

Unit 5 Test

Grammar: Modals of advice, obligation and prohibition

- 1. Choose the correct words from the box to complete the sentences. There are two words you do not need.**

mustn't ought needn't should can have shouldn't must

- 1 They _____ look at the screen for so long because it's bad for them.
- 2 You _____ be noisy in the library as it's not allowed.
- 3 If your leg still hurts, you _____ see a doctor.
- 4 He _____ bring any money. I'll pay for everything.
- 5 We don't _____ to do any homework this weekend.
- 6 The new company rule is that all visitors _____ sign in when they arrive.

- 2. Complete the second sentence so that it means the same as the first sentence using the words given. Use between two and five words.**

- 1 Do you think it is a good idea that I buy these shoes?
(should)
Do you think I _____ shoes?
- 2 It is a good idea that you watch this film.
(ought)
You _____ this film.
- 3 It is a rule that employees arrive at 8.30 a.m. every morning.
(have)
Employees _____ at 8.30 a.m. every morning.
- 4 It is an obligation that they are on time for work.
(must)
They _____ late for work.
- 5 It isn't necessary for them to bring anything to the party.
(have)
They _____ anything to the party.
- 6 It is not necessary for Isabel to call the office this morning.
(need)
Isabel _____ call the office this morning.

Vocabulary: Understanding topic vocabulary

1. Choose the correct words from the box to complete the sentences. There are two words you do not need to use.

factories price goods increase retailers stock demand packaged

- 1 I didn't buy the car because the _____ was too high.
- 2 There was a big _____ in sales during the summer.
- 3 We sell a lot of sporting _____ to customers in different countries.
- 4 The clothes are _____ in plastic bags and are ready to be sent to the shops.
- 5 The weather has a big effect on the _____ for ice cream.
- 6 Could you tell me if you have any more of these bags in _____?

2. Read the sentence and choose the correct answer.

- 1 I need to get some cash from the ____.
A goal B payment C ATM
- 2 The government get a lot of ____ from the money that I earn.
A tax B deposit C interest
- 3 Priya set herself a savings ____ to prepare for her future.
A goal B lender C wage
- 4 Richard made a ____ into his bank account.
A loan B deposit C statement
- 5 Does this loan have a very high ____ rate?
A account B lender C interest
- 6 It was difficult to find a ____ to borrow some money from.
A rate B statement C lender

3. Use the words in brackets to form a word that fits in the gap.

- 1 The internet has caused a lot of high street _____ (retail) to close down.
- 2 The books are all ready for _____ (distribute).
- 3 Not many people work in _____ (manufacture) in this country.
- 4 There was a lot of interest from _____ (consume) in the new product.
- 5 Brazil is probably the biggest _____ (export) of coffee.
- 6 My uncle has his own TV _____ (produce) company.

Suitable language for the situation

- 1. Choose the correct words from the box to complete the sentences. There are two words you do not need to use.**

would were thought tried should ought advise must

- 1 If I were you, I _____ study for a couple of hours a day.
- 2 How do you think I _____ revise for a test?
- 3 Have you _____ telling your friend how you feel?
- 4 Have you _____ about joining a tennis club?
- 5 What do you _____ me to do about the decision?
- 6 You _____ to join a club to meet more people.

- 2. Read the text and choose the correct answers for a formal letter.**

1 _____

I am writing to complain about the terrible service that I ² _____ when I dined at your restaurant on the 30th June.

I was extremely ³ _____ with the service. Firstly, we had to wait over half an hour for a table, we were then brought the wrong order and our food was cold. When I mentioned these problems to the waiter, he did not ⁴ _____.

⁵ _____ a refund for some of the price of the meal.

⁶ _____ from you.

Yours faithfully,

Elizabeth Smith

- 1 A Hi
B Esra
C Dear Sir or Madam
- 2 A received
B got
C put up with
- 3 A dissatisfied
B sad
C angry
- 4 A say sorry
B apologize
C bother
- 5 A I'd like
B I really want
C I would like to request
- 6 A I'm waiting to hear
B I look forward to hearing
C I can't wait to hear