

1. Why do oceans play an important role in sustaining life on Earth?
 - A. They produce oxygen and support ecosystems
 - B. They only provide drinking water
 - C. They create plastic materials
 - D. They stop earthquakes

2. What is the main danger of plastic waste in oceans?
 - A. It changes ocean color
 - B. It harms marine life and ecosystems
 - C. It increases rainfall
 - D. It creates more beaches

3. Which chart is most effective for showing proportions of ocean rubbish?
 - A. Bar graph
 - B. Pie chart
 - C. Timeline
 - D. Map

4. Why are microplastics harmful to sea animals?
 - A. Animals may accidentally eat them
 - B. They improve animal health
 - C. They make oceans cleaner
 - D. They increase oxygen

5. What does the term 'decompose' mean?
 - A. To grow larger
 - B. To break down naturally
 - C. To disappear instantly
 - D. To freeze completely

6. Which material is biodegradable?
 - A. Plastic straw
 - B. Glass bottle
 - C. Banana peel
 - D. Rubber boot

7. Why is reducing rubbish important for ocean conservation?
 - A. It protects marine habitats
 - B. It makes oceans warmer
 - C. It creates more plastic
 - D. It reduces fish size

8. What is the purpose of a Carroll diagram?
 - A. To compare temperatures
 - B. To sort items into groups
 - C. To measure rainfall
 - D. To draw pie charts

9. Which item would most likely belong in the 'plastics' category?
- A. Cotton shirt
 - B. Cardboard box
 - C. Plastic bottle
 - D. Banana peel
10. How can humans help reduce ocean pollution?
- A. Throwing rubbish into rivers
 - B. Using more plastic bags
 - C. Recycling and reducing waste
 - D. Burning all rubbish
11. Why are oceans important to animals?
- A. They provide habitats and food
 - B. They provide roads
 - C. They create electricity
 - D. They stop migration
12. What is one effect of ocean pollution on marine ecosystems?
- A. Increased biodiversity
 - B. Damage to food chains
 - C. Cleaner water
 - D. Faster decomposition
13. Which statement about oxygen is correct?
- A. It is only found underwater
 - B. It is necessary for living things to survive
 - C. It is produced by rubbish
 - D. It cannot be found in oceans
14. Why is plastic difficult to manage in oceans?
- A. It decomposes very quickly
 - B. It can remain for many years
 - C. It disappears instantly
 - D. Fish can recycle it
15. What can students do to help protect oceans?
- A. Reduce single-use plastics and recycle
 - B. Throw waste into drains
 - C. Ignore pollution problems
 - D. Use more disposable products