02 REGULAR VERBS

Regular verbs use a predictable, fixed pattern to form the past tense.

Add -ed:
For most verbs, add "-ed" to the end
examples: walk → walk**ed** / shock → shock**ed** / paint → paint**ed**

Add -d: If the verb already ends in an "e", just add "-d"
examples: dance → dance**d** / arrive → arrive**d** / escape → escape**d**

Change y to -ied: If a word ends in a consonant followed by "y", change the "y" to an "i" and add "-ed"
examples: study → stud**ied** / cry → cr**ied**

Double the consonant: If a short verb ends in a consonant-vowel-consonant pattern, double the final letter
examples: stop → stop**ped** / occur → occur**red** / commit → commit**ted**

LIVEWORKSHEETS