36 ĐỀ THAM KHẢO VÀO 10 NĂM HỌC 2025-2026 SƠ THANH HOÁ

SỞ GIÁO DỤC VÀ ĐÀO TẠO
THANH HÓA

ĐỀ THI ĐỀ XUẤT 1

KỲ THI TUYỂN SINH VÀO LỚP 10 THPT
NĂM HỌC 2025-2026
Môn thi: TIẾNG ANH
Thời gian làm bài: 60 phút ***(không kể thời gian phát đề)***
Ngày thi:
(Đề thi gồm 50 câu, gồm 03 trang)

PART A. PHONETICS

I. Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others in the same line and write A, B, C or D on your answer sheet.

1. A. wanted B. played C. listened D. answered
2. A. cat B. cake C. game D. stay
3. A. weather B. brother C. theater D. there

II. Choose the word whose stress pattern is different from that of the others in the same line and write A, B, C or D on your answer sheet.

4. A. garden B. receive C. open D. finish
5 A. celebration B. entertainment C. information D. difference

PART B. VOCABULARY AND GRAMMAR

I. Supply the correct form of the verbs in brackets. Write the answers on your answer sheet.

6. She (watch) _____ TV every evening.
7. They (play) _____ football in the park yesterday.
8. While he (sleep) _____, someone knocked on the door.
9. I'm looking forward to (meet) _____ you soon.
10. Boys! Why you (always/ make) _____noise?

II. Supply the correct form of the words in capital. Write the answers on your answer sheet.

11. His _____ was clear when he won the prize. **(HAPPY)**
12. The book is very _____ . I love it very much. **(INTEREST)**
13. He drove _____ down the narrow street. **(CAREFUL)**
14. We need to _____ the process. **(SIMPLY)**
15. We always look up to him because of his _____comments. **(SPEAK)**

IV. Choose the word or phrase that best fits the gap in each of the following sentences. Write A, B, C or D on your answer sheet.

16. She works as ___ doctor in a small town.
A. a B. an C. the D. Ø
17. My family gathered ___ New Year's Day.
A. in B. on C. at D. to
18. There isn't _____ milk in the fridge.
A. much B. many C. some D. few
19. She is _____ than her brother.
A. tall B. taller C. tallest D. most tall
20. We stayed at home _____ it was raining.
A. so B. because of C. because D. even though
21. This is the boy _____ broke the window.
A. which B. who C. whom D. whose
22. Ann: "Can I help you?" – Ba: "_____"
A. Yes, please B. No, I don't C. I'm sorry D. Thank you
23. We ran out of time and had to _____ the meeting.
A. call up B. call off C. call in D. call for
24. The company _____ a new marketing campaign to increase sales.
A. launched B. created C. built D. formed
25. All people who were without homes in the flood were provided with

LIVEWORKSHEETS

accommodation.

A. short B. present C. instant D. temporary

PART C. READING

I. Read the following passage and circle the most suitable word from the ones given in the box to fill in each gap. Write the answers on your answer sheet.

most started hundred tour as

Mai and Lan were on a sightseeing (26)_____about London at weekend. In the afternoon they (27)_____from Piccadilly Circus, the busiest crossroad in London. They went up Regent Street, one of the best shopping streets, as far (28) _____Oxford Circus. There they turned left onto Oxford Street. A little farther on the left was a small quiet street called Bond Street with the (29) _____fashionable shops in London. Keeping along Oxford Street, they saw Marble Arch, which is over one (30) _____years old and was first used as a gate into Hyde Park.

II. Read the following passage and choose the best answer A, B, C or D to fill in each gap. Write the answers on your answer sheet.

If you are interested in having a trip of a lifetime, but also doing something useful at the same time, then why not try joining a Greenforce expedition as a volunteer. Greenforce, (31) _____ was set up in 1997, is an international research agency that gathers information about wildlife and natural habitats in various parts of the world. There is a qualified biologist in charge of each team of volunteers and these carry out surveys all year round in some of the world remote and most beautiful places. Volunteers come from all walks of life. No previous experience is necessary as Greenforce provides full (32) _____ in animal identification and survey methods. However, you will need to be a person who enjoys the outdoor life (33) _____ working in remote locations can be challenging. You'll also need to be passionate about wildlife and prepare to learn a lot about the place you visit. (34) _____ expedition lasts for ten weeks, and training begins in the UK with a residential weekend where you can get a taste of expedition life and meet up with some of your teammates, as well as learning about first-aid and basic survival skills. Each volunteer (35) _____ £2,550 towards the cost of the expedition, but past volunteers say it is worth every penny.

31: A. who	**B.** which	**C.** that	**D.** whose
32: A. operation	**B.** performance	**C.** production	**D.** training
33: A. but	**B.** moreover	**C.** since	**D.** although
34: A. Many	**B.** Much	**C.** Other	**D.** Each
35: A. contributes	**B.** compensates	**C.** pays	**D.** offers

III. Read the following passage and answer the questions by choosing the best answer A, B, C or D. Write the answers on your answer sheet.

International Student Volunteers (ISV) is a California-based non-profit volunteer organization. Since 2002, more than 35,000 students have joined ISV to volunteer and make a difference during their summer break. One of ISV's programs, High School Program (HSP), combining volunteer work and adventure travel, is an 18-day program for high school students aged 15-18. Since its first launch in 2007 in Australia for the first time, HSP has provided **opportunities** for students to make a difference to communities and that in need while learning about responsibility and global issues.

Each group of students is led by a seasoned ISV leader and accompanied by a High School leader (either teacher or coach) throughout their trip. HSP's regional staff is available to provide timely help. Students can live, travel and learn in a fun environment. There are a lot of activities **that** build good characters and inspire students to contribute their efforts and time to communities. For a couple of days, students can visit local areas and learn about their cultures or difficulties faced by local people. For the other days, they can join adventure activities to step out of their comfort zone and challenge themselves.

High school students can choose among three countries - Costa Rica, Dominican Republic, or Thailand to spend their trip. HSP intends to expand their network to other

LIVEWORKSHEETS

countries. If you're a high school student, give it a shot!

36. What is the passage mainly about?

A. Volunteer activities in California **B.** HSP – a prominent volunteer program

C. ISV- non-profit volunteer organization **D.** Volunteers in some developing countries

37. The word **opportunities** in paragraph 1 is closest in meaning to _____.

A. facilities **B.** changes **C.** chances **D.** scholarships

38. According to paragraph 1, _____ has enabled students to make a difference to communities and those learning about responsibility and global issues.

A. ISV **B.** Costa Rica **C.** HSP **D.** Thailand

39. Which of the followings is TRUE according to the passage?

A. HSP was introduced for the first time in 2002.

B. There are three people directly in charge of each group of students.

C. Students can now go on HSP trips to five countries.

D. HSP is the combination of volunteering and adventure travel.

40. The word **that** in paragraph 2 refers to _____.

A. students **B.** activities **C.** characters **D.** issues

PART D. WRITING

I. Rewrite each of the following sentences beginning as shows, so that the meaning stays the same.

41. She is too short to reach the shelf.

→ She is not _____.

42. "Where is my book?" he asked.

→ He asked me _____.

43. Unless you study hard, you won't pass the exam.

→ If you _____.

44. Ethnic people in the mountainous regions live more simply than people in the city.

→ People in the city _____.

45. Peter didn't go to school yesterday because he was sick.

→Because of _____.

II. Rewrite each of the following sentences using the given wards so that it keeps the same meaning. Do not change the farms of the words given.

46. The boy is very friendly. He lives next door. **(WHO)**

→ The boy _____.

47. She liked to hang out with friends on Saturday. **(INTERESTED)**

→ She _____.

48. Jane often worked hard when she was young. **(USED)**

→ Jane _____.

49. I was about to leave when she turned up. **(POINT)**

→ I was _____.

50. You should punish him severely so that others will be afraid to behave as he did. **(EXAMPLE)**

You should _____

LIVEWORKSHEETS