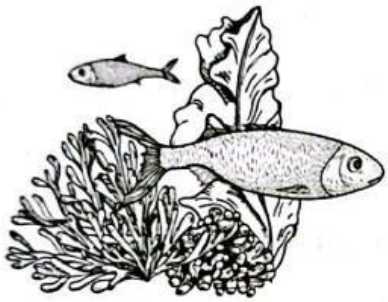
PART 5

Exercise 1

Read the following text for questions 1-6.

THE MYSTERIOUS WORLD OF DEEP SEA CREATURES



The ocean covers more than 70% of the Earth's surface, but most of it remains unexplored. Scientists believe that we know more about the surface of the moon than about the deepest parts of the sea. The deep sea is usually described as the area below 200 meters, where sunlight cannot reach. This mysterious world is home to some of the strangest creatures on the planet.

Many deep-sea animals have developed special ways to survive in complete darkness. One of the most interesting examples is the anglerfish. It has a long body and a huge mouth filled with sharp teeth. On its head, it carries a small piece of glowing flesh called a lure, which looks like a tiny light. The anglerfish uses this light to attract smaller fish close to its mouth. When the prey comes near, the anglerfish catches it in an instant.

Another amazing deep-sea creature is the giant squid. For centuries, sailors told stories about giant sea monsters attacking ships, but now scientists know that these stories were probably based on real sightings of giant squid. These animals can grow up to 13 meters long. Their large eyes help them see better in the dark, and their long arms make it easier to catch prey.

Many deep-sea creatures also produce their own light. This process is called bioluminescence. It helps them to find food, attract mates, or confuse predators. Some jellyfish, for example, produce flashes of blue or green light when they are touched.

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Unfortunately, the deep sea is facing threats from human activity. Pollution, climate change, and deep-sea mining could harm these special creatures before we even have the chance to discover all of them. That is why scientists are calling for more protection of the deep-sea environment. They believe there are thousands of unknown species still waiting to be found in the mysterious world below.

For questions 1-4, fill in the missing information in the numbered spaces. Write no more than ONE WORD and/or A NUMBER for each question.

The deep sea starts at a depth of **(1)** _____ meters.

The anglerfish uses a glowing **(2)** _____ to attract its prey.

A giant squid can grow up to **(3)** _____ meters long.

Some jellyfish make light when they are **(4)** _____.

For questions 5-6, choose the correct answer A, B, C, or D.

5. Why are scientists worried about deep-sea creatures?

A) People might destroy their environment.
B) The creatures are dangerous to humans.
C) They are difficult to find because of their size.
D) Deep-sea animals stop producing light.

6. What is the main purpose of the text?

A) To explain the history of sea travel
B) To describe different deep-sea animals and their lives
C) To tell a story about sailors and sea monsters
D) To teach people how to become deep-sea divers

Exercise 2

Read the following text for questions 1-6.

THE LIFE OF A TREE

Trees are some of the most important living things on our planet. They provide us with oxygen, offer shelter to animals, and help clean the air. Trees can live for a very long time. Some live for hundreds of years, while others

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