# ■■ SEGREGATION IN THE USA

QUIZ • B1 • STANDARD VERSION

**KEY VOCABULARY:** segregation = separation because of race • equal = the same • rights = freedoms and protections • protest = action showing disagreement • boycott = refusing to buy or use something • vote = choose a political leader

## 1 WHAT IS SEGREGATION?

**1. What is segregation?**

■ A. Separating people because of their race. ■ B. Giving everyone the same rights. ■ C. Bringing people together.

**2. Segregation was mainly based on:**

■ A. age ■ B. race ■ C. language

**3. Where was segregation especially important?**

■ A. The Southern states of the USA ■ B. Canada ■ C. Europe

**4. The segregation laws in the Southern states were called:**

■ A. Civil Rights laws ■ B. Jim Crow laws ■ C. Freedom laws

**5. Jim Crow laws separated Black and _____ people.**

■ A. white ■ B. American ■ C. European

## 2 EVERYDAY LIFE

**6. Under segregation, Black and white people could have separate:**

■ A. schools ■ B. buses ■ C. restaurants

**7. What does "WHITES ONLY" mean?**

■ A. Only white people can enter. ■ B. Only Black people can enter. ■ C. Everyone can enter.

**8. Black and white children had to attend separate schools.**

■ A. TRUE ■ B. FALSE

**9. Segregation only existed in schools.**

■ A. TRUE ■ B. FALSE

**10. Black people often had to use _____ facilities.**

■ A. separate ■ B. international ■ C. private

## 3 "SEPARATE BUT EQUAL"

**11. What does "separate but equal" mean?**

■ A. Black and white people use separate facilities. ■ B. Everyone uses the same facilities. ■ C. Black and white people live in different countries.

**12. In reality, were segregated facilities always equal?**

■ A. YES ■ B. NO

**13. Plessy v. Ferguson took place in:**

■ A. 1896 ■ B. 1954 ■ C. 1964

## 4 BROWN v. BOARD OF EDUCATION

**14. Brown v. Board of Education was about:**

■ A. buses ■ B. schools ■ C. voting

**15. When?**



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■ A. 1896 ■ B. 1954 ■ C. 1965

**16. What did the Supreme Court decide?**

■ A. Segregated public schools were unconstitutional. ■ B. Segregation was necessary. ■ C. Black children could not go to school.

**17. Brown v. Board of Education challenged segregation in _____ schools.**

■ A. public ■ B. private ■ C. European



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## 5 ROSA PARKS ■

**18. Who was Rosa Parks?**

■ A. A civil rights activist ■ B. A US president ■ C. A Supreme Court judge

**19. What happened in 1955?**

■ A. Rosa Parks refused to give up her bus seat. ■ B. Rosa Parks became president. ■ C. Rosa Parks opened a school.

**20. Where did this happen?**

■ A. Montgomery, Alabama ■ B. New York ■ C. Washington D.C.

**21. What was the Montgomery Bus Boycott?**

■ A. People stopped using buses to protest segregation. ■ B. People bought more bus tickets. ■ C. A new bus company was created.

**22. The boycott was a non-violent protest.**

■ A. TRUE ■ B. FALSE

## 6 MARTIN LUTHER KING JR. ■

**23. Martin Luther King Jr. was:**

■ A. a civil rights leader ■ B. a president ■ C. a soldier

**24. He supported:**

■ A. violent protest ■ B. non-violent protest ■ C. segregation

**25. Martin Luther King Jr. fought for _____ rights.**

■ A. civil ■ B. military ■ C. European

**26. His famous speech was:**

■ A. "I Have a Dream" ■ B. "I Have a Right" ■ C. "America for Everyone"

**27. When did he give this speech?**

■ A. 1955 ■ B. 1963 ■ C. 1965

## 7 THE CIVIL RIGHTS MOVEMENT

**28. What was the Civil Rights Movement?**

■ A. A movement for equal rights. ■ B. A movement supporting segregation. ■ C. A military movement.

**29. Which actions were used to protest?**

■ A. Boycotts ■ B. Sit-ins ■ C. Marches

**30. What is a sit-in?**

■ A. People sit in a segregated place to protest. ■ B. People sit at home. ■ C. People vote.

**31. The main goal was:**

■ A. more segregation ■ B. equal rights ■ C. separate countries

## 8 IMPORTANT LAWS

**32. The Civil Rights Act was passed in:**

■ A. 1954 ■ B. 1964 ■ C. 1965

**33. The Civil Rights Act aimed to:**

■ A. fight racial discrimination ■ B. create segregation ■ C. create slavery



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**34. The Voting Rights Act was passed in:**

■ A. 1955 ■ B. 1963 ■ C. 1965

**35. The Voting Rights Act protected:**

■ A. the right to vote ■ B. the right to drive ■ C. the right to travel



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FINAL CHALLENGE • TIMELINE

## 9 PUT THE EVENTS IN ORDER

| LETTER | EVENT |
|---|---|
| A | Civil Rights Act |
| B | Brown v. Board of Education |
| C | Plessy v. Ferguson |
| D | Voting Rights Act |
| E | Rosa Parks / Montgomery Bus Boycott |
| F | "I Have a Dream" |

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____
6. _____

## 10 KEY DATES TO REMEMBER ■

| DATE | EVENT |
|---|---|
| 1896 | Plessy v. Ferguson |
| 1954 | Brown v. Board of Education |
| 1955 | Rosa Parks / Montgomery Bus Boycott |
| 1963 | "I Have a Dream" |
| 1964 | Civil Rights Act |
| 1965 | Voting Rights Act |

**REMEMBER:** Segregation = separation. The Civil Rights Movement fought for equal rights. Boycotts, sit-ins and marches were forms of protest. Martin Luther King Jr. supported non-violent resistance.



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