

Trường:.....

Họ và tên:.....

Lớp:.....

Số báo danh:.....

Điểm	Nhận xét của giáo viên
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MIDTERM TEST (SEMESTER 2)

LISTENING

Listen to a man talking about a new method of studying and answer each question with **NO MORE THAN THREE WORDS OR A NUMBER**. You will listen **TWICE**.

1. What does the speech introduce?
_____.
2. When was the SQ3R introduced by Francis P. Robinson?
_____.
3. What is the first step in the procedure of the SQ3R approach?
_____.
4. What are students encouraged to do after surveying and before actively reading the material?
_____.
5. In what way does SQ3R help students with their reading skills?
_____.

LANGUAGE - PRONUNCIATION

I. Mark the letter **A, B, C, or D** to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.

1. A. dedicate B. memorise C. remember D. national
2. A. religious B. marvellous C. courageous D. delicious
3. A. interesting B. astonishing C. surprising D. amazing

II. Mark the letter **A, B, C, or D** to indicate the sentence with correct sentence stress.

1. Will you sell my car for me because I have gone to France?
A. Will you 'sell my 'car for me because I have 'gone to 'France?
B. Will 'you sell 'my 'car for me because I 'have gone to France?
C. Will 'you sell my car 'for me because I 'have 'gone to France?
D. Will you sell 'my car 'for 'me because I have gone to France?
2. The place where I live is boring.
A. 'The place 'where I live 'is boring. B. 'The place where 'I live 'is boring.
C. The 'place where I 'live is 'boring. D. 'The 'place 'where I live is boring.

LANGUAGE - GRAMMAR

I. Mark the letter **A, B, C, or D** to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

1. Are these the people _____ have organised the art exhibition in your school?
A. which B. who C. whose D. whom
2. The first prize of the National English Contest is the only thing _____ she is proud of in her school years.
A. when B. where C. whose D. that

II. Complete the sentences with the correct forms of the verbs in brackets.

1. When both men and women manage to combine work and family obligations, true gender equality can (achieve) _____.
2. Someone's expertise or "length of service" is frequently a factor in determining why they may (pay) _____ more for a similar job.

3. Nowadays, many serious diseases such as measles, mumps, or chickenpox can (prevent) _____ by early immunisation.

LANGUAGE - VOCABULARY

I. Complete the sentences with the correct forms of the words in brackets.

- Viet Nam has made considerable progress towards improving gender equality and _____ women. (EMPOWER)
- Child protection, as used by UNICEF, refers to preventing and dealing with abuse, exploitation, and _____ against children and teenagers. (VIOLENT)
- The business environment of Viet Nam should be improved to attract more foreign businesses who want to _____ in Viet Nam. (INVESTOR)

II. Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.

- The non-profit organisation was established in 1948 in Zurich, Switzerland.
A. made out B. demolished C. come around D. set up
- The traditional way of education has been replaced by interactive methods in many schools.
A. ancient B. conventional C. old D. modern

FUNCTIONAL SPEAKING

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the option that best completes each of the following exchanges.

- Mary:** I think children should be taught to do housework.
Linda: _____. It's an important life skill.
A. No at all B. That's a problem C. I totally agree with you D. You can make it
- Trung:** _____ joining our team to make a presentation on gender equality?
Linh: Yes, I'd love to. When will we start?
A. Do you feel like B. Would you like C. You want D. Do you want
- Lan:** There is a workshop about presentation skills at my college this Sunday. Do you want to join us?
Nga: _____. What time should I be there?
A. Yes, I'd love to B. Sorry, I'm busy
C. It's a waste of time D. I'm good at presentation
- Huyen:** Minh certainly is a talented dancer.
Mina: _____.
A. Never mind. She certainly is B. I'm afraid I have no talent, too
C. I'm sorry to say I don't agree D. Pardon? I don't see your point
- Thy:** The science fair will be held in our school next month. _____?
Kate: I wish I could, but I've already started my own project with my classmates.
A. Why don't you buy them B. Would you like to start up
C. Have you tried teamwork D. Could you join our team

READING

I. Read the following passage and choose the correct word or phrase given in the box to fill in each of the numbered blanks.

- | | | | |
|----|-----------|-------------|----------------|
| 1. | A. male | B. gendered | C. participate |
| | D. secure | E. equal | F. unfair |
| | G. female | | |

Every child benefits from gender equality in education. It provides a secure and encouraging atmosphere in which children of both genders may receive a great education. In contrast, gender inequality is a kind of (1)_____ treatment that comes in a variety of shapes and sizes. For example, there are (2)_____ comments suggesting that boys are better at math than girls. In reality, boys tend to rule classroom engagement in most high schools. They raise their hands more often, (3)_____ in class discussions, and read out loud from class readings. Because of this dominance, teachers often depend on (4)_____ students to take on leadership roles in the class. As a consequence, young women are given fewer opportunities to contribute and gradually choose to stay quiet. This lack of participation can lead to young women feeling less confident during their school years. It is critical that young women have the opportunity to express themselves in a (5)_____ atmosphere if their voices are to be heard. Allowing young women to work at discussions and encouraging them to develop their views are a successful way to reach gender equality.

II. Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

Viet Nam is actively promoting cooperation with the European Union (EU) and Switzerland.

On June 16th 2023, National Assembly Chairman hosted separate receptions in Ha Noi for Ambassador Giorgio Aliberti, Head of the European Union Delegation to Viet Nam, and Ambassador of Switzerland to Viet Nam, Thomas Gass. During the meetings, they talked about trade, investment, development cooperation, and regional and global issues of mutual concern.

Viet Nam is committed to deepening relationships with the EU and Switzerland for mutual benefits. The EU is an important trade and investment partner, with the EU-Viet Nam Free Trade Agreement (EVFTA) being a key effort. It is expected to not only increase trade and investment between Viet Nam and the EU but also create jobs and promote sustainable development for both sides. Viet Nam is also working to improve its business environment and legal framework in order to attract more investment from the EU.

In addition to economic cooperation, Viet Nam and the EU are also working together on other issues such as climate change, sustainable development, and regional security. They are committed to promoting peace, stability, and prosperity in the region and around the world.

Overall, Viet Nam’s cooperation with the EU and Switzerland is an important part of its foreign policy. Recalling his working trips to Vietnamese localities, the ambassador said Swiss firms have **consolidated** their presence there, demonstrating the close economic ties between the two countries.

(Adapted from <https://en.vietnamplus.vn/vietnam-promotes-cooperation-with-eu-switzerland/254828.vnp>)

1. What is the main idea of this passage?
 - A. To help readers learn about the importance of EVFTA.
 - B. To educate readers about Viet Nam’s foreign policy.
 - C. To persuade readers that Viet Nam’s cooperation with the EU and Switzerland is beneficial.
 - D. To inform readers about recent events involving Viet Nam, the EU, and Switzerland.
2. What topic was NOT discussed during the meetings?
 - A. Climate change.
 - B. Development cooperation.
 - C. Political conflicts.
 - D. Investment.
3. Which of the following is NOT mentioned in the passage as a likely outcome of the EVFTA?
 - A. Enhanced technology transfer between Viet Nam and the EU.
 - B. Enhanced commercial and financial exchange between Viet Nam and the EU.
 - C. Enhanced business environment and legal framework.
 - D. Expanded employment opportunities and enduring growth for both sides.
4. In what areas are Viet Nam and the EU cooperating besides economic cooperation?
 - A. Stability.
 - B. Regional security.
 - C. Greenhouse effects.
 - D. Cultural exchange.
5. In the context of the last sentence, what does “**consolidated**” mean?
 - A. mixed
 - B. strengthened
 - C. combined
 - D. merged

WRITING

I. Reorder the words and phrases to make complete sentences.

1. competitors. / among / the / fastest / is / Jasper / runner / 100

2. in / be / modern life. / eliminated / must / Unfair treatment / our / based / gender / on

3. will meet / who / at his office. / the manager / have been / interviewed / The applicants

II. Write sentences, using the words and phrases given. Change the word forms or add NO MORE THAN FIVE WORDS, if necessary.

1. Teachers / can use / visual aids / interactive activities / help students / stay focused / in class, / which / can improve / the quality / the lesson.
→ _____
2. Huong / three sons, / two / whom / identical twins.
→ _____

III. Write a paragraph (120 - 130 words) about a specific job. Use the cues below to help you.

- I.**
- Is the job traditionally done by men or women?
 - What are the main responsibilities of the job? Give details.
 - What qualities do people need for the job? Give details / explanations.
 - Can both men and women do it? Give reasons.
 - Will people benefit from having both male and female (teachers, surgeons...)?

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