



storytelling: literature, film and TV



Read the questions and fill in the missing words.

3 Complete the article with these phrasal verbs.

cheer up fall for figure out give in go for leave out look up take in

Which word beginning with:

e is read on screen? ¹ _____
is the last part of a story? ² _____

i refers to pictures that go with text?
³ _____

n is a long imaginary story? ⁴ _____

p is a book with a flexible card cover?
⁵ _____

is a short part of a book or poem?
⁶ _____

means to produce a book, magazine,
etc. in large quantities? ⁷ _____

is a person or company that manages
the production and sale of reading
material? ⁸ _____

s means several books, films or
TV programmes about the same
characters and subjects? ⁹ _____

How not to make a hero

There's nothing like a good movie to ¹ you
..... after a hard week. And for excitement and escapism,
a lot of people ² an action movie. But all action heroes
seem the same. I just can't ³ why movies all follow
the same formula:

The more times the hero fights the bad guy, the better

In classical stories, the hero only battles against the villain once. So why repeat
the fight in movies? Why not ⁴ the repetition and
have one memorable battle scene?

Heroes can't be hurt

The average hero experiences explosions,
crashes, and attacks from every angle.
They keep fighting and never
⁵ and survive
without a scratch. Of course, it's just a movie,
but who's going to ⁶ that?

Heroes are male

It's hard to ⁷ how few
female action heroes there are. Why can't an action
hero be a heroine? Let's hope movie makers realise
that heroes come in all shapes and sizes. Then
things might start to ⁸
and we'll get heroes we can really believe in.  **LIVEWORKSHEETS**

