



A. illness B. happiness C. loneliness D. homeless

4. _____ have freed people trapped in collapsed or damaged homes.

- A. Homeless people C. Rescue workers
B. The government D. The local authority

PART B. LANGUAGE FOCUS

I. Choose the best answer A, B, C, or D to complete the sentences.

a. Choose the word whose underline part is pronounced differently from the rest. Circle A, B, C or D to indicate your answer.

1. A. receive B. staircase C. communal D. culture
2. A. guest B. garden C. gather D. village

3. Choose the word which has different stress pattern from the rest. Circle A, B, C or D to indicate your answer.

- A. waterwheel B. handicraft C. pagoda D. medicine

b. Choose the correct answer A, B, C or D to complete each sentence.

4. We can reduce our carbon _____ by practicing Reuse, Reduce and Recycle.

- A. dioxide B. footprint C. plastic D. rubbish

5. Noise pollution results _____ a change in animals' living pattern.

- A. to B. of C. for D. in

6. How _____ ethnic groups live on Hoang Lien Son mountain range?

- A. many B. often
C. much D. long

7. "Our house was destroyed by the storm." – " _____ !"

- A. That's awful B. How wonderful



II. Supply the correct tense or form of the verbs in parentheses.

1. If you (drink) _____ more water, you won't have any more health problems.
2. There (be) _____ a typhoon in Nam Dinh province last night.
3. She (celebrate) _____ birthday party at 8 p.m last night.
4. It is exciting (discover) _____ ethnic groups in the northern part of VN.

PART C. READING

I. Choose the correct word A, B, C or D for each gap to complete the following passage.

We are all (1)_____ destroying the Earth. The seas and rivers are too dirty to swim in. There is so much smoke in the air that it is unhealthy to live in many of the world's cities. In one well-known city, for example, poisonous gases from cars pollute the air so much that traffic policemen have to wear oxygen masks. We have cut down (2)_____ trees that there are now vast areas of water land all (3)_____ the world. As a result, farmers in parts of Africa can not grow enough to eat. In certain countries in Asia, there is too little rice. Moreover, we do not(4)_____ enough care of the countryside.

Wild animals are quickly disappearing. For instance, tigers are rare in India now because we have killed too many of them. However, it isn't enough simply to talk about the problem. We (5)_____ act now before it is too late to do anything about it. Join us now. Save the Earth!

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|---------------|----------------|--------------|------------|
| 1. A. slowly | B. more slowly | C. slower | D. slow |
| 2. A. so much | B. so few | C. so little | D. so many |
| 3. A. by | B. from | C. over | D. in |
| 4. A. takes | B. take | C. taking | D. took |
| 5. A. can't | B. ought | C. mustn't | D. must |

**PART D. WRITING**

I. Complete the second sentences so that it means the same as the sentence before.

1. Jenny detests drinking coffee.

=> Jenny doesn't like _____

2. Hurry up or you will miss the last bus.

=> If you don't _____

3. The tsunami happened. Many people in this area became homeless.

=>The tsunami made _____

4. Acid rain is dangerous so trees' leaves are damaged.

=>Because of _____

5. Eating too much sugar can result in health problems.

=>Eating too much sugar can lead _____

6. John studies French well, so he can communicate with my foreigners easily.

=>Because John _____