

Listen to the conversation between Anne and Liam and complete the notes below. Write ONE WORD OR A NUMBER for each answer.

BLUEWATER SHOPPING CENTRE

- Number of shops: more than (2) _____
- Number of cinema screens: (3) _____
- Number of different films this week: (4) _____
- Other attraction: an (5) _____ park
- Number of cafés and restaurants: more than (6) _____
- Opening time tomorrow: (7) _____ o'clock in the morning

USE OF ENGLISH

Complete the sentences with these words.

buy cents euros pay pence
pounds sell spend

1. I don't want to _____ too much money on video games this month.
2. Could you go to the shop and _____ some bread and milk?
3. How much did you _____ for your new phone?
4. My grandmother is going to _____ her old car because she never drives anymore.
5. One euro is made up of 100 _____.
6. In the UK, small coins are called _____, and the bigger unit of money is the _____.
7. When we visited Spain and Italy, we had to change our money into _____.
8. He found a \$5 note on the street, but it was actually just 500 _____.

Place the words

Shopping trolley, credit card, sales assistant, changing room, special offer, half price



Complete the sentences with the correct modals.

1 can / can't

- a) I _____ swim very well; I'm still learning.
b) My brother _____ ride a bike.

2 can / can't

- a) _____ you help me with this exercise, please?
b) You _____ use your phone in class; it's not allowed.

3 can / could

- a) _____ I open the window, please? It's very hot.
b) _____ you speak more slowly? I don't understand.

4 can / can't

- a) My mum _____ speak French very well.
b) I _____ come to your party; I'm busy that day.

5 can / can't

- a) _____ I borrow your pen for a minute?
b) We _____ go out today because it's raining a lot.

6 can / could

- a) Excuse me, _____ you tell me the time, please?
b) _____ I have a glass of water, please?

Choose the correct words.

1. You **have to** / **mustn't** show your passport at the airport; it's a rule.

2. Students **must** / **mustn't** cheat in exams; it's against the rules.
3. I **didn't have to** / **had to** cook dinner because my mum had already made it.
4. You **don't have to** / **mustn't** bring your own pencil; the school gives you one.
5. Passengers **have to** / **should** fasten their seatbelts before the plane takes off.
6. He **must** / **should** drink more water; it's good for his health.
7. We **had to** / **didn't have to** walk home yesterday because the bus didn't come.
8. You **mustn't** / **don't have to** park here; it's a no-parking zone.

READING

Reading A – Do you have a part-time job?

1. **According to the text, why do many teenagers not have time for a part-time job?**
 - a) They spend too much money on clothes
 - b) There is a lot of pressure on them to do well at school and get into university
 - c) Their parents give them enough money already
2. **What does the writer say is "as important as anything they learn at school"?**
 - a) Getting a part-time job
 - b) Learning how to make and save money
 - c) Waiting for the sales

Reading B – Where do teens spend their money?

3. **According to the study, what is number one on the list of things teens buy?**
 - a) Entertainment
 - b) Food and drink
 - c) Clothes and shoes
4. **Which category includes computer games and going to the cinema?**
 - a) Entertainment
 - b) Jewellery
 - c) Food and drink

Reading C – Money tips

5. **What kind of website does Jill have?**
 - a) A website for buying clothes online
 - b) A website giving teens advice about money
 - c) A website comparing jobs for teenagers
6. **Besides sale shopping and jewellery, what other advice does Jill give?**
 - a) How to save money for the future and find jobs for extra money
 - b) How to ask parents for more pocket money
 - c) How to start a business selling clothes

 READING

1 Read the texts about teenagers and money.

A Do you have a part-time job?

The number of teens doing part-time jobs to get extra money is smaller than ever before. Teenagers say that they don't have the time to do part-time jobs because there's a lot of pressure on them to do well at school, get to university and *then* find a good job.

Most parents give their children some money every week, and some give them extra for helping with small jobs at home. But is that enough for the clothes, smartphones and entertainment they want? Learning how to make and save money to buy the things they really want is as important as anything they learn at school. This means more than shopping around for a better price or waiting for the sales when things are cheaper. Both are a good start, but a job is better.



B Where do teens spend their money?

A new study has shown that these are the items teenagers buy the most:

Clothes

Clothes and shoes are number one on the list, and have been for a long time.

Entertainment

As well as music, this includes computer games and going to the cinema, concerts, etc.

Food and drink

Having lunch or going for coffee with friends. Also, soft drinks, sweets and snacks are important.

Jewellery

Popular with teenage girls, but quite a lot of boys also spend money on it.

C

Money tips

We spoke to Jill who has a website giving advice to teens about money.

Int: So, Jill, what you do is tell teens about the best places to shop, right?

Jill: Yes, I talk about where to get the cheapest clothes, jewellery and so on.

Int: Do you mean buying things in the sales?

Jill: Yes. Most people know that it's best to buy things in the sales. However, many people want things now, so they don't want to wait.

Int: What other advice do you give?

Jill: I also give advice about how to save money for the future and where to find jobs to get some extra money.

Int: It sounds like useful advice. Thanks for talking to us.

Jill: My pleasure!