A04

MODALS OF NECESSITY

by Julian Conde

I. Write T (true) or F (false).

1. ____: Modals have different forms depending on the person (e.g., I, he, they).
2. ____: To show necessity in the past, you should use ***must have + past participle***.
3. ____: The expression ***have got to*** is primarily used in formal writing and formal speeches.
4. ____: ***Must not*** and ***don't have to*** mean the same thing and can be used interchangeably.
5. ____: In questions and negatives, it is more common to use ***should*** than ***ought to***.
6. ____: ***Had better*** is a stronger form of advice than should and implies a negative consequence if not followed.
7. ____: The modal ***shall*** is commonly used with all pronouns (I, you, he, she, it, we, they) to ask for advice.
8. ____: Using ***be supposed to*** in the past affirmative (e.g., "We were supposed to...") suggests that the action actually happened.
9. ____: ***Could*** is more common than might when making polite, not-too-strong suggestions.
10. ____: ***Be to*** is used in formal English to express a strong expectation.

II Choose the best answer.

1. I missed the meeting yesterday because I _____ go to the dentist.

- A) had to
- B) must have

2. A: Is it okay if we miss the flight? B: No! We _____ miss it, or we'll lose our tickets!

- A) mustn't
- B) don't have to

3. You _____ taken the bus instead of walking in the rain.

- A) might
- B) might have



LIVEWORKSHEETS