

Tên:

Lớp: S8...

Ngày giao bài: Thứ, ngày/.....

Ngày nộp bài: Thứ, ngày/.....



Week: 31

Ngữ pháp HW:

Đọc HW:

GE8 – U7: HISTORICAL FIGURES – GRAMMAR REVISION

A. THEORY

I. GRAMMAR REVISION

1. Past Continuous (Quá khứ tiếp diễn)

a. Cách dùng:

- Hành động xảy ra tại **thời điểm cụ thể** trong quá khứ → At 9 p.m., my family **was watching** TV.
- Hai hành động** diễn ra song song trong quá khứ → I **was driving** while my brother **was singing**.
- Hành động đang diễn ra thì bị **xen vào** bởi hành động khác → When Jane came, we **were having** dinner.

b. Dấu hiệu:

	Cách dùng	Cấu trúc	Ví dụ
While	Diễn tả hai hành động dài đang diễn ra đồng thời trong quá khứ	While + S + was/were + V-ing, S + was/were + V-ing	I was reading while he was sleeping.
	Diễn tả một hành động dài đang diễn ra thì một hành động ngắn xen vào (nhấn vào hành động dài)	While + S + was/were + V-ing, S + V2/ed	While we were discussing the contract, her child shouted.
When	Diễn tả hành động ngắn xảy ra , cắt ngang hành động dài	When + S + V2/ed, S + was/were + V-ing	When the phone rang, I was having a shower.
	Diễn tả hành động dài đang diễn ra thì hành động ngắn xen vào (nhấn vào hành động ngắn)	When + S + was/were + V-ing, S + V2/ed	When we were talking, John suddenly came in.

c. Cấu trúc:

Loại câu	Cấu trúc	Ví dụ
Khẳng định	S + was/were + V-ing.	She was planting trees at 4 p.m. yesterday.
Phủ định	S + wasn't/weren't + V-ing.	They weren't working for that company at that time in 1990.
Nghi vấn	Was/Were + S + V-ing? ➢ Yes, S + was/were. ➢ No, S + wasn't/weren't.	Was he eating while I was studying ? – No, he was not.
Wh-question	Wh- + was/were + S + V-ing?	What was she doing at 8 p.m. yesterday?

2. Verbs followed by prepositions (Động từ theo sau là giới từ)

deal with	giải quyết	indulge in	say mê, đắm chìm vào
take part in / participate in	tham gia, tham dự vào	reflect on	suy ngẫm về
interfere with	cản trở	assist with	hỗ trợ với
cheat in	gian lận	struggle with	vật lộn với, khó khăn với
cope with	đương đầu với	devote to	cống hiến cho
succeed in	thành công (ở lĩnh vực gì)	persist in	kiên trì với

3. Past perfect simple (Thì quá khứ hoàn thành)

- Dùng để nói về **những hành động đã hoàn thành trước một hành động** hoặc **tình huống khác trong quá khứ**.
- Được dùng khi muốn **tập trung vào kết quả của hành động**.
- Cấu trúc:

Positive	S + had + V_{3/ed}.	E.g. She had had breakfast before we came.
Negative	S + had + not + V_{3/ed}.	E.g. Linda had not washed the dishes when her mother came home.
Question	Had + S + V_{3/ed}? Wh- + had + S + V_{3/ed}?	E.g. Had he left when we went to bed? What had you done before midnight yesterday?

II. CAMBRIDGE VOCABULARY

No.	New words	Meanings	No.	New words	Meanings
1	injury (n)	chấn thương	3	achieve a personal best (phr.)	đạt thành tích cá nhân tốt nhất
2	share a love of something (phr.)	chia sẻ niềm yêu thích			

B. CLASSWORK (20 questions)

I. Circle the correct answers.

- By the time the technician arrived to repair the check-in machine, the manager _____ the situation with the angry passengers.
 - already dealt
 - has already dealt
 - was already dealing
 - had already dealt
- While the engineers _____ the new wind-powered prototype, they noticed a significant flaw in the propeller design.
 - were testing
 - had tested
 - tested
 - are testing
- Anna _____ all the interview questions more confidently than the other candidates because she _____ her notes thoroughly beforehand.
 - answered / was reviewing
 - answered / had reviewed
 - was answering / reviewed
 - had answered / reviews
- At 9 p.m. yesterday, many passengers _____ in a long queue at the train station when the power suddenly went out.
 - had waited
 - waited
 - were waiting
 - were waited
- The company _____ to cope with the rapid market changes for years before they finally decided to pull out of the project.
 - struggled
 - was struggling
 - has struggled
 - had struggled
- When we finally found the original manuscript in the library, someone _____ several important pages from the middle of the book.
 - were removing
 - has removed
 - had removed
 - removes

II. Complete the sentence with a suitable verb IN THE CORRECT FORM.

take part in	struggle with	indulge in	reflect on
interfere with	persist in	deal with	cope with

1. Although the project was extremely demanding, the team managed to _____ the immense pressure and met the deadline.
2. Government officials are concerned that the ongoing protests might _____ the upcoming international summit.
3. After his retirement, the former CEO spent most of his afternoons _____ the major decisions he had made throughout his career.
4. Despite being diagnosed with a serious injury, the athlete _____ training twice a day against his doctor's advice.
5. If you want to improve your leadership skills, you should actively _____ the workshops organized by the human resources department.
6. Many local businesses are currently _____ the sudden increase in raw material costs and labor shortages.
7. During the luxury cruise, the passengers were encouraged to _____ the finest local cuisine and world-class spa treatments.
8. The customer service department has successfully _____ over five hundred complaints regarding the faulty software update this month.

III. Write complete sentences using the prompts provided.

1. By the time / police / arrive / manager / already / deal with / disturbance / .
→ _____
2. loud / construction work / interfere with / our / ability / concentrate / right now / .
→ _____
3. Before / submit / final report / she / carefully / reflect on / feedback / she / receive / .
→ _____
4. many students / decide / pull out of / competition / before / it / start / .
→ _____
5. she / often / struggle with / complex / mathematical problems / when / prepare for / exams / .
→ _____
6. yesterday / when / technician / arrive / she / repair / check-in machine / .
→ _____

C. HOMEWORK

GRAMMAR (20 questions)

I. Con học thuộc nghĩa của từ, chính phát âm theo từ điển và chép mỗi từ ở phần II. Cambridge Vocabulary 1 dòng vào vở ghi.

II. Match to make meaningful sentences.

1. The company struggled with the budget	1-	a. before they decided to pull out of the project.
2. Gill decided to cancel her hair appointment	2-	b. the staff quickly assisted with the evacuation to the meeting point.
3. While I was driving home,	3-	c. because something had happened.
4. The technician repaired the check-in machine	4-	d. I realized that I had left my toothpaste at the hotel.
5. When the fire alarm rang,	5-	e. because someone had interfered with it.

III. Complete the following passage by putting the correct PAST TENSE form of the verb in each blank.

By the time the manager arrived at the office, his team (1) _____ (**already / start**) the emergency meeting. They (2) _____ (**discuss**) the technical glitch while the IT department (3) _____ (**try**) to reboot the main server. The CEO later revealed that the system (4) _____ (**crash**) twice before they finally decided to replace the old hardware.

While the staff (5) _____ (**deal with**) the chaotic situation, a few clients suddenly (6) _____ (**call**) to complain about the service interruption. Fortunately, the senior engineers (7) _____ (**prepare**) a backup plan earlier that week, which (8) _____ (**run**) smoothly at the time the power was restored.

IV. Read the situations and write sentences using the words in brackets.

- The project proposal was rejected by the senior management.
(The team / not / include / enough / financial data) → _____
- The company went bankrupt before the end of the year.
(They / fail / to cope with / the / market changes) → _____
- The candidate felt extremely confident during the interview.
(She / reflect on / all / potential questions / beforehand) → _____
- The presentation was a complete disaster.
(The staff / not / check / the wireless keyboard / earlier) → _____
- The office was unusually quiet when the boss arrived.
(Everyone / already / go / to / the meeting point) → _____
- The technician was unable to fix the hydroelectric turbine.
(Someone / interfere with / the / main / control system) → _____
- The CEO decided to pull out of the international competition.
(The company / already / lose / a lot of / money) → _____

CAMBRIDGE READING PRACTICE (10 questions)

Lưu ý:

1. Khi làm bài tập có từ mới, các con phải tra từ điển. Sau khi tra từ điển, các con chép mỗi từ mới **1 dòng** để ghi nhớ.
2. Các con gạch chân các từ khoá chính trong bài.

I. PET Part 4

Questions 16–20

Five sentences have been removed from the text below.
For each question, choose the correct answer.
There are three extra sentences which you do not need to use.

My new hobby

After years of doing very little exercise, I recently took up running. I certainly feel fitter; I've lost a bit of weight and I can run distances now that would have been impossible for me 20 years ago. **16** So, what is it that keeps me interested?

Well, to begin with, there's nothing like sharing a love of something with other people. When I train with my club we do sometimes talk about other things as we're running around the streets. **17** We'll share news of our goals, our latest injuries, our next runs, knowing we have a friendly, interested and understanding ear. I've yet to meet a horrible runner!

18 This is something I've really enjoyed. It might be helping to organise a run in the local park or helping those who are new to running get started. I do very little compared to some people, but I certainly aim to include more of this in the future.

It really helps me to relax as well. I live quite a busy life and find it surprisingly difficult to go ten minutes without thoughts racing through my head. Yet I can often go ages during a run thinking of nothing other than the pavement in front of me and how my body is feeling. **19**

I like having something to aim for and running provides opportunities for a focus, whether it's something long term, like my **marathon** ambitions, or more immediate like going for a personal best time on a shorter run. But it's important to remember not to push myself too hard, and one of my goals is always to enjoy running!

20 This is especially true when you've done something you didn't think was possible. That's been the case with the personal best times I've had in the past and completing some of the longer runs.

- A And it's good for your health.
- B Then there's that sense of achievement.
- C But I don't think these are the reasons I go running.
- D Finding the time to run can be a problem.
- E I injured myself earlier in the year.
- F Running gives me a rest from anything that is on my mind.
- G Running also offers lots of opportunities to volunteer.
- H But mostly we talk about running.

II. Extra Reading

Read the texts again and decide if the statements are True or False.

1. The writer started running many years ago.

→ _____

2. The writer sometimes talks about different topics while running with others.

→ _____

3. The writer hasn't met an unfriendly runner yet.

→ _____

4. Running makes it harder for the writer to relax.

→ _____

5. The writer believes it is important to enjoy running rather than push too hard.

→ _____