

UNIT TWO

Whole numbers

I. Answer the following questions as true or false

1. One is the smallest whole number.
2. The smallest 5-digit number is the predecessor of the largest 4-digit number.
3. Zero is less than every natural number.
4. There is a largest whole number.
5. Every natural number is a whole number, but 0 is a whole number which is also a natural number.
6. Counting numbers are called natural numbers.
7. Whole numbers are nothing but natural numbers.
8. 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, ... are known as natural numbers.
9. Zero is the smallest whole number.
10. 9999 is the highest whole number.

11. Natural number is subset of whole number.
12. There is a whole number which when added to another whole number, gives that number.
13. . If A, B, C are three whole numbers then $(A + B) + C = A + (C + B)$.
14. If A and B are two whole numbers such that $A > B$ or $A = B$ then $A - B$ is a whole number
15. . If A and B are two whole numbers then $A - B$ is equal to $B - A$.
16. $(A - B) - C = A - (B + C)$.
17. $435 \times 145 = 435 \times (5 + 40 + 100)$.
18. Natural number is subset of whole number.
19. The smallest 5-digit number is the predecessor of the largest 4-digit number
20. The subtraction of whole numbers is always whole number.

II. Choose the correct Answer the following questions

1. The whole number which does not have predecessor is _____.
a) 99 b) 1 c) 0 d) 9
2. What least number must be subtracted from 13605 to get a number exactly divisible by 85?
a) 5 b) 15 c) 12 d) 9
3. What is the largest 4-digit whole number that is divisible by 25?
a) 1000 b) 9975 c) 9985 d) 9995
4. place value of 8 in 486732 is _____.
a) 80000 b) 8000 c) 800 d) 8
5. Place value of 0 in 350672 is _____.
a) 10 b) 0 c) 100 d) 1000

