

Unit Test 5

Modals of advice, obligation and prohibition

1. Choose the correct words from the box to complete the sentences.

There are two words you do not need.

- 1 You look really tired. You _____ try to get more sleep.
- 2 Students _____ use phones in class – it's against school rules.
- 3 According to the law, car drivers _____ wear a seat belt in cars.
- 4 You _____ eat so much unhealthy food.
- 5 It's a hot day so you _____ bring a coat.
- 6 She doesn't _____ to come if she doesn't want to.

mustn't
ought
needn't
should
can
have
shouldn't
must

2. Complete the second sentence so that it means the same as the first sentence using the words given. Use between two and five words.

- 1 It is a rule that many school children in Britain wear a uniform.
(have)
Many British school children _____ a uniform.
- 2 It is not necessary for Alison to go to school today.
(need)
Alison _____ go to school today.
- 3 I think it would help if you read this book.
(ought)
This is a book that _____.
- 4 It is an obligation that they are on time for classes.
(must)
They _____ late for class.
- 5 Do you think it is a good idea that I wear this shirt?
(should)
Do you think I _____ shirt?
- 6 It is not necessary for you to bring anything with you.
(have)
You _____ anything with you.

Vocabulary: Understanding topic vocabulary

1. Choose the correct words from the box to complete the sentences.

There are two words you do not need to use.

- 1 Most of the food is _____ in boxes and is ready to be transported.
- 2 Do you have any more of these shoes in _____ ?
- 3 There has been a big _____ in the number of phones sold.
- 4 This bag looks expensive, but I actually got it for a really good _____.
- 5 Since advertising the product on TV, _____ has been very high.
- 6 Our company sells a lot of electrical _____ around the world.

factories
price
goods
increase
retailers
stock
demand
packaged

2. Read the sentence and choose the correct answer.

- 1 Katie borrowed a lot of money and got into ___ as a student.
A ☐ debt B ☐ loan C ☐ statement
- 2 Filip withdrew some ___ at the bank.
A ☐ rate B ☐ wage C ☐ cash
- 3 They don't earn a good ___ working in this shop.
A ☐ wage B ☐ interest C ☐ statement
- 4 Emily took out a bank ___ so she could start her clothing business.
A ☐ lender B ☐ tax C ☐ loan
- 5 I checked my bank ___ to see how much cash was in my account.
A ☐ goal B ☐ statement C ☐ payment
- 6 Is the interest ___ on the loan very high?
A ☐ deposit B ☐ rate C ☐ tax

3. Use the words in brackets to form a word that fits in the gap.

- 1 Advertising makes _____ (consume) aware of different products.
- 2 Many _____ (retail) on the high street have gone out of business.
- 3 The cost of _____ (produce) was low so we could sell them cheaply.
- 4 Most of the _____ (manufacture) takes place in China.
- 5 Germany is probably the biggest _____ (export) of cars in Europe.
- 6 The cost of packaging and _____ (distribute) is a couple of dollars.

Suitable language for the situation

1. Choose the correct words from the box to complete the sentences.

There are two words you do not need to use.

- 1 How do you think I _____ make more money?
- 2 Have you _____ about getting a part-time job?
- 3 What do you _____ us to do about the house?
- 4 Have you _____ doing yoga to help you relax?
- 5 If I were you, I _____ go to the gym.
- 6 You really _____ to think about getting an alarm clock.

would
were
thought
tried
should
ought
advise
must

2. Read the text and choose the correct answers for a formal letter.

Dear Sir or Madam,

I am writing to complain about the poor service that I ¹ _____ when I stayed at your hotel in London between the 9th and 15th June.

The problems include a dirty room, lack of hot water and long delays in the restaurant. When I mentioned these problems to the person at reception, they did not ² _____. I was very ³ _____ with the service.

⁴ _____ a refund for some of the total holiday cost.

⁵ _____ from you.

⁶ _____

Sam Jones

- 1 A ☐ got
B ☐ put up with
C ☐ received

- 2 A ☐ apologize
B ☐ say sorry
C ☐ bother

- 3 A ☐ sad
B ☐ angry
C ☐ dissatisfied

- 4 A ☐ I'd like
B ☐ I would like to request
C ☐ I really want

- 5 A ☐ I'm waiting to hear
B ☐ I look forward to hearing
C ☐ I can't wait to hear

- 6 A ☐ Yours faithfully
B ☐ Yours sincerely
C ☐ Bye for now