



SMPK BPK PENABUR BANDAR LAMPUNG
ACADEMIC YEAR 2025/2026
STUDENT WORKSHEETS

Name: _____

Class: _____

13.1 Cell Division

1. (a) What is mitosis?

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(b) In humans, where does mitosis occur? =

(c) How many phases are there in mitosis? Name them

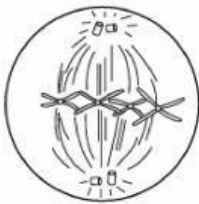
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2. Complete the sentences to explain the phases of mitosis in an animal cell.



- (a) The chromosomes condense and become tightly _____.
- (b) Each of them is made up of two sister _____ joined at the _____.
- (c) The _____ begin to form between the centrioles.
- (d) Each pair of centrioles move to the opposite _____ of the cell.
- (e) The _____ and _____ disintegrate.

Metaphase



- (a) The chromosomes line up at the _____ of the cell.
- (b) Each centromere is attached to the _____.
- (c) The centromeres start to _____.

Anaphase



- (a) The two sister chromatids _____ at the centromeres and move to the _____ poles of the cell.
- (b) Once split, the chromatids are known as _____ chromosomes.
- (c) At the end of anaphase, each pole of the cell has a complete and _____ chromosomes.

Telophase



- (a) The _____ sets of chromosomes reach the poles of the cell.
- (b) The chromosomes start to _____ and lengthen to become chromatids.
- (c) The _____ disappear.
- (d) The _____ and _____ reappear in each nucleus.

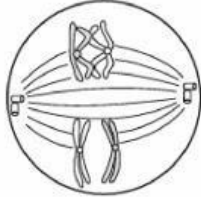
3. Complete the sentences to explain the phases of meiosis 1 in an animal cell.

Prophase I



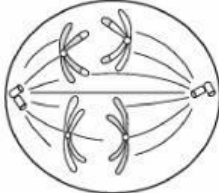
- (a) The chromosomes _____ and become tightly _____.
- (b) The _____ chromosomes pair up.
- (c) _____ occurs to produce new combination of genes in chromosomes.
- (d) Each pair of _____ moves to the opposite poles of the cell.
- (e) The _____ and _____ disintegrate.

Metaphase I



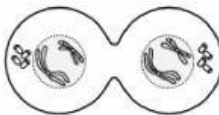
- (a) Pairs of homologous chromosomes line up at the _____ of the cell.
- (b) Each centromere is attached to the _____.

Anaphase I



- (a) Each chromosome in the pair moves to the _____ poles of the cell.
- (b) Each chromosome still exists as a pair of sister _____.

Telophase I



- (a) The chromosomes _____ at the poles.
- (b) The _____ and _____ reappear.
- (c) _____ occurs, producing two haploid cells.