

Test 4

Reading and Use of English • Part 4

For questions 25–30, complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first sentence, using the word given. **Do not change the word given.** You must use between **two** and **five** words, including the word given. Here is an example (0).

Example:

0 Karen didn't really want to go to the party.

FORWARD

Karen wasn't really to the party.

The gap can be filled by the words 'looking forward to going', so you write:

Example:

0	LOOKING FORWARD TO GOING
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25 Daisy regretted eating so much cake.

WISH

'I so much cake,' said Daisy.

26 Luis managed to fix the bicycle on his own.

SUCCEEDED

Luis the bicycle on his own.

27 Bring your swimming things because it might be warm enough to go swimming.

CASE

Bring your swimming things warm enough to go swimming.

28 Our teacher said we should use the information available on the Internet.

ADVANTAGE

Our teacher advised us the information available on the Internet.

29 When Anne got back from holiday, I called her immediately.

SOON

I called Anne back from holiday.

30 My brother's trainers cost a lot less than mine.

FAR

My brother's trainers expensive than mine.