ottawa. In 1885 he went west along the Canadian Pacific Railway (CPR) as far as Rogers Pass in British Columbia, where he took photographs of the mountains and the progress of construction.

In 1892 Henderson accepted a full-time position with the CPR as manager of a photographic department which he was to set up and administer. His duties included spending four months in the field each year. That summer he made his second trip west, photographing extensively along the railway line as far as Victoria. He continued in this post until 1897, when he retired completely from photography.

When Henderson died in 1913, his huge collection of glass negatives was stored in the basement of his house. Today collections of his work are held at the National Archives of Canada, Ottawa, and the McCord Museum of Canadian History, Montreal.

Questions 1-8

Do the following statements agree with the information given in Reading Passage 1? In boxes **1-8** on your answer sheet, write

TRUE if the statement agrees with the information **FALSE**
if the statement contradicts the information **NOT GIVEN**

if there is no information on this

- 1 Henderson rarely visited the area around Press estate when he was younger.
- 2 Henderson pursued a business career because it was what his family wanted.
- 3 Henderson and Notman were surprised by the results of their 1865 experiment.
- 4 There were many similarities between Henderson's early landscapes and those of Notman.
- 5 The studio that Henderson opened in 1866 was close to his home.

- ### Questions 9-13

Choose **ONE WORD ONLY** from the passage for each answer.

Alexander Henderson

- was born in Scotland in 1831 – father was a 9
- trained as an accountant, emigrated to Canada in 1855

- opened up a photographic studio in 1866
- took photos of city life, but preferred landscape photography
- people bought Henderson's photos because photography took up considerable time and the **10** was heavy
- the photographs Henderson sold were **11** or souvenirs

- travelled widely in Quebec and Ontario in 1870s and 1880s
- took many trips along eastern rivers in a **12**.....
- worked for Canadian railways between 1875 and 1897
- worked for CPR in 1885 and photographed the **13**..... and the railway at Rogers Pass

Some people think that the best way to become successful in life is to get a university education, whereas others say this is no longer true. Discuss both these views and give your own opinion.

[illegible]