

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to make sentences using the words/phrases given to the sentence given in each of the following questions.

1. You / should / go / see / doctor / regularly.

- A. You should go to see the doctor regularly.
- B. You should go see the doctor regularly.
- C. You shouldn't go to see the doctor regularly.
- D. You should go seeing the doctor regularly.

2. How far / your house / nearest / bus stop?

- A. How far it is from your house to the nearest bus stop?
- B. How far is it from your house to nearest bus stop?
- C. How far is it from your house to the nearest bus stop?
- D. How far it is from your house to nearest bus stop?

3. they / go / the festival / next week?

- A. Do they go to the festival next week?
- B. Will they go to the festival next week?
- C. Are they go to the festival next week?
- D. Will they go the festival next week?

4. you / go / to / Tulip Festival / with / family last month?

- A. Did you go to the Tulip Festival with your family last month?
- B. Do you go to the Tulip Festival with your family last month?
- C. Did you went to the Tulip Festival with your family last month?
- D. Did you went to Tulip Festival with your family last month?

5. she / carve pumpkin / every year / Halloween?

- A. Do she carve pumpkins every year at Halloween?
- B. Will she carve pumpkins every year at Halloween?
- C. Does she carve pumpkins every year Halloween?
- D. Does she carve pumpkins every year at Halloween?

6. It / 300 meters / the supermarket.

- A. It is about 300 meters from here to the supermarket.
- B. It is 300 meters from here to the supermarket.
- C. It is about 300 meters to the supermarket.
- D. It's take 300 meters from here to the supermarket.

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to choose sentences having the same meaning given sentence in each of the following questions.

I. Complete the second sentences so that it has the same meaning as the first.

1. What is the distance from Ho Chi Minh City to Nha Trang?

- A. How far from Ho Chi Minh City to Nha Trang?
- B. How far is it to Ho Chi Minh City from Nha Trang?
- C. How far is it from Ho Chi Minh City to Nha Trang?
- D. How far it is from Ho Chi Minh City to Nha Trang?

2. The distance from my house to school is about 500 metres.

- A. It is 500 metres from my house to school.
- B. It is about 500 metres from my house to school.
- C. It is about 500 metres to my house from school.
- D. It's take 500 metres from my house to school.

3. The distance between my house and the nearest bookstore is about 2 kilometres.

- A. It about 2 kilometres from my house to the nearest bookstore.
- B. It is about 2 kilometres to my house to the nearest bookstore.
- C. It is about 2 kilometres from my house to nearest bookstore.
- D. It is about 2 kilometres from my house to the nearest bookstore.

4. What is the distance between Ho Chi Minh City and Can Tho City?

- A. How far it is from Ho Chi Minh City to Can Tho City?
- B. How far is it to Ho Chi Minh City to Can Tho City?
- C. How far is it from Ho Chi Minh City to Can Tho City?
- D. How long is it from Ho Chi Minh City to Can Tho City?

5. How far is it from your house to my school?

- A. What is distance from your house to my school?
- B. What is the distance from your house to my school?
- C. What is the distance to your house from my school?
- D. What is distance to your house from my school?

II. Rewrite the sentence using the words in the bracket.

1. Although she was sick, she still stayed up late to do homework. (However)

- A. She was sick. However, she still stayed up late to do homework.
- B. She was sick however she still stayed up late to do homework.

- C. She was sick, however she still stayed up late to do homework.
- D. She was sick; however, she still stayed up late to do homework.

2. The test was difficult, but he did it well. (Although)

- A. Although the test was difficult, he did it well.
- B. Although the test was difficult, he didn't do it well.
- C. The test was difficult although he did it well.
- D. Although he did it well, the test was difficult.

3. It was raining heavily; However, he went out without a raincoat. (Though)

- A. Though it was raining heavily, he went out without a raincoat.
- B. Though it was raining heavily, he didn't go out without a raincoat.
- C. It was raining heavily though he went out without a raincoat.
- D. Though he went out without a raincoat, it was raining heavily.

4. The sky was grey and cloudy, but we went to the beach. (However)

- A. The sky was grey and cloudy, however, we went to the beach.
- B. The sky was grey and cloudy. However, we went to the beach.
- C. The sky was grey and cloudy; however, we went to the beach.
- D. However the sky was grey and cloudy, we went to the beach.

5. Although she was hungry, she didn't eat much. (despite)

- A. Despite she didn't eat much, she was hungry.
- B. Despite being hungry, she ate much.
- C. Despite she didn't eat much, she wasn't hungry.
- D. Despite being hungry, she didn't eat much.