

Superlative adjectives, *too* and *enough*

I can use different structures to make comparisons.

- 1 Complete the facts with the superlative form of the adjectives in brackets and the correct answer, a, b or c.
- The _____ (high) mountain in Europe is ☐.
a Elbrus b Everest c Kilimanjaro
 - The _____ (far) planet from the Sun is ☐.
a Earth b Mercury c Neptune
 - The _____ (deep) ocean is ☐.
a the Arctic b the Atlantic c the Pacific
 - The _____ (sunny) part of England is ☐.
a the north b the south c the centre
 - The _____ (polluted) city in the world is ☐.
a New York b New Orleans c New Delhi
 - The _____ (common) cause of a tsunami is ☐.
a an earthquake b a volcanic eruption c a storm
 - The country with the _____ (long) coast is ☐.
a Russia b China c Canada
 - The _____ (large) island in the world is ☐.
a Great Britain b Greenland c Iceland
 - The _____ (dry) continent in the world is ☐.
a Antarctica b Australia c Africa

- 2 Complete the sentences with the correct superlative form of the adjectives in brackets. Then circle *in* or *of*.
- Birmingham is one of the _____ (large) cities in / of England.
 - Crocodiles are one of the _____ (dangerous) animals in / of the world.
 - The special effects are the _____ (bad) part in / of the film *Terminator 2*.
 - In Australia, the _____ (hot) month in / of the year is usually February.
 - The Dorchester is one of the _____ (expensive) hotels in / of London.

- 3 Rewrite the sentences using *too* or *enough* and the adjective in brackets. Do not change the meaning.
- This game isn't easy enough for me. (difficult)
This game is too difficult for me.
 - We're too young to go on holiday alone. (old)

 - This bed is too hard. (soft)

 - This film isn't interesting enough. (boring)

 - It isn't warm enough to go to the beach. (cold)

 - His family were too poor to go on holiday. (rich)



- 4 Complete the dialogue. Use *too* or *enough* with the adjective in brackets or the superlative form.

- Kate** Now we join Brett Simpson for the ¹ _____ (late) news about the wildfires. Brett, what's happening?
- Brett** Well, the police aren't allowing us to get ² _____ (close) to the fires, but I can feel the heat from here.
- Kate** How are the people in the area reacting? It isn't one of the ³ _____ (rich) parts of the country, is it?
- Brett** No, it isn't. Some people are ⁴ _____ (lucky) to have relatives in other cities, so they're leaving. But many are ⁵ _____ (old) or ⁶ _____ (ill) to travel. They're waiting and hoping.
- Kate** What's the ⁷ _____ (good) thing other people can do to help?
- Brett** Well, I asked the police that question. They said the ⁸ _____ (helpful) thing is to stay away from the area. Thousands of people are coming here just to have a look. This is one of the ⁹ _____ (big) and ¹⁰ _____ (spectacular) fires for decades. But these people are getting in the way of the emergency services and their work. And their job is ¹¹ _____ (difficult) without that!
- Kate** What is the ¹² _____ (likely) cause of the fire?
- Brett** It's ¹³ _____ (early) to say. Sometimes lightning can start a fire like this, if the trees are ¹⁴ _____ (dry). But of course, humans are the ¹⁵ _____ (probable) cause.