Quiz - Unions, Strikes, & Retaliation in the Industrial Revolution

Part 1: Multiple Choice: Choose the best answer for each question.

1. What was the main purpose of labor unions?
   a. To increase factory pollution
   b. To improve wages and working conditions
   c. To close all factories
   d. To reduce transportation
2. What is a strike?
   a. A factory celebration
   b. Workers refusing to work to demand changes
   c. A railroad accident
   d. A type of machine
3. Why did workers form unions during the Industrial Revolution?
   a. To shorten school days
   b. To improve safety and pay
   c. To increase child labor
   d. To reduce factory production
4. Which of the following was a common problem faced by factory workers?
   a. Short workdays
   b. Unsafe working conditions
   c. High wages
   d. Too many vacations
5. What was one way some factory owners retaliated against striking workers?
   a. Raising wages immediately
   b. Hiring replacement workers
   c. Closing schools
   d. Giving workers vacations
6. Which group often supported workers' rights?
   a. Labor unions
   b. Railroad companies
   c. Factory owners
   d. Bankers
7. During the Industrial Revolution, strikes sometimes became—
   a. peaceful festivals
   b. violent conflicts
   c. school events
   d. sporting events
8. What did many unions demand?
   a. Longer working hours
   b. Safer workplaces
   c. Lower wages
   d. More child labor
9. Which of the following best describes retaliation?
   a. Rewarding workers
   b. Punishing workers for protesting
   c. Building more factories
   d. Improving schools
10. Why were strikes important during the Industrial Revolution?
    a. They helped workers fight for change
    b. They stopped all businesses forever
    c. They ended railroads
    d. They reduced communication

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Part 2: True or False

Write True or False for each statement.

11. _____ Labor unions wanted better working conditions for workers.
12. _____ Factory owners always agreed with workers' demands immediately.
13. _____ Many strikes occurred because workers were unhappy with low pay and unsafe conditions.
14. _____ Retaliation could include firing workers who joined unions.
15. _____ Workers during the Industrial Revolution often worked long hours.
16. _____ Strikes were never connected to labor unions.
17. _____ Some strikes turned violent during the Industrial Revolution.
18. _____ Labor unions fought against child labor and unsafe factories.
19. _____ Factory owners sometimes hired replacement workers during strikes.
20. _____ Unions played a role in improving workers' rights over time.

Part 3: Mix and Match

Match the term with the correct definition.

Column A	**Column B**
21. Union	a. Unsafe conditions and low pay
22. Strike	b. Group organized to protect workers
23. Retaliation	c. Workers refusing to work
24. Factory Conditions	d. Fair pay for workers
25. Wages	e. Punishment against protesting workers

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