1. beautifully **2.** well **3.** hard **4.** quickly **5.** heavily		**6.** fast **7.** easily **8.** safely **9.** badly **10.** quietly	

Exercise 10: Circle the correct options to complete the sentences.

1. Peter spoke English (***good / better / well***) than the other students, so she got the best marks.

2. Juice contains (***more / many***) vitamins than coke.

3. Please write your personal information (***carefully / careful / carelessly***), so we can contact you later.

4. Nick can jump (***higher / more high***) than Mike.

5. His team lost the football match because they played (***badly / bad / worse***) than our team.

6. Ms. Sarah dances (***more beautifully / beautifully***) than Ms. Susan.

7. A villager greeted me (***polite/ politely/ more politely***) than other people when I visited the village yesterday.

8. Does a computer work at calculus (***more fast / faster***) than a human being?

9. This girl dances (***gracefully / more gracefully / graceful***) than other girls in the class.

10. City people seem to react (***quicklier / more quickly***) to changes than countryside people.

11. Jim tries his best to run (***fast / faster / fastly***) to catch the ball in the match.

12. People in rural areas talk (***optimistically / more optimistically***) than city people.

13. Nga writes English essays (***better / more well***) than Mai.

14. The man sitting in the third table worked (***harder / hard / hardly***) than the other students in class.

15. The farmers in my village work (***hard / harder***) than the ones here.

16. You should have your breakfast (***quick / quickly / quicker***), or you will be late for school.

17. She came to the party (***later / more lately***) than her friends.

18. Today it's raining (***more heavily / heavilier***) than it was yesterday.

Exercise 11: Choose the correct words to complete the sentences.

more perfectly	***higher***	***more quickly***	***kinder***
correctly	***harder***	***more early***	***more clearly***

1. Planes can fly _____ than birds.

2. I can't understand what you wrote. Please write _____ in this form.

3. No one is _____ than my mother.

4. He needs to study _____ than usual before the exams if he wants to get good marks.

5. This film started _____ than that film.

6. He finished the test _____ than the other students in class.

7. The team that answered the questions _____ is the winner.

LIVEWORKSHEETS

Exercise 12: Complete the sentences, using the comparative form of the adverbs from the correspondent adjectives in the brackets.

1. My aunt sings _____ than my uncle does. **(well)**

2. This task can be completed _____ than that one. **(easy)**

3. She cooks _____ than her sister. I couldn't eat what she cooked. **(badly)**

4. Time goes by _____ when we are busy. **(quick)**

5. No one in the team runs _____ than Linh. **(fast)**

6. It usually rains _____ in Central Viet Nam than in other region. **(heavy)**

7. He drives _____ than his father. **(carefully)**

8. Our family has lived _____ in the country than in the town since last year. **(happy)**

9. Yesterday my teacher came to class _____ than usual. **(early)**

10. I will have to try a bit _____ than this. **(hard)**

11. I speak English _____ than my sister. **(fluently)**

12. A tractor can plough _____ than a buffalo or a horse. **(good)**

13. She coloured the picture _____ than I expected. **(perfectly)**

14. The hall was lighted _____ than the corridors. **(bright)**

15. The little child talked to his grandmother _____ than other children. **(politely)**

16. The boys were playing the game _____ than the girls. **(noisy)**

17. She painted the picture _____ than I did. **(beautifully)**

18. Nam runs _____ than other members of the team. **(quickly)**

Exercise 13: Find and correct one mistake in each sentence.

1. To get a good mark, you should listen more careful than you have done.
A B C D

2. It is not well for you to spend too much time surfing the internet a day.
A B C D

3. After harvesting the rice yesterday, we loaded it onto the truck home and drying it.
A B C D

4. She is crazy about drink coffee when she is working in a cafe.
A B C D

5. No one in my family works hard than my mother. She leaves home in the early morning and goes
A B C D
home after 8 p.m.

6. We can enjoy freshing air and vegetables when living in the countryside.
A B C D

7. Her family's members are hospitable and generously to visitors.
A B C D

8. Ms. Anh talks to children more gently as other people in this event.
A B C D

LIVEWORKSHEETS

Exercise 14: Use the adjective in brackets in their correct forms of comparison to complete the sentences.

1. My sister is _____ me. **(tall)**
2. My new bed is _____ my old bed. **(comfortable)**
3. Tea is _____ coffee. **(cheap)**
4. The Mekong River is _____ the Red River. **(long)**
5. The film about my village town is _____ the book. **(interesting)**
6. The countryside is _____ the town. **(beautiful)**
7. Do you think English is _____ French in grammar? **(easy)**
8. Blue whales are _____ elephants. **(heavy)**
9. The new harvest machine is _____ the old one. **(effective)**
10. A tractor is _____ a buffalo. **(powerful)**

Exercise 15: Fill in each blank with the appropriate form of the word in brackets.

1. Villagers are very friendly and hospitable.	**(village)**
2. My grandfather owns a valuable collection of stamps.	**(collect)**
3. Spring coming, the hills are colorful with many species of wild flowers blooming.	**(color)**
4. Each nation tries to work hard to protect the world peace.	**(peaceful)**
5. Riding a camel is the most exciting activity I have ever experienced.	**(ride)**
6. Nomads usually move to get food and find lands to farm.	**(farmer)**
7. Country children often react less quickly to technical development than city children.	**(develop)**
8. You must drive carefully on the city roads or you will take high risk of getting accidents.	**(care)**
9. During my stay in the village, I was friendly with several local farmers.	**(friend)**
10. Local people in the village often wear their traditional costumer during the festivals.	**(tradition)**

C. COMMUNICATION

Exercise 16: Choose the word or phrase (A, B, C, or D) that best completes each of the following exchanges.

1. **Ba:** "Why don't we take a trip to my home town?"
Nam: "_____"
A. Yes, we do. B. That's a good idea. C. Not at all. D. You're welcome.

2. **Lan:** "What are you doing there?"
Nam: "_____"
A. Lots of things. B. Good idea. C. Ok. D. Not at all.

3. **Nick:** You've made new friends?
Aly: "_____"
A. Yes, I did. B. Yeah- right on the first day.
C. Yes, please. D. You're welcome.

LIVEWORKSHEETS