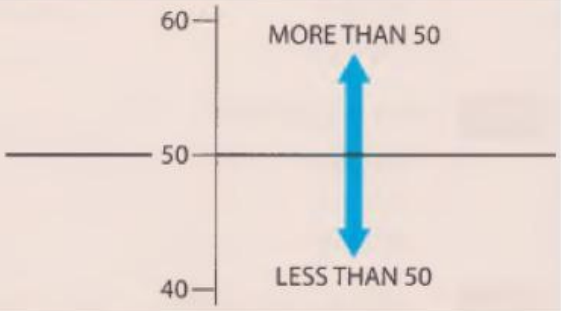
We usually say: than **me** / than **him** / than **her** / than **us** / than **them**.
You can say:

- I can run faster **than him**. *or* I can run faster **than he can**.
- You are a better singer **than me**. *or* You are a better singer **than I am**.
- I got up earlier **than her**. *or* I got up earlier **than she did**.

more/less than ...

- A: How much did your shoes cost? £60?
  B: No, **more than** that. (= **more than** £60)
- The film was very short – **less than** an hour.
- They have **more money than** they need.
- You go out **more than** me.



88.1 Write sentences about Kate and Ben. Use **than**.



Kate

1 I'm 26.
2 I'm not a very good swimmer.
3 I'm 1 metre 68 tall.
4 I start work at 8 o'clock.
5 I don't work very hard.
6 I don't have much money.
7 I'm a very good driver.
8 I'm not very patient.
9 I'm not a very good dancer.
10 I'm very intelligent.
11 I speak French very well.
12 I don't go to the cinema very much.



Ben

1 I'm 24.
2 I'm a very good swimmer.
3 I'm 1 metre 63 tall.
4 I start work at 8.30.
5 I work very hard.
6 I have a lot of money.
7 I'm not a very good driver.
8 I'm very patient.
9 I'm a good dancer.
10 I'm not very intelligent.
11 I don't speak French very well.
12 I go to the cinema a lot.

1 Kate *is older than Ben*.
2 Ben *is a better swimmer than Kate*.
3 Kate is ..... .
4 Kate starts ..... Ben.
5 Ben ..... .
6 Ben has ..... .
7 Kate is a ..... .
8 Ben ..... .
9 Ben ..... .
10 Kate ..... .
11 Kate ..... .
12 Ben ..... .

88.2 Complete the sentences. Use **than**.

1 He isn't very tall. You're *taller than him (OR taller than he is)*.
2 She isn't very old. You're ..... .
3 I don't work very hard. You work ..... .
4 He doesn't watch TV very much. You ..... .
5 I'm not a very good cook. You ..... .
6 We don't know many people. You ..... .
7 They don't have much money. You ..... .
8 I can't run very fast. You can ..... .
9 She hasn't been here very long. You ..... .
10 They didn't get up very early. You ..... .
11 He wasn't very surprised. You ..... .

LIVEWORKSHEETS

6 Put the words in the correct order to make sentences.

1 goes / others / this model / than / faster _____
2 's / than / my last one / my phone / bigger _____
3 lighter / my new laptop / is _____
4 is / the new car / more spacious / than the / old car _____
5 more expensive / than / the standard car / the GTI model is _____
6 than / more advanced / the features / are / for other TVs _____

7 Choose the correct option.

1 It's *better* / *worse* than my old laptop. I like it a lot.
2 The battery on this phone is *better* / *worse* than my old phone. It dies after just four hours.
3 This model is *more cheap* / *cheaper* than the new model.
4 This one's *bigger* / *biger* than my old laptop.

8 Complete the sentences about two cars with the correct form of the words in brackets.

1 The Morgan Plus Six model is _____ (new) than the Morgan Plus 4.
2 The Morgan Plus 4 has a _____ (powerful) engine than the Plus Six model.
3 The Morgan Plus 4 goes _____ (fast) than the Morgan Plus Six.
4 The Morgan Plus Six is _____ (comfortable) for tall drivers.
5 The Morgan Plus 4 is _____ (heavy) than the Morgan Plus Six.
6 The Morgan Plus 4 has _____ (big) wheels than the Morgan Plus Six.
7 The Morgan Plus 4 is _____ (cheap) than the Morgan Plus Six.
8 The Morgan 3 Wheeler is _____ (small) than the Plus 4.

VIDEO


The Morgan Plus 4


The Morgan Plus Six

9 7.1.1 Watch the video. Are the sentences in Exercise 8 *true* (T) or *false* (F)?

10 Watch the video again and complete the text.

The Morgan Motor Company makes [1]_____ different models of [2]_____ cars. The Morgan Plus 4 was launched in [3]_____ and the Morgan Plus Six was launched in [4]_____. The top speed of the Plus Six is [5]_____ kph and the top speed of the Plus 4 is [6]_____ kph. The weight of the Plus Six is [7]_____ (kg) and the Plus 4 [8]_____ (kg). The Plus 4 costs £45,000 and the Plus Six costs [9]_____. The Morgan Motor Company also make a three-wheeled car. The first model was launched in [10]_____. This car costs [11]_____. It is [12]_____ to drive.

LIVEWORKSHEETS

1 Complete the questions with the correct form of the words in brackets. Then ask the questions to Student A.

1. Which phone is _____ (heavy)?
2. Which phone has a _____ (bad) battery?
3. Which phone is _____ (thin)?
4. What are the special features of each model?
5. Which phone is _____ (cheap)?

Student A

1 Use the information in the table to answer Student's B questions.

Product name	GIT 200 phone	GIT 250 phone
Weight	185 grams	200 gram
Battery life	338 hours	400 hours
Size	156 x 74.3 x 9 mm	158 x 75 x 8mm
Features	Better camera than any other model, advanced security software.	Longer battery life than any other model, larger memory than any other model.
Price	£399	£420

LIVEWORKSHEETS

2 Complete the questions with the correct form of the words in brackets. Then ask the questions to Student B.

1 Which car is _____ (light)?
2 Which car has a _____ (powerful) engine?
3 Which car is _____ (fast)?
4 What are the special features of each model?
5 Which car is _____ (expensive)?

Product name	Super K family car	Super S sports car
Weight	1,590 kilogrammes	1,985 kilogrammes
Engine	1.4 litres	1.6 litres
Top speed	200 kilometres per hour	260 kilometres per hour
Features	Large space for luggage, advanced safety features.	Advanced safety features, very comfortable for tall drivers.
Price	£38,500	£42,000

1 Complete the text with the correct form of the words in brackets.

I bought a new digital camera. It's [1]_____ (good) than my old camera because it's [2]_____ (small), [3]_____ (light) and has a [4]_____ (long) battery life. It also has a [5]_____ (large) memory than my old camera. When I want to download photos onto my computer, it's [6]_____ (easy) and [7]_____ (fast), too. It was [8]_____ (expensive) than my old one, but I'm very happy with my choice.

2 Write comparative sentences. Do not change the order of the words.

1 This car / be / spacious / than last year's model

_____

2 This laptop / be / heavy / than my old one

_____

3 These office chairs / be / bad / than the chairs we had before

_____

4 Yuri's phone / be / thin / than my phone

_____

5 The software on this model / be / secure / than the old one

_____

LIVEWORKSHEETS

6 This tablet / be / cheap / than Harry's tablet

_____

7 These laptops / be / slow / than the old ones

_____

8 The battery life / be / short / on this model / than that one

_____

Comparing cleaning agencies

1 **Read the adverts below and tick (✓) the correct column in the table.**

	Spotless Cleaning Service	Parkwood Cleaning
Cleaners any day of the week		
High-quality		
Eco-friendly cleaning products		
Fixed fee		
Own equipment		
Service between 6 a.m. and 10 p.m.		
Wide range of services		
Window and carpet cleaning		

Spotless Cleaning Service

Expert cleaning services.

We offer a wide range of cleaning services for offices, hotels, restaurants, schools, universities and hospitals.

We can supply window and carpet cleaners.

We have expert, experienced cleaners.

We supply all our own equipment. We use eco-friendly cleaning products.

We provide a high-quality service at great prices.

Parkwood Cleaning

The answer to all your cleaning needs.

We have a very high number of cleaners for all types of cleaning jobs.

We can supply a cleaner any day of the week, between 6 a.m. and 10 p.m.

We supply cleaning products and equipment.

We offer a complete service for a fixed fee.

2 7.01 **Listen to the conversation and answer the questions.**

1 What's the problem?

2 Which company do Tina and Ian choose?

LIVEWORKSHEETS

3 **Listen again. Are the sentences *true* (T) or *false* (F)?**

1 Ian and Tina have a client meeting this week. ___

2 Ian thinks Spotless are more professional. ___

3 Tina and Ian don't need the carpets cleaned. ___

4 Tina thinks the Parkwood cleaners are more experienced. ___

5 The service is more expensive at Parkwood. ___

6 Ian thinks they don't need expert cleaners. ___

7 Tina wants to pay more for better quality. ___

8 Tina and Ian choose the cheaper company. ___

LIVEWORKSHEETS