

**EXAMEN FINAL INTERMEDIO 4 - UNSA - CENTRO DE IDIOMAS - MAYO 2026 -
IDIOMA INGLES**

Part 1: Vocabulary (20 Questions)

Section 1: Sentence Completion (10 Questions)

Instructions: Complete the sentences with the most appropriate vocabulary word. The first letter of the correct word has been provided as a clue. Write your answers in ALL CAPS.

Example (Question 0):

0. If you get lost in the deep forest, a COMPASS will help you find north.

1. After months of intense training, she finally managed to **L**_____ a new skill like coding.
2. Buying a house and having children are two major life **M**_____ that many people look forward to.
3. Don't forget to pack a waterproof **J**_____ because it is expected to rain heavily during our mountain trek.
4. To survive a long hike, you must ensure you have a sufficient supply of drinking water and camping **E**_____.
5. Due to the dense fog, we couldn't clearly see the mountain **P**_____ from our cabin window.
6. The Amazon is the longest **R**_____ in South America, flowing through several countries.
7. We had to **P**_____ off our outdoor trip until next weekend because of the unexpected storm.
8. She decided to **T**_____ up a new hobby, so she registered for a pottery class.
9. Graduating from university was a significant **A**_____ that opened many professional doors for him.
10. The Sahara is a vast, arid **D**_____ where very few plants can grow without water.

Section 2: Matching (10 Questions)

Instructions: Match the vocabulary word in Column A with its correct definition or synonym in Column B. Write the correct letter (A-K) in the spaces provided. Write your answers in ALL CAPS.

Example (Question 0):

Column A (Words)	Column B (Definitions / Synonyms)
0. [K] Boots	0. Protective footwear used for hiking.
1. ____ Sleeping bag	A. A very high hill, often with rocks and ice at the top.
2. ____ Backpack	B. An event or achievement that marks an important stage in life.
3. ____ Mountain	C. To delay doing something until a later time; postpone.
4. ____ Milestone	D. A large bag used for carrying things on your back when walking.
5. ____ Put off	E. A warm lined padded bag to sleep in, especially when camping.

Column A (Words)	Column B (Definitions / Synonyms)
6. ____ Coast	F. The land next to or close to the sea.
7. ____ Look after	G. Amazingly, or in a way that causes great surprise.
8. ____ Surprisingly	H. To take care of someone or something.
9. ____ Desert	I. To start doing a particular activity or hobby.
10. ____ Take up	J. A large, dry, hot area of land with very few plants.
	K. Protective footwear used for hiking.

Part 2: Grammar (30 Questions)

Section 1: Multiple Choice (10 Questions)

Instructions: Choose the correct option (A, B, C or D) to complete each sentence. Write your answers in ALL CAPS.

Example (Question 0):

0. She is from Spain, A she?

A) isn't

B) aren't

C) doesn't

D) don't

Answer: A

1. When I was five years old, I _____ swim very well, but now I practice every day.

A) can
B) couldn't
C) managed to
D) able to
2. By the time the police arrived, the bank robbers _____ already escaped.

A) have
B) had
C) did
D) were
3. I bought a map _____ get lost while exploring the old city center.

A) in order to
B) so that
C) so as not to
D) for
4. Passengers _____ wear their seatbelts at all times during takeoff. It is a strict rule.

- A) don't have to
- B) must
- C) can
- D) managed to
5. This ancient temple _____ by thousands of tourists every single month.
- A) is visited
- B) visits
- C) was visit
- D) is visiting
6. The new community center _____ by the mayor yesterday afternoon.
- A) is opened
- B) was opened
- C) has opened
- D) opened
7. Mount Everest, _____ is the highest mountain in the world, is located in the Himalayas.
- A) which
- B) who
- C) where
- D) that
8. My brother, _____ lives in London, is coming to visit us next week.

A) which

B) whose

C) who

D) that

9. You _____ bring a heavy coat; the weather forecast says it's going to be very warm.

A) mustn't

B) don't have to

C) shouldn't to

D) haven't to

10. She _____ to finish the project on time despite having computer problems all day.

A) could

B) was able

C) managed

D) can

Section 2: Open Cloze - Sentence Completion (10 Questions)

Instructions: Complete the sentence using the correct form of the verb or grammatical structure in parentheses. Write your answers in ALL CAPS.

Example (Question 0):

0. Yesterday, I **WENT** (go) to the supermarket to buy some bread.

1. When we reached the cinema, the movie _____ (already / start).
2. You _____ (not have to / pay) for the museum entry; it is completely free on Sundays.
3. The Mona Lisa _____ (paint) by Leonardo da Vinci in the 16th century.
4. I took a taxi in order _____ (arrive) at the airport before my flight closed.
5. The Amazon Rainforest, _____ (which / contain) millions of species of insects, is facing deforestation.
6. He _____ (manage / fix) his car yesterday after working on it for three hours.
7. In a library, you _____ (must not / make) loud noises; it is strictly prohibited.
8. English _____ (speak) by millions of people all over the world as a second language.
9. Before she moved to Spain, Maria _____ (never / study) Spanish.
10. The hotel room _____ (clean) by the staff every morning before midday.

Section 3: Error Correction (10 Questions)

Instructions: Each sentence contains exactly one grammatical error. Identify the error and rewrite the sentence correctly. Write your answers in ALL CAPS.

Example (Question 0):

0. He do not like to study history on weekends.

Corrected: HE DOES NOT LIKE TO STUDY HISTORY ON WEEKENDS.

1. Yesterday, I could to pass my driving test after failing it three times.
2. By the time I arrived at the station, the train left.

3. I am saving money for buy a new professional camera next month.
4. You don't have to smoke inside the hospital; it is completely illegal.
5. The thief was catch by the security guard a few minutes after the alarm rang.
6. These laptops are manufacture in Taiwan by a very famous tech company.
7. Paris, that is the capital of France, is known as the City of Light.
8. My uncle, which is a famous geographer, has traveled to Antarctica twice.
9. We carried a compass so as to not lose our way in the deep forest.
10. Students mustn't to use their mobile phones during the final examination.

Part 3: Reading Comprehension (1 Text + 30 Questions)

Instructions: Read the article about adventure tourism carefully before answering the questions.

Reading Text: The Price of the Wild

For many modern travelers, ticking off major life milestones no longer just means buying a home or securing a promotion; it involves conquering the natural world. Every year, thousands of adventurers pack their specialized outdoor equipment—ranging from thermal sleeping bags to advanced GPS devices—in order to challenge themselves against Earth's harshest environments. One such destination is the Atacama Desert, which is known as the driest non-polar place on Earth.

However, before anyone sets foot on these remote terrains, they must understand that strict rules apply. In past decades, tourists could explore these regions without much supervision. Unfortunately, due to environmental damage, local authorities have

introduced rigid regulations. Today, visitors are obligated to hire certified guides, and certain fragile zones mustn't be entered under any circumstances. Surprisingly, despite these limitations, tourism has actually increased.

Experts point out that the human psychological need to manage difficult tasks drives this trend. Last year, a documentary about a hiker who had survived a week lost in the Andes went viral. By the time he was rescued, he had lost ten kilograms but had gained a new perspective on life. He managed to survive simply because he had packed a traditional map and compass as a backup, which saved him when his digital device ran out of battery. This story inspired a new wave of eco-tourists who want to experience the wild, but who also understand that the planet must be looked after. Today, ancient trails are preserved, and local economies are heavily supported by this modern thirst for adventure.

Section 1: True / False / Doesn't Say (10 Questions)

Instructions: Based on the reading text, determine if each statement is TRUE, FALSE, or DOESN'T SAY. Write your answers in ALL CAPS.

Example (Question 0):

0. The text discusses travelers who like to stay in luxury hotels. F
1. Modern travelers consider conquering nature as a potential life milestone. _____
 2. The Atacama Desert is described as the wettest polar region on Earth. _____
 3. In the past, tourists faced more restrictions when exploring remote areas than they do now. _____
 4. It is now mandatory for tourists to hire certified guides to explore certain regions. _____
 5. Tourism decreased drastically after authorities introduced stricter rules. _____
 6. The hiker in the documentary survived by using his high-tech digital device. _____
 7. The hiker had lost exactly fifteen kilograms by the time he was found by rescuers. _____
 8. The documentary about the hiker was directed by a famous British filmmaker. _____

9. Traditional maps and compasses proved to be life-saving tools for the hiker. _____
10. Modern eco-tourism contributes financial support to local economies. _____

Section 2: Reading Multiple Choice (10 Questions)

Instructions: Choose the correct option (A, B, C or D) based on explicit or implicit information from the text. Write your answers in ALL CAPS.

Example (Question 0):

0. What kind of environment does the text talk about? **B**
- A) The urban world
- B) The natural wild world
- C) Indoor sports arenas
- D) Underwater cities
1. According to the text, why do adventurers pack specialized outdoor equipment?
- A) To sell them to local guides.
- B) In order to challenge themselves in harsh environments.
- C) Because it is cheaper than renting.
- D) To follow fashion trends.
2. What makes the Atacama Desert unique according to the article?
- A) It is the highest mountain trail.
- B) It is the driest non-polar place on Earth.
- C) It has no rules for tourists.
- D) It is located in the polar region.

3. How did the rules for tourists change compared to past decades?
 - A) They became more relaxed and open.
 - B) Authorities decided to ban tourism entirely.
 - C) Strict regulations and obligations were introduced.
 - D) Tourists don't have to follow any paths now.

4. What is stated about the fragile zones in these destinations?
 - A) They are open for camping.
 - B) They must not be entered under any circumstances.
 - C) They are visited only by local politicians.
 - D) They are manufactured for entertainment.

5. What happened after the rigid environmental regulations were implemented?
 - A) Tourism numbers surprisingly went up.
 - B) Tourists protested and left the country.
 - C) All travel agencies went bankrupt.
 - D) The desert became a river.

6. Why did the hiker's digital device stop working during his journey?
 - A) It fell into a deep river.
 - B) It ran out of battery.
 - C) It was stolen by other hikers.
 - D) It was damaged by the desert heat.

7. How did the hiker manage to survive after his device failed?
- A) He waited for a helicopter without moving.
 - B) He used a traditional map and compass he had packed.
 - C) He followed the stars every night.
 - D) He was rescued by local wild animals.
8. What effect did the documentary have on the public?
- A) It made people afraid of going outside.
 - B) It inspired a new wave of eco-tourists.
 - C) It convinced authorities to close the desert.
 - D) It was completely ignored by the media.
9. What is the current attitude towards ancient trails?
- A) They are being destroyed to build hotels.
 - B) They are completely ignored by the public.
 - C) They are being preserved.
 - D) They are only open during winter.
10. Who is currently benefiting from the modern thirst for adventure?
- A) Only the digital electronics manufacturers.
 - B) Film directors who make documentaries.
 - C) Local economies and environments.
 - D) International airline companies exclusively.

Section 3: Text Word Fill-In (10 Questions)

Instructions: Complete the sentences using EXACTLY ONE WORD extracted directly from the reading text. Write your answers in ALL CAPS.

Example (Question 0):

0. Thousands of adventurers **PACK** their bags every single year.

1. Travelers pack specialized outdoor equipment such as thermal sleeping bags and advanced GPS _____.
2. The Atacama Desert is widely known as the _____ non-polar place on Earth.
3. In past decades, tourists could explore these distant regions without much _____.
4. Due to widespread environmental _____, local authorities had to introduce rigid regulations.
5. Visitors are currently _____ to hire certified guides before entering these zones.
6. The human psychological need to manage difficult _____ is what drives this modern travel trend.
7. Last year, a documentary about a lost hiker in the Andes went _____ on social media platforms.
8. By the time the hiker was finally rescued, he had lost ten _____.
9. The hiker possessed a traditional map and compass which served as an effective _____ tool.
10. Today, ancient trails are carefully preserved, and local _____ are heavily supported.