

# English I Final Exam – Part 2

## Grade: 9

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### Part I – Grammar

1. Which sentence is correct?  
A. He dont know the answer.  
B. He doesn't know the answer.  
C. He doesn't knows the answer.  
D. He dont knows the answer.
2. Which is an **adverb**?  
A. Quickly  
B. Blue  
C. Dog  
D. Tall
3. Identify the verb:  
"The teacher explained the lesson."  
A. teacher  
B. explained  
C. lesson  
D. the
4. Correct punctuation:  
A. Apples oranges and bananas  
B. Apples, oranges, and bananas  
C. Apples oranges, bananas  
D. Apples oranges and, bananas
5. Which is a **pronoun**?  
A. She  
B. Jump  
C. Red  
D. Chair
6. Correct sentence:  
A. Him and me went home.  
B. He and I went home.  
C. Him and I went home.  
D. Me and him went home.
7. Which contains an adjective?  
A. The red car stopped.  
B. She ran fast.  
C. They shouted loudly.  
D. We walked away.
8. Choose the correct word:  
"If she \_\_\_\_ harder, she would succeed."  
A. try  
B. tried  
C. tries  
D. trying
9. Which is a **simple sentence**?  
A. I read the book.  
B. I read the book, and I wrote a report.  
C. Because I read the book.  
D. After reading the book.
10. Correct spelling:  
A. Definatly  
B. Definitely  
C. Definatly  
D. Definetly
11. Subject of the sentence:  
"The teacher graded the tests."  
A. teacher  
B. graded  
C. tests  
D. the
12. Correct capitalization:  
A. we visited florida.  
B. We visited Florida.  
C. We visited florida.  
D. we visited Florida.
13. Interjection example:  
A. Oh!  
B. Quickly  
C. Green  
D. Chair
14. Past tense:  
A. run  
B. runs  
C. ran  
D. running
15. Preposition sentence:  
A. The cat slept under the bed.  
B. The cat slept.  
C. The cat jumped.  
D. The cat ran.

## Part II – Vocabulary

### Choose the **Synonym**:

**16. Cautious**

- A. Careful
- B. Reckless
- C. Loud
- D. Happy

**17. Hostile**

- A. Friendly
- B. Angry
- C. Calm
- D. Quiet

**18. Scarce**

- A. Rare
- B. Common
- C. Many
- D. Plenty

**19. Expand**

- A. Grow
- B. Shrink
- C. Stop
- D. Drop

**20. Observe**

- A. Watch
- B. Forget
- C. Destroy
- D. Ignore

### Choose the **Antonym**:

**21. Victory**

- A. Defeat
- B. Win
- C. Success
- D. Prize

**22. Ancient**

- A. Old
- B. Historic
- C. Modern
- D. Past

**23. Courage**

- A. Fear
- B. Strength
- C. Bravery
- D. Power

**24. Accept**

- A. Receive
- B. Reject
- C. Allow
- D. Take

**25. Honest**

- A. Truthful
- B. Lying
- C. Loyal
- D. Brave

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## Part III – Reading Comprehension – Read the passage below and answer the following questions.

Jordan had always been curious about science. When his school announced the creation of a new science club, he decided to join. At the first meeting, the teacher explained that students would work together to design experiments and participate in regional competitions.

Jordan was nervous at first, but he soon realized the club was full of students who shared his interests. Together, they built a small robot that could move through a maze. After weeks of testing and improving their design, the team entered a competition and proudly presented their project.

Even though they did not win first place, Jordan felt proud of what the group had accomplished. The experience taught him that teamwork and persistence are important in achieving goals.

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### Multiple Choice

26. Why did Jordan join the science club?

- A. His friends forced him
- B. He was curious about science
- C. He needed extra credit
- D. He wanted to skip class

27. What activity did the science club do?

- A. Played sports
- B. Designed experiments
- C. Painted pictures
- D. Wrote essays

28. What did Jordan's group build?  
A. A rocket  
B. A robot  
C. A bridge  
D. A telescope
29. How did Jordan feel at the beginning of the club?  
A. Confident  
B. Nervous  
C. Angry  
D. Bored
30. Where did the club present their project?  
A. A science competition  
B. A classroom test  
C. A library meeting  
D. A school assembly
31. What is the **main idea** of the passage?  
A. Jordan learns teamwork through science club  
B. Jordan dislikes science  
C. Jordan wins a competition  
D. Jordan quits the club
32. The science club members worked:  
A. Alone  
B. With teachers only  
C. As a team  
D. Against each other
33. What lesson did Jordan learn?  
A. Science is easy  
B. Winning is everything  
C. Teamwork and persistence matter  
D. Competitions are unfair
34. The word **persistence** most nearly means:  
A. Giving up quickly  
B. Continuing to try  
C. Forgetting  
D. Arguing
35. Which word best describes Jordan?  
A. Lazy  
B. Curious  
C. Mean  
D. Careless
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**True or False** - Write (T) for True or (F) for False

36. \_\_\_\_ Jordan joined the science club because he was curious about science.
37. \_\_\_\_ The club built a robot that could move through a maze.
38. \_\_\_\_ Jordan's team won first place in the competition.
39. \_\_\_\_ Jordan felt proud of the team's work.
40. \_\_\_\_ The passage suggests teamwork is important.
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## Part IV – Literary Terms - Choose the correct answer.

41. **Theme** is best defined as:
- A. The lesson or message of a story
  - B. The main character
  - C. The setting
  - D. The dialogue
42. A **Simile** is:
- A. A comparison using like or as
  - B. A repeated consonant sound
  - C. A story's setting
  - D. A conflict
43. A **metaphor** is:
- A. A comparison using like or as
  - B. A direct comparison between two things
  - C. A rhyme scheme
  - D. A type of character
44. **Setting** refers to:
- A. Time and place of a story
  - B. Main character
  - C. Plot events
  - D. Dialogue
45. The **protagonist** is:
- A. The villain
  - B. The narrator
  - C. The main character
  - D. The author
46. The **antagonist** is:
- A. The hero
  - B. The character opposing the protagonist
  - C. The narrator
  - D. The friend of the hero
47. **Foreshadowing** is:
- A. A flashback
  - B. Hints about events that will happen later
  - C. The story ending
  - D. A type of conflict
48. **Conflict** in literature is:
- A. A struggle between characters or forces
  - B. A happy ending
  - C. A type of narrator
  - D. A poem
49. **Plot** refers to:
- A. The sequence of events in a story
  - B. The setting
  - C. The characters
  - D. The theme
50. **Point of view** is:
- A. The time period of the story
  - B. The narrator's perspective
  - C. The story's setting
  - D. The story's theme