VOCABULARY: COUNTRIES FACTFILES JU MSS TEOCAK

Exercise 1: National Factbox

Complete the factbox for Japan using the words in the box below.

capital | currency | flag | population | national anthem | government

Japan FACTBOX

1 _____ Kimigayo

2 _____ 125 million

3 _____ White with a red circle

4 _____ Tokyo

5 _____ Japanese Yen (¥)

6 _____ Parliamentary constitutional monarchy

Exercise 2: Verb & Noun Collocations

Verb	**Phrase**
1. Cast	**a.** a political party
2. Run for	**b.** a vote
3. Win	**c.** an election
4. Join	**d.** office (e.g., President)

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5. Propose **e.** a new policy

Exercise 3: Word Scramble

Unscramble the capitalized words to complete the sentences about international politics.

1. The United Nations is an international **ZANIONOTIRAG** _____.
2. Every four years, citizens go to the polls for a general **TIECOLELN** _____.
3. A person who represents their country abroad is called an **SAMDORBAMA** _____.
4. The **YCMOEON** _____ of the country improved after trade increased.
5. Most countries have a **DERBORN** _____ that they share with a neighbor.

Exercise 4: Odd One Out

Write the word in each group that does not belong.

1. *Monarchy | Republic | Democracy | Population*
   - _____
2. *Dollar | Euro | Policy | Yen*
   - _____
3. *Senator | King | President | Prime Minister*
   - _____

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Exercise 5: Fill in the Blanks

Use the words below to complete the paragraph about how laws are made.

law | debate | Parliament | vote | sign

In a democracy, members of [1.] _____ usually meet to discuss new ideas for the country. Before a new [2.] _____ is passed, politicians must [3.] _____ the details to see if it is a good idea. Once the discussion is over, they hold a [4.] _____. If the majority agrees, the head of state will often [5.] _____ the document to make it official.

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