

## ENGLISH 9 – UNIT 2 TEST

Time allowed: 45 minutes

Full name: \_\_\_\_\_ Class: \_\_\_\_\_

### I. PHONETICS (4 questions)

**Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently.**

1. A. polluted      B. crowded      C. needed      D. wanted  
2. A. city      B. traffic      C. environment      D. bicycle

**Choose the word whose stress is different.**

3. A. attractive      B. historical      C. pollution      D. affordable  
4. A. convenient      B. wonderful      C. enjoyable      D. expensive

### II. VOCABULARY & GRAMMAR (Questions 5–20)

5. Public \_\_\_\_\_ helps reduce traffic congestion.  
A. transport      B. pollution      C. jungle      D. skyscraper
6. The city is much \_\_\_\_\_ than the village.  
A. busy      B. busier      C. busiest      D. more busy
7. There are \_\_\_\_\_ parks in my neighbourhood.  
A. much      B. little      C. many      D. a little
8. People move to cities \_\_\_\_\_ they can find better jobs.  
A. because      B. although      C. but      D. so
9. My father goes to work \_\_\_\_\_ bus.  
A. on      B. with      C. by      D. in
10. Noise pollution has a bad effect \_\_\_\_\_ our health.  
A. on      B. in      C. with      D. of
11. The museum is famous \_\_\_\_\_ its history.  
A. of      B. for      C. in      D. with
12. If we recycle more, we \_\_\_\_\_ less waste.  
A. produce      B. produced      C. will produce      D. have produced
13. There aren't \_\_\_\_\_ supermarkets near my house.  
A. much      B. many      C. little      D. a few
14. The cost of living is \_\_\_\_\_ than in the countryside.  
A. high      B. higher      C. highest      D. the higher
15. The \_\_\_\_\_ people use public transport, the \_\_\_\_\_ traffic becomes.  
A. more/lighter      B. many/lighter      C. much/light      D. more/lightest
16. The \_\_\_\_\_ we plant trees, the \_\_\_\_\_ the air becomes.  
A. much/cleaner      B. more/cleaner      C. many/clean      D. more/cleanest

17. The city has many public \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. amenities                      B. transport                      C. pollution                      D. traffic
18. Living in the countryside is \_\_\_\_\_ than living in the city.  
 A. peaceful                      B. more peaceful                      C. most peaceful                      D. peacefuller
19. The \_\_\_\_\_ the population grows, the \_\_\_\_\_ housing becomes.  
 A. larger/cheaper                      B. faster/more expensive  
 C. more/expensive                      D. biggest/most expensive
20. The \_\_\_\_\_ you practise English, the \_\_\_\_\_ you become.  
 A. more/more confident                      B. much/confident  
 C. many/confident                      D. most/most confident

### III. READING (Questions 21–26)

Living in a city has both advantages and disadvantages. Cities offer better schools, hospitals and public transport. People can find more jobs and enjoy many entertainment activities. However, traffic jams, noise pollution and high living costs are common problems. To make cities better places to live, everyone should use public transport, plant more trees and reduce waste.

21. What is the passage mainly about?  
 A. City life                      B. Country life                      C. Transport                      D. Schools
22. Which advantage is mentioned?  
 A. Better hospitals                      B. Cheaper houses                      C. Cleaner air                      D. Fewer people
23. Which problem is mentioned?  
 A. Floods                      B. Traffic jams                      C. Drought                      D. Earthquakes
24. What should people do?  
 A. Cut trees                      B. Use public transport                      C. Build factories                      D. Burn waste
25. The word 'offer' is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. provide                      B. take                      C. sell                      D. stop
26. The passage suggests that everyone should protect the \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. environment                      B. history                      C. population                      D. economy

### IV. CLOZE TEST (Questions 27–32)

Cities are becoming (27) \_\_\_\_\_ every year. More people move to cities (28) \_\_\_\_\_ they can find better jobs. However, city life also has many problems. Traffic congestion makes life more (29) \_\_\_\_\_. People should (30) \_\_\_\_\_ public transport more often. Then cities will become (31) \_\_\_\_\_ places to live and everyone will have a better quality (32) \_\_\_\_\_ life.

27. A. smaller                      B. larger                      C. quieter                      D. cheaper  
 28. A. although                      B. because                      C. but                      D. unless  
 29. A. easy                      B. easier                      C. difficult                      D. difficulty

30. A. use                      B. using                      C. used                      D. uses  
31. A. good                      B. better                      C. best                      D. well  
32. A. for                      B. on                      C. of                      D. with

**V. WRITING (Questions 33–40)**

33. If you study harder, you will get better results.  
→ The \_\_\_\_\_
34. If we plant more trees, the environment will become cleaner.  
→ The \_\_\_\_\_
35. When the city becomes bigger, traffic becomes worse.  
→ The \_\_\_\_\_
36. If people exercise more, they become healthier.  
→ The \_\_\_\_\_
37. If you spend more time reading, your English will improve.  
→ The \_\_\_\_\_
38. As the population increases, housing becomes more expensive.  
→ The \_\_\_\_\_
39. If people use more public transport, pollution will decrease.  
→ The \_\_\_\_\_
40. If children practise English more, they speak it more fluently.  
→ The \_\_\_\_\_

### ANSWER KEY

1C 2D 3B 4B

5A 6B 7C 8A 9C 10A 11B 12C 13B 14B 15A 16B 17A 18B 19B 20A

21A 22A 23B 24B 25A 26A

27B 28B 29C 30A 31B 32C

33 The harder you study, the better results you will get.

34 The more trees we plant, the cleaner the environment becomes.

35 The bigger the city becomes, the worse the traffic becomes.

36 The more people exercise, the healthier they become.

37 The more time you spend reading, the more your English improves.

38 The larger the population is, the more expensive housing becomes.

39 The more public transport people use, the less pollution there is.

40 The more English children practise, the more fluently they speak it.