

ĐỀ SỐ 2

I. Choose the word which has the underlined part pronounced differently from the others by circling A, B, C, or D.

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|----------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|
| 1. A. <u>s</u> quare | B. b <u>a</u> dminion | C. g <u>r</u> andfather | D. m <u>a</u> ch |
| 2. A. <u>i</u> dea | B. r <u>e</u> ason | C. f <u>e</u> ature | D. t <u>e</u> acher |
| 3. A. <u>e</u> asy | B. p <u>l</u> ease | C. w <u>e</u> ak | D. p <u>ea</u> r |

II. Choose the words that is different from the rest in each group.

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| 4. A. basketball | B. volleyball | C. football | D. chess |
| 5. A. marathon | B. running | C. swimming | D. high jump |

III. Choose the word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that best complete the sentence.

6. What do students often do _____ break?
 A. in B. for C. at D. on
7. I don't like brown rice. Don't you have _____?
 A. white ones B. any white C. no white D. a white
8. Would you like _____ that for you?
 A. me doing B. that I do C. me do D. me to do
9. You can join the club when you _____ older.
 A. will get B. get C. are getting D. can get
10. Can you see any people in the house?
 A. Only a little B. Only few C. Only a few D. Only little
11. Our class is going to _____ a picnic at the zoo on Saturday. Would you like to come with us?
 A. have B. take C. pass D. go
12. There are two lights _____ t ceiling.
 A. in B. at C. on D. between
13. There _____ four chairs and a table v the middle of the room.
 A. are - in B. are - at C. is - on D. is - in
14. They are moving _____ a new apartment _____ the city centre soon.
 A. at - at B. from - in C. to - in D. to - from
15. My best friend is kind and _____. He often makes me laugh.
 A. funny B. nice C. shy D. boring

IV. Fill each gap of the following sentences with a suitable preposition.

16. My birthday is _____ September 3nd.
17. The party will start _____ seven o'clock _____ the evening.
18. He was born _____ April 2002.
19. The dog is _____ shelf.
20. Our teacher is _____ the classroom.

V. Give the correct form of the words in brackets.

21. Ms. Huong is a _____ teacher. (humor)
22. Are you sure that boys are more _____ than girls? (act)
23. I hate being around Mary Lou, she is _____. (friend)
24. When you drive to work, you have to be extremely _____. (care)
25. An _____ is a home for children whose parents are dead. (orphan)

VI. Each of the following sentences has one mistake. Identify and correct the mistakes.

26. Do you know how many teachers does your school have?

27. She is twenty-one year old and she is a student.

28. This is Tuan. He is mine classmate.

29. Our classroom is on the three floor.

30. What time your brother usually get up?

VII. Choose the correct answer A, B, C, or D for each of the gaps to complete the following test.

There are many Chinese festivals in Hong Kong. The Western New Year starts on the first day of January but the Chinese begin New Year on the first day of the first of the Chinese calendar. Before New Year's Day comes, people clean and decorate their houses, (31) _____ a lot of traditional food and go shopping for presents and new clothes. New Year's Eve is the time for (32) _____ every family gathers its members together for dinner.

People (33) _____ the New Year with a music performance and firework display to light up the sky.

On New Year's Day, they visit their friends and relatives. The children get lucky money in red envelopes. Many people go to the (34) _____ to wish for good health and good luck. Chinese people in Hong Kong celebrate the New Year with (35) _____ and happiness.

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|----------------|-------------|-----------|--------------|
| 31. A. take | B. bring | C. cook | D. sell |
| 32. A. when | B. after | C. before | D. bring |
| 33. A. meet | B. see | C. end | D. celebrate |
| 34. A. houses | B. pagodas | C. family | D. camps |
| 35. A. hopeful | B. hopeless | C. hope | D. hoping |

VIII. Read the texts and decide if the sentences below are T (True) or F (False).

The most important celebration holiday in China is the Lunar New Year. At this time, shops are closed. People celebrate by having parties, by paying friendly phone calls to their neighbors, and by visiting the temples or pagodas to make promises for the New Year. Children walk through the streets, carrying colorful lanterns and paper figures. Fireworks are also set off to light up the sky.

The time of the New Year is also the time at which Chinese people decorate their homes. For example, the windows, which are made of thick rice paper are torn down, and new ones are put up. This is also the time during which people pay their debts. Everyone tries to settle all his bills before the beginning of the New Year. Before New Year's Eve, people make their homes attractive by decorating them with flowers and plants, and hanging brightly-colored decorations.

36. This passage as a whole is about _____.
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|-------------------------|------------------------|
| A. paying debts | B. China |
| C. the Chinese New Year | C. New Year's promises |

37. The Lunar New Year is _____.
- A. an important Chinese holiday
B. the time for having large meals
C. a special time for children
D. the time when no one is in debt
38. What can we infer from the passage?
- A. The Chinese have only one holiday.
B. The Chinese New Year is happy.
C. The Chinese New Year celebration lasts seven days.
D. People don't go to church during the Chinese New Year.
39. Which of these sentences is NOT true?
- A. Fireworks are set off to light up the sky.
B. Windows in Chinese houses are made of paper.
C. Chinese people pay debts at New Year's
D. People also decorate the windows.
40. How can people make their homes attractive?
- A. By decorating them with flowers and plants.
B. By decorating them with brightly-coloured decorations.
C. By hanging brightly-coloured decorations outside their homes.
D. By decorating them with flowers and plants, and hanging brightly-coloured decorations.

IX. Finish the second sentence so that it means the same as the sentence printed before.

41. Her daughter is ten years old.

→ She _____

42. Listening to music is more interesting than watching TV.

→ I prefer _____

43. I don't like candies either.

→ Neither _____

44. The black car is cheaper than the red car.

→ The red car _____

45. There is a sink, a tub and a shower in the bathroom.

→ The bathroom _____

IX. Rewrite the correct sentences.

46. many / right / the / museum / Are / flowers / the / there / to / of / ?

47. next / photocopy / What / store / there / the / is / to / ?

48. hospital / father / in / the / city / My / a / works / in.

49. there / family / many / in / are / How / Linh's / people / ?

50. his / friend / in / family / My / Hanoi / doesn't / with / live.

The end