Moving to Bogotá

My name is Daniel, and I recently decided to move to Bogotá, **a vibrant Colombian city which offers many opportunities for young professionals.** Although some people complain about the traffic, I believe the city has many advantages.

Bogotá, which is the capital of Colombia, has several modern neighborhoods that attract people from different parts of the country. I chose **a spacious contemporary apartment that overlooks the mountains.** Despite the high cost of living in some areas, I found a comfortable place that suits my budget.

The city has many cultural attractions, which include museums, parks, and theaters. In spite of the frequent rain, residents usually enjoy outdoor activities. Bogotá is also famous for its gastronomy and nightlife; however, public transportation can sometimes be crowded.

Even though adapting to a new city can be challenging, I am excited about this experience. I believe Bogotá is an **exciting large city with endless** possibilities for people who are willing to explore it.

Grammar Focus

1. Defining Relative Clauses
they give essential information about a noun.
Examples:
• Bogotá has neighborhoods that attract young professionals.
Relative pronouns: who, which, that, where, when.

2. Non-defining Relative Clauses
They add extra information and are separated by commas.
Examples:
• Bogotá, which is the capital of Colombia, offers many opportunities.

3. Order of Modifiers
Opinion → Size → Age → Type → Noun
Examples:
• an exciting large city
• a beautiful modern neighborhood
• a comfortable contemporary apartment

4. Connecting Contrasting Ideas
although / even though + clause
Despite / In spite of + noun or -ing
however / nevertheless to contrast two ideas.

LIVEWORKSHEETS

GRAMMAR EXERCISES

A. Complete with although, despite, in spite of, however, or even though.

1. _____ Bogotá is expensive, many young people move there.

2. The weather is unpredictable; _____, residents enjoy outdoor activities.

3. _____ the traffic, Daniel enjoys living in the city.

4. Daniel chose Bogotá _____ his parents preferred another city.

B. Choose the correct relative pronoun.

1. Bogotá is a city _____ attracts thousands of tourists every year.
a) who
b) which
c) where

2. The museums, _____ are very popular, receive many visitors.
a) that
b) who
c) which

3. I moved to a neighborhood _____ has excellent restaurants.
a) that
b) where
c) who

C. Put the adjectives in the correct order.

1. exciting / large / city

_____

2. old / charming / neighborhood

_____

3. contemporary / spacious / apartment

D. Error Correction

1. Bogotá, that is the capital of Colombia, attracts many visitors.

_____

2. Despite it was raining, Daniel visited the city center.

_____

LIVEWORKSHEETS