

Part A • Grammar, Vocabulary and How to ...

GRAMMAR

1 Complete the sentences about the future with one word.

- I _____ seeing the doctor at 4 p.m. this afternoon.
- We're _____ to move to the south sometime next year.
- Megan _____ going away this weekend. She's staying here.
- A: There's someone outside.
B: Oh, OK. I _____ go and see who it is.
- _____ they going to cook for us?
- Look, it's raining! I _____ get an umbrella.
- They _____ meeting tomorrow. The meeting is next week.

/7

2 Complete the sentences with the words in the box. There are two words you do not need.

anything everyone everything everywhere
no one nothing someone somewhere

- There was _____ at home so I danced around the house and sang.
- Do you have _____ to eat? I'm really hungry.
- I was sent some flowers from _____ but I don't know who.
- I'm bored. Let's go out _____.
- This area gets busy _____ with tourists in the summer so I stay at home.
- There's _____ to watch on TV tonight so shall we put on a film?

? /6

3 Choose the correct option (a, b or c) to complete the sentences.

- I _____ a takeaway later if we're hungry.
a order b orders c 'll order
- You'll fall if you _____ careful!
a are b aren't c won't be
- If I see my brother, I _____ him about his trip.
a asks b 'll ask c ask
- If he feels ill tomorrow, he _____ come to work.
a doesn't b don't c won't

5 The table will break if you _____ on it. It's only small!

a sit b sits c 'll sit

6 If it _____ later, I'll walk and I won't drive.

a snow b snows c 'll snow

7 She _____ tell me if she fails the test.

a not b don't c won't

/7

VOCABULARY

4 Complete each sentence with the correct form of go, go to, have, see or watch.

- Would you like to _____ a club tonight?
- We've never _____ a live comedy show.
- I'm _____ for a coffee later with Ann.
- I _____ a great night out last night!
- Are you going to _____ the basketball match on TV later?

/5

5 Complete the sentences with words for containers.

- There's an orange in the fruit b _ _ l.
- Is that your m _ _ of tea?
- There's a j _ _ of honey in the cupboard.
- Would you like a b _ _ _ _ e of water?
- Would you mind opening this t _ _ of soup?

/5

6 Choose the correct words to complete the sentences.

- The move / run / speed of change in my company is slow.
- The amount of money in my bank has got small / smaller / smallest!
- The cost of a ticket has gone down / improved / increased from £27.00 to £25.00.
- This area has become / gone / improved too busy.
- How can I improve / increase / get faster my piano skills?

/5

- 7 Complete the sentences with the words in the box.
There are two words you do not need.

experience fail hope impossible negative side worry

- 1 I _____ that you do well in your interview.
- 2 She always looks on the bright _____ of life.
- 3 Our business will _____ if we don't work hard.
- 4 You _____ too much about grammar mistakes.
- 5 The heat makes it _____ to sleep.

/5

HOW TO ...

- 8 Choose the correct option (a, b or c) to complete the sentences.

- 1 Do you ____ I could borrow these pens?
a may b should c think
- 2 Please feel ____ to use my computer.
a free b right c afraid
- 3 You ____ to go to the reception desk.
a must b should c have
- 4 I'm sorry, ____ bags inside.
a any b none c no
- 5 I'm afraid that's not ____.
a ahead b possible c problem

/5

- 9 Complete the questions with a question tag.

- 1 We don't have lessons on Mondays, _____?
- 2 He can message us later, _____?
- 3 You haven't eaten yet, _____?
- 4 They arrived yesterday, _____?
- 5 She's studying ICT, _____?

/5

Total: /50

5 Read the email. Tick the topics (1–8) that the writer mentions.

- 1 Feelings about the day. _____
- 2 A dance competition. _____
- 3 A food activity. _____
- 4 An argument between friends. _____
- 5 A singing activity. _____
- 6 An activity challenge. _____
- 7 An art activity. _____
- 8 Game activities. _____

/5

Hi Billy,

Thanks for your last email. I'm pleased that you're enjoying your new apartment. It sounds great.

Last Saturday, I had a really fun day. I had a few friends round to watch a match. Our team won 2:1 so it started the afternoon off well. It was their first win this month and they really needed it.

One of the friends had to go to work so she left. The rest of us decided to stay in and eat. Last month, Ed and I had a big argument about the best food in the world, so we had a cooking competition. We each cooked something for everyone and they had to decide which dish was best. I love to win, so I tried my best, but Ed is a brilliant cook and I failed. Next time, I'll win. I'm sure!

After we ate, we played some old games. We decided that the loser of each game had to do something silly. I had to stand on my hands for 30 seconds. I did it but I almost fell over after 20 seconds. Someone had to go out and dance in the middle of the street for a minute. It was early evening so the streets were busy. It was so funny! My stomach hurt from laughing! I'm not sure what happened but one second it was 7 p.m. and when I next checked the time, it was 10 p.m. Those hours flew by.

The last thing we did was karaoke. A few of us wanted to watch a film but it seemed a bit boring after the games. So, I got my old karaoke machine out and we all sang. We only stopped when our neighbour came round to complain about the noise.

In the past, I saw my friends every week but everyone has become so busy. I loved spending time with them. We had such a laugh! We're meeting up again next month. They're coming to my house again. If you're in the area, I'll invite you to join us. You'll come, won't you?

Bye for now.

Kate x

6 Read the email again. Choose the correct words to complete the sentences.

- 1 The writer's team has **won** / **not won** a lot of matches recently.
- 2 **All** / **Not all** of the friends could stay for the evening.
- 3 The writer **likes to win** / **doesn't mind losing**.
- 4 The writer **won** / **didn't win** the cooking competition.
- 5 The writer **could** / **couldn't** stand on her hands for half a minute.
- 6 The writer's friend had to dance in front of **a few** / **a lot of** people.
- 7 The writer felt the time went **slowly** / **fast** when playing games.
- 8 **Everyone** / **Not everyone** did karaoke.
- 9 The evening **ended** / **didn't end** when the neighbour complained.
- 10 The writer says that the group **meet** / **don't meet** most weeks.

/10

Total: /50

7 Read the two texts about smartphones. Are the statements True (T) or False (F)?

- 1 Both texts talk about the very first smartphone. T / F
- 2 Only Text 2 describes the smartphones of the 2000s. T / F
- 3 Only Text 1 talks about apps used for sending messages. T / F
- 4 Both texts talk about how people keep their phones private. T / F
- 5 Both texts talk about what companies will use to make phones of the future. T / F
- 6 Both texts talk about the environment. T / F
- 7 Both texts talk about the use of phones for education. T / F

/7

Text 1

The Rise of the Smartphone

The first smartphone ever made was in 1993 but the first popular smartphone was the iPhone in 2007. Smartphone screens were in colour, and people touched them to choose apps or send messages.

Smartphones improved a lot in the 2010s. The cameras got better, the screens got bigger, the battery life improved and people used social media more and more. Messaging apps became really popular and making phone calls much less popular, but we still call them phones!

So, what can we expect to see in future mobile phones? Mobile phone material will probably be softer, so we can move the phone in different directions to make them bigger and smaller. The phones won't break so easily either. We'll watch things in 3D, and we'll use the phone to control everything in our lives – our heating, our car. Some people do this already, but everyone will do it in the future. If you find it hard to live without your phone now, it'll be impossible in the future!

Text 2

The Past and Future of the Smartphone

Smartphones became really popular with the first iPhone in 2007, but IBM made the very first smartphone in 1993. In 2007, in addition to making calls and sending SMS, smartphones could play music and video, and you could download apps on them. The first iPhone had a battery life of nine hours for internet use and five hours of talk time. It cost £269 with a two-year contract.

Today's top smartphones can cost over £1500. They're bigger than early smartphones, have a better battery life, a bigger memory and more cameras (often four – three on the back and one on the front). People use their fingers or faces to open their phones so other people can't use them.

So, what will mobile phones of the future look like? The material used to make phones will be greener because companies are looking for ways to be more environmentally friendly.

School children will do most of their schoolwork on their phones, and adults will use them even more for their work. No one will be able to live without their phones.

8 Read the texts again. Complete the sentences with one word, a number or a date from the texts.

- 1 IBM made the first smartphone in _____.
- 2 An iPhone in 2007 cost £_____.
- 3 People could talk on the first iPhone for _____ hours.
- 4 The best smartphones today can cost more than £_____.
- 5 People prefer using _____ apps to calling.
- 6 Today's smartphones often have _____ cameras on them.
- 7 Everyone will use phones in the future to turn on their _____ at home.
- 8 Young people will need to have a phone for their _____.

/8

Total: /50