Tên: ……..

Lớp: S7…

Ngày giao bài: Thứ ……, ngày ……/…….

Ngày nộp bài: Thứ ……, ngày ……/…….

Week: 5

Từ vựng HW: ……

Nghe HW: ……

GROWING UP - VOCABULARY & PET SPEAKING PART 4 PRACTICE

A. VOCABULARY

Con bấm vào link/code để nghe và đọc lại từ vựng nhé:
https://soundcloud.com/ms-chi-english/for_s7_w5_vocabulary-1

No	Word / Structure	Meaning	Useful phrases
1	childhood	thời thơ ấu	during childhood, have a happy childhood
2	toddler	trẻ mới biết đi	a two-year-old toddler, look after a toddler
3	teenage years	những năm tuổi teen	during the teenage years, enjoy your teenage years
4	adolescence	tuổi vị thành niên / giai đoạn thanh thiếu niên	during adolescence, go through adolescence
5	adulthood	tuổi trưởng thành	reach adulthood, in early adulthood
6	middle-aged	trung niên	a middle-aged person, become middle-aged
7	elderly	lớn tuổi / cao tuổi	elderly people, take care of elderly relatives
8	in your early/mid/late twenties/thirties	ở đầu / giữa / cuối độ tuổi 20/30	be in your early twenties, people in their late thirties
9	between the ages of … and …	trong độ tuổi từ … đến …	children between the ages of 5 and 10, students between the ages of 12 and 15
10	tradition	truyền thống	follow a tradition, keep a tradition alive
11	custom	phong tục	a local custom, respect different customs
12	celebration	lễ kỷ niệm / sự ăn mừng	a family celebration, take part in a celebration
13	occasion	dịp	a special occasion, on important occasions
14	ceremony	buổi lễ / nghi lễ	a wedding ceremony, attend a ceremony

- Extra Vocabulary

No	Word / Structure	Meaning	Useful phrases
1	go on an expedition	tham gia một chuyến thám hiểm	go on an expedition to the Arctic, take young people on expeditions
2	take part in something	tham gia vào việc gì	take part in a challenge, take part in an expedition
3	provide a grant	cung cấp khoản hỗ trợ tài chính	provide a grant for young people, receive a grant

LIVEWORKSHEETS

4	develop confidence	phát triển sự tự tin	develop confidence through travel, help students develop confidence
5	a sense of adventure	tinh thần thích phiêu lưu / khám phá	develop a sense of adventure, have a sense of adventure
6	be keen to learn	ham học hỏi / rất muốn học	be keen to learn new skills, people who are keen to learn
7	expert scientific knowledge	kiến thức khoa học chuyên sâu	have expert scientific knowledge, need expert scientific knowledge
8	gap-year expedition	chuyến thám hiểm trong năm nghỉ trước/sau đại học	join a gap-year expedition, organize gap-year expeditions
9	survive in extreme cold	sống sót trong điều kiện cực lạnh	learn how to survive in extreme cold, survive in difficult conditions
10	get out of the experience	nhận được / học được điều gì từ trải nghiệm	hope to get something out of the experience, get a lot out of the experience

B. CLASSWORK

VOCABULARY

I. Fill in the blanks with the correct words from the list below.

elderly	ceremony	adulthood	childhood	adolescence

1. Many people change a lot during _____, both physically and emotionally.
2. My grandparents are _____, so my parents visit them every weekend to help with housework.
3. When people reach _____, they often have more responsibilities, such as working and paying bills.
4. I had a happy _____ because I spent a lot of time playing outside with my cousins.
5. We attended a beautiful wedding _____ at a small church near the river.

II. Rearrange the words/phrases to make complete sentences.

1. We / respect / should / customs / different / when / abroad. / we / travel

→ _____.

2. children / the ages / of / between / 5 and 10 / learn / quickly. / new languages / Many

→ _____.

3. Many / try / families / keep / to / their / tradition / alive.

→ _____.

4. People / wear / usually / formal clothes / important / on / occasions.

→ _____.

5. Some people / may / in / late / their / thirties / start / a new career.

→ _____.

LIVEWORKSHEETS

HOLIDAYS

Speaking Mind Map

1 What do you usually do on holiday?

- destination
- with family / friends
- relax at home
- travel to the beach / mountains / countryside
- go sightseeing
- try local food
- take photos
- go shopping
- read books
- sleep more

USEFUL LANGUAGE

I usually...
I often...
Sometimes I...

2 Do you want to try a different kind of holiday? Why (not)?

- camping holiday
- adventure holiday
- city break
- beach holiday
- eco-tourism
- cruise
- because it is exciting / relaxing / cheap / educational
- I want to experience something new
- I don't want to because it is expensive / tiring / dangerous

USEFUL LANGUAGE

I'd like to try...
I want to... because...
I wouldn't like to... because...

3 Do you think holidays should be relaxing or exciting?

- relaxing: rest, less stress, peaceful, recharge
- exciting: fun, new experiences, activities, memorable
- both are good
- depends on mood, budget, and travel partners

USEFUL LANGUAGE

I think...
In my opinion...
It depends...

4 What's your idea of the perfect holiday?

- ideal place
- weather
- activities
- people to go with
- food
- accommodation
- length of trip
- budget

USEFUL LANGUAGE

My perfect holiday would be...
It would include...
The best part would be...

Useful Expressions

- I usually spend my holiday...
- One day, I'd love to try...
- For me, the best holiday is...
- I prefer... because...

LIVEWORKSHEETS

C. HOMEWORK

VOCABULARY (15 questions)

I. Con học thuộc nghĩa của từ, chỉnh phát âm theo từ điển và chép mỗi từ ở phần A. Vocabulary (trang 1) 1 dòng vào vở ghi.

II. Choose the word/phrase that has the SIMILAR meaning with the bold word.

1. My grandmother is **elderly**, so she needs more time to walk upstairs.

   A. very young B. old and needing care C. very busy

2. Many children have special memories from their **childhood**.

   A. early years of life B. school subjects C. future plans

3. In some countries, people follow an old **tradition** during New Year.

   A. modern hobby B. family problem C. custom passed down over time

4. During **adolescence**, teenagers often experience many emotional changes.

   A. old age

   B. the period between childhood and adulthood

   C. the first year of life

5. A wedding **ceremony** usually includes important promises and formal activities.

   A. formal event B. birthday gift C. daily habit

III. Find out the words or phrases based on the clues below.

1. the time when you are a child	→	C ___ I ___ ___ H O O ___
2. a very young child who has just learned to walk	→	___ O ___ D ___ E ___
3. people who are no longer young and are usually around 40–60 years old	→	M ___ ___ D L ___-A ___ E ___
4. an event when people do something enjoyable to mark a special day	→	C ___ L E ___ ___ A ___ ___ O N
5. a special time when something important happens	→	___ C ___ A S ___ O ___

IV. Complete each sentence using the prompts.

1. Many children / between / ages / of 5 and 10 / can / learn / new habits / quickly

→ _____.

2. People / in / early twenties / often / start / make / important life decisions

→ _____.

3. Families / should / keep / important traditions / alive / so / younger generations / understand / their culture

→ _____.

LIVEWORKSHEETS

4. A wedding / be / special occasion / when / relatives and friends / come together

→ _____.

5. During / childhood / people / often / form / memories / that / stay with them / for many years

→ _____.

LISTENING PRACTICE (5 questions)

Lưu ý:

1. Khi làm bài tập có từ mới, các con cần tra từ điển. Sau khi tra từ điển, các con chép mỗi từ mới **1 dòng** để ghi nhớ.
2. Các con gạch chân các từ khoá chính trong bài.

Con làm bài nghe theo link/code sau:

https://soundcloud.com/ms-chi-english/opp-preliminary-for-schools

Part 4

22 For each question, choose the correct answer.

You will hear someone talking about an organization that takes young people on expeditions.

20 David has come on the radio programme to

- **A** encourage more young people to go exploring.
- **B** find some new and talented explorers.
- **C** explain how to become an expedition leader.

21 What does David say about the young people who go on the expeditions?

- **A** They must pay the whole cost of the expedition.
- **B** They must have a good understanding of science.
- **C** They must want to learn about the environment.

22 What is true about the summer expeditions?

- **A** They are for young people aged over 18 only.
- **B** They take place in one location.
- **C** They can last up to a year.

23 What did the young people do on the most recent Arctic adventure?

- **A** They studied the geography of the area.
- **B** They took part in various adventure sports.
- **C** They went camping without their leaders.

24 What is true about the Arctic competition?

- **A** One lucky winner will join a group of environmentalists.
- **B** The winners will have the chance to take part in adventure activities.
- **C** The group will spend two months studying climate change.

25 How do people first enter the competition?

- **A** by making a film about the Arctic
- **B** by describing their previous experience of exploring
- **C** by explaining their reasons for wanting to take part

LIVEWORKSHEETS